NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXII. No. 23347. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

THE SHANGHAI LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twentyfirst Ordinary General Meeting of The Shanghai Loan & Investment Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the General Agents, No. 1, The Bund, Shanghai, on Tuesday, February 6, 1940, at 11.45 a.m. for the purposes following, namely:—

To receive and consider the annual Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.
To declare a Final Dividend.
To elect a Director and Auditors.
To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The transfer books and register of members of the Company will be closed from January 27 to February 6, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, January 19, 1940.

10260

CENTRAL PROPERTIES, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held in the Board Room of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., Sassoon House, Shanghai, on Tuesday, February 6, 1940, at 4 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1939, approving the declaration of a dividend, electing Directors, appointing Auditors to the Company, and to transact any other ordinary business which may be brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from January 31 to February 6, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. B. ETHERINGTON,
Secretary.

January 24, 1940. 10487

SPRING HOLIDAY FESTIVAL

The "North-China Daily News" will be published as usual on Thursday, February 8, but there will be no issue on Friday, February 9.

The offices of the Company will be closed on Thursday, February 8, but will reopen for business as usual on Friday, February 9.

Advertisers are requested to send in their copy before noon on Wednesday, February 7.

THE PUBLISHER
17 The Bund, Shanghai

NOTICE

With reference to a recent notice appearing on this page we beg to state that the laboratory and practice (excepting glycerine yolk) of Mr. H. V. Hawley was taken over by us as of November, 1937, as notified in these columns at the time.

Signed: J. DALTON, A.I.C., *Proprietor,*
THE SHANGHAI CHEMICAL LABORATORY,
Hardoon Building, Room 306.

10674

JAMES EDELSTON JENKINS

Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims against the estate of the above deceased late of Mijima Katsusa Japan who died at Mijima aforesaid on September 22, 1939 are hereby requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before March 11, 1940 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

HANSONS,
Solicitors for Geoffrey Herbert Wright the Attorney of the Executrix,
49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Shanghai, February 6, 1940.

10675

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS

On cargo booked on and after February 6, 1940, for shipment by Lloyd Triestino's vessels on and after March 1, 1940, a surcharge of total 70% (seventy per cent.) on all rates of freight of the China Homeward Freight Conference Tariff will be applied.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund, Telephone 16885.

LOSS OF BANK DRAFTS

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY WARNED against negotiating any of the following Drafts issued by the Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, on their London Office in our favour, payment of which has been stopped:

No. 83/596	for £	18	12	7
No. 83/597	for £	15	0	0
No. 83/598	for £	15	0	0
No. 83/599	for £	15	0	0

ABDOOLALLY, EBRAHIM & CO.

-2176

To-day's Events

FEBRUARY

6 A.W.C. 'Using Native Food', 11 a.m.
6 British flag hoisted at Singapore (1819)
6 Nine Power Treaty signed, Washington (1922)
6 Peking treasures removed to Shanghai (1933)

N.C.D.N. Broadcast: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
Station XMHD: 760 kilo., 395 metres

Coming Events

FEBRUARY

7 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
7 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
7 Russ. Club Theatre Grand Carnival, 10
8 Rugger Dinner, Shanghai Club, 8.15
8 Foreign Y. Team Debate
9 Soiree, Norwegian Assn., C.S.F., 7.30
10 S.R.U.F.C. Interport Dance, Country C.
10 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
11 Municipal Orchestra Concert, Lyc., 5.15
11 'For The Sins of the Fathers,' Jewish A.D.C., Lyceum, 9
13 For. Y. Lecture: 'Mental Hygiene' by Dr. F. G. Halpern
13 A.W.C. Musical Programme, 4.45
14 Indian Merchants Association, Annual Meeting, 391 Kiangse Road, 5
15 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
15 Royal Asiatic Society Lecture
15 'Tales of Hoffmann', Grand Opera by J. Offenbach, gala production, Lyc., 8.45
15 Pinette-Quartette A.W.C., 9
17 "Tales of Hoffmann,' Lyceum, 8.45
17 Betar Dance, A.W.C., 9
18 'Tales of Hoffmann', Lyceum, 8.45
19 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
20 A.W.C. Book Review, 4.45
20 For. Y. Lecture: "The Whangpoo—Shanghai's River', by Mr. N. Maas
20 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 9
21 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 9
22 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
22 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 9
23 A.D.C. "Lilac Time, Lyceum, 9
24 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 2.30
24 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 9
25 A.T.A. 'Dover Road, aid of Jewish Ladies Benevolent Society Hospital Fund, S.J.S., 5.30.
27 A.W.C. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
27 For. Y. Lecture: 'Education', by Dr. R. J. McMullen
27 Piano recital by Miss Wincia Tomaszewska, Polish pianist, Lyceum, 9.15
28 A.W.C. Concert, Mrs. Seidl-Margolinski, Mr. Warschauer, 9
29 Ranger Leap Yr. Din. Dance, A.W.C. 8
29 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
29 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg. S.I.B.C., 3
29 Community Church Organ Concert, 9

Charge for items $2 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

This Exchange will be closed for the transaction of business on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 8, 9 and 10, 1940.

E. H. PARROTT,
Secretary,

February 5, 1940.

10672

SPRING HOLIDAYS

We beg to announce that our doors will be closed on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 8, 9 and 10. We shall resume business on Sunday, February 11, at 1 o'clock sharp.

THE WING ON CO.
Federal Inc. U.S.A.

RADIATOR LAMP EVERWARM

Ensures easy starting of car, prevents engine freezing and cracked cylinders.

Sole Importers:
CLARKES AGENCY
88 Nanking Road Telephone 10092

10633

Town Service:
CENTRAL GARAGE
117 Hongkong Road
Telephone 19566

Daily storage, lubrication, and all other service facilities.

AUTO PALACE
100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180

10688

European Jewellers Co., Ltd.
Buying and selling of jewels, diamonds, platinum, gold. We buy at highest prices.
346 Szechuen Road, Liza Building 1st floor, Room 107. Tel. 14582

-2188

NEW SHIRTINGS
just unpacked.
SHIRTS
made to measure from $7.90
RAZON'S, 12 Central Road

10573

EWO CLUB
WHISKY
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

10697

LADIES' DRESS,
certainly, is becoming less but not less becoming. But a lady's peace of mind becomes more when she knows the contents of her home are protected by adequate FIRE & BURGLARY insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best
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for refrigeration
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ELECTRIC ROOM HEATER
ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

10569

SOLD OUT BEFORE ARRIVAL!
PACKARD'S POPULARITY PROVEN BY RECEPTION OF 1940 MODELS

The first two shipments of 1940 Packards Sixes and Eights were sold before they arrived in Shanghai. The third shipment has arrived and the cars are now on display.

The 1940 Packards are the lowest in price in Packard history and represent the world's finest value in a truly fine car.

"Ask The Man Who Owns one."

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc. U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch
After We Sell—WE SERVE

For MILK
Richest in CREAM
Grade "A" (T.T.)
apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road, Tel. 20470

10571

Improve your Office Efficiency
I.E.S. "BETTER SIGHT" LAMPS
Registered Trade Mark
HOLLIS H. ARNOLD INC.
Illuminating Engineers
51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 17805

10570

LOST

STOLEN: One cheque drawn on a bank in America, payable to Jean Armstrong and endorsed. Drawer notified, payment stopped. Reward.

DEL MONTE GREEN GROCERY
854 Avenue Foch, Telephone 39113

Just arrived: best strawberries, papaya, musk melons, Brussels sprouts, celery, tomatoes, garden lettuce.

-2171

SWISS WATCHMAKER
(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)
All work personally done,
E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
4th floor. Telephone 12160

-2190

Better Printing

Modern business cannot be served by printing that is "good enough." Progressive commercial concerns realize that good printing is an asset of great value. The North-China Daily News Printing Department has a reputation for quality.

Articles of Association
Share Warrants
Dividend Warrants
Share Certificates
Cheques
Account Books
Reports and Accounts
Minutes of Annual Meetings
Three Colour Reproductions
Catalogues
Stationery
Loose Leaf Ledgers
Freight Tariffs
Trade Circulars
Private Codes, etc.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Printing Department
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11056

SPRING HOLIDAYS

our office will be closed on:—
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9
but will be open for business on
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10
from 9 a.m. to 12 noon

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

ANNOUNCEMENT

We take pleasure in announcing that we have been appointed by the distributors, The Sino-American Syndicate, as their Authorized Dealers for Willys cars and trucks.

MAJESTIC MOTORS
K. C. CHU, *General Manager*
Dealers in
NASH CARS AND WILLYS CARS AND TRUCKS
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10582

SCHARPF, GUENTER & CO.

660-668 Szechuen Road Telephones 15560, 15568/69

Our
STORAGE SERVICE
offers you all facilities at low rates in warehousing your commercial goods, furniture and curios in approved godowns (general and bonded godowns) under our own supervision.

Forwarding and Insurance Agents
Customs Brokers
Experienced Packers
General and Bonded Warehouses *Reliable Trucking Service.*

10583

FILMO DEPOT

Agents: BELL & HOWELL, Chicago, U.S.A.
FILMO CAMERAS AND PROJECTORS
8 mm. and 16 mm.
17 Canton Road (Union Building) Third Floor

10671

THE CHINA HONG LIST

Second Impression
NOW ON SALE

THE popularity of the CHINA HONG LIST is evidenced by the fact that the whole of the 1940 issue was sold out within three weeks, thus necessitating a second impression, copies of which are now on sale.

Those who have not yet secured copies of this invaluable work of reference are advised to place their orders immediately.

A MAP OF SHANGHAI

(65 inches by 32 inches) is being offered as a Supplement to the China Hong List at an extra cost of $3 per copy. It is published by authority of the Shanghai Municipal Council and covers the following area:—

North to South: Civic Centre, Kiangwan, to Lunghwa.
West to East: The Aerodrome to Pootung.

CHINA HONG LIST AND MAP OF SHANGHAI
PRICE $23

MAP OF SHANGHAI ONLY
PRICE $6

North-China Daily News Office
17 The Bund, Shanghai
AND ALL LOCAL BOOKSELLERS

GOOD THINGS ENDURE

Years ago, the Ford became "The Universal Car" because it furnished dependable transportation to so many people.

Drive a Ford car and learn first-hand how much you get for what you pay.

FORD—THE LOGICAL CAR FOR SHANGHAI

BILLS MOTORS
Fed. Inc. U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

EXPERT, British-trained, accountant-secretary, 32, many years' unique practical experience, seeks responsible post. Strongly recommended by chartered accountants. Address Box 1058, NCDN. -2146

TO LET. Lucerne Road (off Tunsin Road), very desirable, eight-roomed, Spanish type residence in select, quiet neighbourhood, near British Ambassador's residence, standing on over 2 mow land (1/3 acre). Large reception rooms, five bedrooms, two bathrooms, lavatory, servants' quarters, garage, tennis lawn, greenhouse and flagpole. All modern conveniences. Central heating. Furnished or unfurnished. Offers to Box 1052, NCDN or telephone 20424 for inspection. -2138

FOR SALE, a very attractive, well-built and first-class foreign residence in the Columbia Circle. It contains three living-rooms, six bedrooms with three bathrooms, garage for two cars and a full-size tennis court. Only genuine offers received (no brokers). Box 1077, NCDN. 10679

ENGLISH lady requires European nurse (not refugee) for her two years old boy. Good wages and comfortable home. Address Box 1032. NCDN. 10648

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10784

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10 6-8. Telephone 83992

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)
Capital: Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves: Frs. 3,000,000
Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y139,650,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches

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G. KISHINAMI *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors to
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
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Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager*

Warm Comforts for Cold Days
MEN'S LUXURIOUS
JAEGER SLIPPERS
FLEECE LINED, LEATHER COVERED FELT SOLES
SPECIAL VALUE PRICE $32.50 PAIR
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

WESTERN DISTRICT POWER COMPANY OF SHANGHAI,

Federal Inc. U.S.A.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ELECTRICITY CONSUMERS

The extraordinary demand for electric service in the Western Area has necessitated many additions to the Company's facilities which have been connected to the distribution system in a temporary manner in order to avoid numerous service interruptions to many consumers. It is now necessary to make certain alterations and rearrangements of the system which will result in improved service. For the past two months, preliminary work has been done and it now becomes necessary to make the final connections. This work must be carried out during the daytime for reasons of public safety. In order to do this, service will be interrupted to premises within certain areas from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m. on Thursday, February 8. This interruption will affect the following:—

TUNSIN ROAD—all premises bordering on and adjacent to Tunsin Road.
FU SHU GARDENS—all premises.
GREAT WESTERN ROAD—all premises West of Tunsin Road including lanes and adjacent villages up to Chungshan Road, also all premises on Great Western Road West of Bubbling Well Road and Great Western Road Junction.
EDINBURGH ROAD—all premises South of Lucerne Road, also all premises on Edinburgh Road, South of Great Western Road.
EDINBURGH ROAD AND AVENUE HAIG JUNCTION—all premises.
CONNAUGHT ROAD—all premises East and West of King Sze Dou Miao Village.
YU YUEN ROAD—all premises, except West Park Mansions, West of and including No. 1092, and all lanes and adjacent villages to House 1505 Yu Yuen Road, including Crescent Avenue.
BRENAN, KESWICK AND STATION ROADS—all premises West of and including foreign No. 37-B Brenan Road, and alleyways and adjacent villages to foreign No. 400 Brenan Road, also Station Road and that part of Keswick Road lying between Brenan and Tunsin Roads.
AVENUE HAIG—all premises on the International Settlement side from and including foreign No. 504 to foreign No. 658 and up to and including Chinese No. 1246 Avenue Haig, also the following villages:—

West Tse An Pang Village.
East Tse An Pang Village.
Chang Kah Zah Village.
Zao Ka Yue Village.
Nan Yao Jao Pang Village.
Kong Ka Jao Village.
King Sze Dou Miao Village.
Soo Kah Koh Village.

10677

GODOWN

Approximately 5,000 square feet of godown space required on lease by foreign silk exporting firm in vicinity Bund/Avenue Edward VII. Address particulars to Box 1084, NCDN.

10684

Hope Crittall (China), Ltd.

WORKS AT: 594 THORBURN ROAD, SHANGHAI. TELEPHONE 52220
Sole Selling Agents
THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPN., LIMITED
50 YUEN MING YUEN ROAD, SHANGHAI
TELEPHONE 15290

We beg to announce that our Works are still in full swing. Good stocks of materials are in hand, and we shall be glad to receive enquiries for STEEL WINDOWS, DOORS, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SCREENS, ETC. Estimates free.

We guarantee all windows and doors to be draught proof. Only best quality materials and workmanship are used. Poorly-fitted windows are a bad investment, and result in discomfort to tenants, increased expenditure for heating, and continuous repairs to interior plaster or woodwork. Place your orders with us, and we assure you of every satisfaction.

10645

A LIVE MAILING LIST

The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

The full list totals 8,000 names and addresses in Shanghai and 1,000 in the Outports; it covers most of the foreign and Chinese English-reading population and is guaranteed to be accurate and up-to-date.

Sections of the list may be used to cover:

1 Selected streets or districts
2 Foreign or Chinese residents
3 Shanghai or Outport distribution.

Any number of circulars or pamphlets will be accepted for distribution, the cost depending on the postage rate and whether envelopes are supplied or not.

For further particulars, printing quotations, etc., communicate with the

Circulation Department
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

The Volunteers:
Appeal for More Men

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The interesting note in the annual report of the Commandant of the S.V.C. was the stress laid upon the need for recruits of different nationalities.

The numbers of the Volunteers have nearly always been below strength. The peace-time efficiency of the volunteer cannot be compared with that of the trained professional soldier, whom the volunteer regards with affectionate respect. In mobilization, however, the physique and intelligence of the volunteer, combined with his local knowledge, make him a valuable addition to the Police Force of the International Settlement.

There is no doubt the Volunteers are required more than ever; whenever there is big trouble we see the old infantry units at the North Station, filling in the gap, and the Armoured Cars as strong points and mobile patrols.

This has happened in 1925, 1927, 1932 and 1937. But why should a few enthusiasts bear the brunt of this work while most of the Shanghai blasé tea-dancers lead a more normal life and are able to look after their affairs? Many of the Volunteers, having their own businesses, have suffered financially during these mobilizations.

The time has come now for the S.V.C. to be brought up to full strength and to have a waiting list or reserve.

Most nationalities find their countries in danger of being embroiled in war and the military training, supplied by the S.V.C. with their capable regular N.C.O.'s lent by the British and American forces, is beneficial to the health and a useful asset to any citizen in these troubled times.

It is hoped, therefore, that new members will come forward with more celerity to the various units. As a citizen of Shanghai, rather biassed towards a particular unit, I must remain.

ANONYMOUS.

Shanghai, Feb. 5.

The Badlands:
A Resident's Complaint

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I would like through your columns to draw attention to the plight of those foreigners who, like me, live in the Western District in the vicinity of the Badlands.

We have to pay S.M.C. rates and taxes, but we have no voting power and we get no police protection.

Now there is talk of our having, as well, to pay City Government taxes, but their police are neither useful nor ornamental; crime prevention does not appear to be part of their business. Why should they risk their lives for the miserable pay they are reported to receive?

I also hear that still other individuals are making a round of visits in motor cars, asking for New Year "cumshaw", sometimes described also as "protection money".

My house has been burgled twice within two days and it seems that of the three "services" available, it will perhaps be as well for me, if I am to avoid the further attentions of the burglars, to subscribe to this third "service" as well.

Perhaps in the long run it will be the most satisfactory.

L. SOYKA.

Shanghai, Feb. 5.

Fire in Ships:
Question of Fire-proofing

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I should be obliged if you would kindly allow me to add some remarks to the explanations of your correspondent, Mr. W. I. Gorman, O.B.E., in the January 31 edition of the N.C.D.N.

I read with great interest the detailed treatise; however, I am missing the mentioning of one of the most important inventions of the past year.

Indeed there has been invented since April, 1939, a fire-proof impregnating medium wherewith all kind of textiles, even paper and cardboard can be made fire-proof.

On the other hand there exists also a fire-proof colour. Objects such as buildings, ships, etc., painted with this material can be made incombustible for a considerable time and cannot burn up. This is a decisive progress in the fighting against fire and its ravaging effects.

I myself attended in Europe an anti-fire-exhibition of this medium. On this occasion public authorities were present. As far as I am informed certain army administrations are already fully recognizing the enormous protection of fire-proofed blankets, etc. and are employing them on the motorized units, horses, etc. Impregnated clothes rendered fire-brigades 100 per cent. fire-proof and protected the firemen against burns. During the exhibition the outbreak of fire was combated by the impregnation of curtains, scenes, etc., in theatres and living-rooms.

If there is a possibility of suffocating great fires or to avoid them from the beginning, immense disaster can be averted and precious goods would be saved. Men who have to do with inflammable materials or fire danger—as particularly on ships—are protected and do not need to fear the terrible consequences they are exposed to every minute by fire. Thousands and thousands will be protected against burns.

Especially the progress on the humanitarian field must be highly considered. How easily workshops, factories, garages, hangars, that is rooms where gasoline, benzol, kerosene, oil, etc., are stored, but equally kitchens, theatres, catch fire.

At least I will not fail to mention the thousandfold higher fire danger in war time for different reasons, as bombing with incendiary shells.

I do not understand why shipping and insurance companies do not use it, particularly as this medium, as I remember, can be produced with very low expenses.

I should be happy if my suggestion would be useful.

HANS RATH.

Shanghai, Feb. 5.

To Car Owners:
Why Not Offer a Lift?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Being one of the unfortunate people who have to use the omnibus as a means of transportation to my daily work, and having had to wait until nearly frozen lately, or thoroughly wet on other occasions, whilst bus after bus pulls up and starts off again without me having been able to add myself to the already grossly overcrowded vehicle, I have wondered why so many people pass by with almost empty private cars and fail to offer a lift to people they see standing shivering at bus stops. It seems to me that owners going straight down the Nanking Road, or even those who make their way to the Bund via the side streets, would kindle a kindly feeling in the human breast, were they to extend their hospitality to fellow creatures now and then.

Also it seems strange that the bus company does not consider the idea of starting a No. 1 bus on its townward trip, one from Seymour Road corner and one from Yates Road corner at a stated hour such as 8.30 a.m. or even 8.40 a.m.—what a help this would be to those who cannot afford taxis or rickshaws. Is the idea unreasonable?

WONDERING.

Shanghai, Feb. 3.

Chinese Music:
In Search of Information

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—A friend at home who teaches music has written asking me to get all the information I can on Chinese music and Chinese musical instruments. Can some reader of your paper tell me where I can obtain this information—either from books in some library, where I can make notes upon the subject, or would there be some particular book which I could purchase? I have asked at several book stores with no success, and have also inquired among my Chinese friends—no one seems able to help me, and so I am making this appeal through your columns.

AMERICAN.

Shanghai, Feb. 2.

Scholastic Degrees:
A Reader's Enquiry

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I should be grateful if you or any of your readers could give me the following information.

Is it possible for an Englishman to study for and obtain a British or American University degree in Arts whilst working and residing in Shanghai?

If it is possible, I should be very glad to know to whom to apply for the necessary information regarding requirements, and also to hear of any institute or individual who undertakes the preparation for the examination by correspondence or classes.

B. A.

Shanghai, Feb. 5.

S. V. C. Orders

Permanent Staff—Corps Headquarters—Major G. H. Mann, M.C., is attached to Corps Headquarters with effect from February 1, to perform the duties of Staff Officer (G).

Acknowledgment:—The Commandant has received a letter of thanks from the Commissioner of Police, a copy of which is attached:
The Commandant,
S.V.C.
I shall be grateful if you will convey to the Officers and Units under your command the thanks and appreciation of the Police Force for the efficient aid rendered by all ranks on the January 28 Anniversary.
K. M. BOURNE,
Commissioner of Police

Corps Sergeants' Mess:—Annual general meeting of the Corps Sergeants' Mess will take place on Wednesday February 14, at 5.45 p.m. A circular and agenda will be sent to all members.

Amendments:—Reference C.R.O. No. 4, para 15, dated January 29, 1940. Delete—Transfers:—Lt. R. F. Scott, M.C., Shanghai Scottish Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers "A"—Oct. 17. Substitute.—Transfers:—Lt. R. F. Scott, M.C. Shanghai Scottish Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers"—Jan. 17.

Headquarters Offices—Closing of:—All offices at Corps Headquarters will be closed from Thursday, February 8, to Monday February 12. Any matter of an urgent nature occurring during this period will be dealt with by the Officer on duty who may be communicated with by ringing up in the first instance telephone 12879.

Weapon Training — Classification (Rifle):—The undermentioned have qualified on "30 yards Range":—Transport Company.—Privates V. H. Peshikoff, K. F. Mulder, A. Sienkievich, A. Huxley, A. V. Bleiden, A. Edel.

Inter-Unit Transfers:—Pte. V. A. Haimovich, Jewish Company is transferred to American Troop with effect from Jan. 29.

Strength:—(a) Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—"A" Battalion:—Jewish Company.—Pte. A. Fischer Jan. 29. "B" Battalion:—Philippine Company.—Pte. R. Samper Jan. 27. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Coy.—Privates F. H. Berger Jan. 27, N. G. Hammond Jan. 27, M. N. Speyer, Jan. 27, L. M. M. Parlett Jan. 29. Chinese Company.—Pte. Y. C. Chui Jan. 30. Interpreter Coy.—Pte. K. S. Tseu Jan. 30. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Privates J. D. Morris Jan. 30, A. Davis Jan. 30. "B" Company.—Pte. W. Jameson Jan. 21. Jewish Company.—Pte. D. Hirschhorn Jan. 29. Scottish Company.—L/Cpl. J. L. Youngman Jan. 31. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company.—Privates F. Lobb Jan. 30, M. Weiner Jan. 30. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Sgts. E. A. Harrs Jan. 29, M. R. Endicott Jan. 29, Privates M. Waldy Jan. 29, N. L. Poliakoff Jan. 29, F. Foyn Jan. 29, G. Feuerback Jan. 29. Portuguese Coy.—Private Luiz Pereira Jan. 29, Rufino Garcia Jan. 29.

Leave:—Transport Company.—Lieutenant S. E. Avery from Feb. 15, to Aug. 14.

IT'S A PURELY ACADEMIC DISPUTE BETWEEN SOLAR AND LUNAR SYSTEMS—
—WHETHER THE COMING YOLING VISITOR SHOULD BE REGARDED AS A NEW YEAR—
—OR MERELY AS A SPRING FESTIVAL—
—THE GAY FIRE CRACKERS ARE TABOO ANYWAY—
—BUT THE ESSENTIALS—
—IN BOTH CASES—
CUMSHA!
—REMAIN—
—JUST THE SAME!
BY SAPAJOU

Turning Time

Japanese Spokesman Advises Mr. Hull
Trade Embargo Would Be A "Serious Affront"

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

The spokesman of the Japanese Foreign Office, Mr. Y. Suma, today warned the American Congress against enacting embargoes against Japan and offered the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, detailed suggestions for the conduct of American policy in the Far East.

Mr. Suma said that the Japanese people would regard American embargoes as a "serious affront" and advised the American Government to follow the advice of a newspaper commentator, Mr. Walter Lippmann, who has advocated that the United States move cautiously in any retaliation plans against Japan.

Mr. Lippmann, in a recent article in the "New York Herald Tribune," said America should not commit itself to action in the Pacific before it is certain of the safety of the Atlantic coast.

Mr. Suma advised the United States to formulate her foreign policy from a "broad viewpoint" and to always keep in mind that "there are two oceans." He said America should take into consideration "the fact that Japan has been doing her best to maintain peace and order in this part of the world, not only during the past three years, but for the past half century."—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF FEBRUARY 6, 1870

The question of the beggars of Shanghai and what to do with them, has been much discussed of late, and it is a subject which deserves all the care it is receiving. The character of the Chinese vagrant is peculiar; or perhaps we should be nearer the exact truth if we said that he has many characters, or that there are various classes of solicitors for alms. First, of course, there is the professional who applies irritants to his skin to create mock sores, and paints his ulcers to make them look as hideous and as ghastly as possible, or even cuts off his feet to excite charity. This class resembles persons of a similar "lay" in all countries and times. Shanghai is infested with mendicants of a more deserving sort. These belong to the great multitude of those who have, to use a well worn English phrase, "seen better days." They are, many of them, sufferers from disastrous Rebel times, and consist of families who have lost their all in the evil days of Taipingdom. China unlike England, has no poor law; though it has a "custom" of relief, almost as binding as law. We do not envy those who have to superintend the Refugee; but we trust difficulties will not discourage them from setting about a work that commends itself to all those who are possessed of the common feelings of humanity.

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(9)

Currency in Canton In Confusion
Many Speculators Taken By Japanese; Authorized Rates Not Accepted

Canton, Feb. 4.

After causing much hardship to the populace and anxiety to the authorities, and despite official warnings, the currency situation in Canton shows but little improvement.

It may be called that at one time Kwangtung provincial notes were not accepted on the market, and national currency was taken at a heavy discount, whilst neither of these currencies would be accepted by money changers for military yen.

200 Chinese Arrested

According to a statement issued by Lieutenant-General K. Hayashi, the Japanese Gendarmerie arrested about 200 people who were suspected of illegitimate speculation in Canton's various monetary units, but were released after examination and were warned of the consequences of any further manipulation in the exchange.

"The authorities went to the extent of inviting all representatives of city money changers to the Headquarters of the Gendarmerie, asking them for their co-operation in order to bring about normal circulation of currency," added the statement.

Many Violations

It was revealed that despite the warning, there were still many who did not abide by the regulations governing "authorized" rates of exchange. "To curb such illegality, the authorities made wholesale arrests of all suspects who had refused to accept Chinese currencies at the authorized rates, and after cross-examination, it was found that many of them had reaped unjustified profits by spreading certain rumours.

After warning all money changers that refusal to accept the different currencies at the authorized rates, or discrimination against any one of them would result in their arrest and severe punishment, the statement urged all citizens to report to the nearest Gendarmerie station, without hesitation, any discrimination shown against any of the currencies in circulation in Canton.—Reuter.

Asama Maru Case Not Yet Settled
Gaimusho Spokesman Denies Japanese Press Reports

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

The Asama Maru case involving Britain and Japan has not been settled, the Japanese Foreign Office spokesman disclosed here today.

The spokesman, Mr. Y. Suma, denied Japanese press reports that the Asama Maru incident had been settled. The Notes exchanged between Britain and Japan on the case will be published tomorrow, Mr. Suma said.

"Then you can see whether the case has been settled or not," the spokesman said.—United Press.

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German-Czech Customs Union Impending
Economic Difficulties in Reich Made Evident

London, Feb. 4.

Ensnared in a web of economic difficulties, the Reich sought some way to escape the full brunt of Allied economic warfare and its own weakness. The result is the impending Customs union between itself and the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia, British City quarters asserted today. The Customs union is to come into effect on April 1.

Abolition of Customs barriers between Germany and the Protectorate will be accompanied by introduction of the Reichsmark into the Czech regions and by closure of the Czech National Bank.

All these measures combined will serve to place Germany in a position to dispose of Czech natural resources as she wishes, British quarters declared. The fact that Berlin has found such measures necessary, however, augurs ill for its economic future. So far the Czechs were left free to develop their own export trade and signed commercial agreements with Rumania and some Scandinavian nations. With institution of the Customs Union, Germany will take over fulfillment of the accords, to the detriment of the Czechs, the same circles concluded.—Havas.

New Life Movement in Canton Revised
Now to Be Carried on By Japanese Management

Canton, Feb. 5.

The New Life Movement, which was going strong in Canton before the Sino-Japanese hostilities, will be revived, but under the auspices of the Japanese Cultural Association instead of the Kuomintong, it is learned.

A local report states that "in order to uplift the citizens in line with the modern world, the South China Cultural Association has decided to carry out a New Life Movement."

It is further stated that the aims of the movement are under careful consideration by the association, but the nature of the aims is not revealed.

Should such a movement materialize, it would be interesting to see its reaction to the many publicly-practised vices, which are undermining the Chinese populace, such as prostitution, opium dens and various forms of gambling.—Reuter.

Soviets Regret Shelling Estonian Plane

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Moscow, Feb. 5.

The Soviet Government has expressed regret to Estonia for the incident on February 2 when Soviet warships shelled an Estonian plane flying over Tallinn harbour. The plane flew over the warships several times, and was mistaken for a foreign plane, the Note states.—Reuter.

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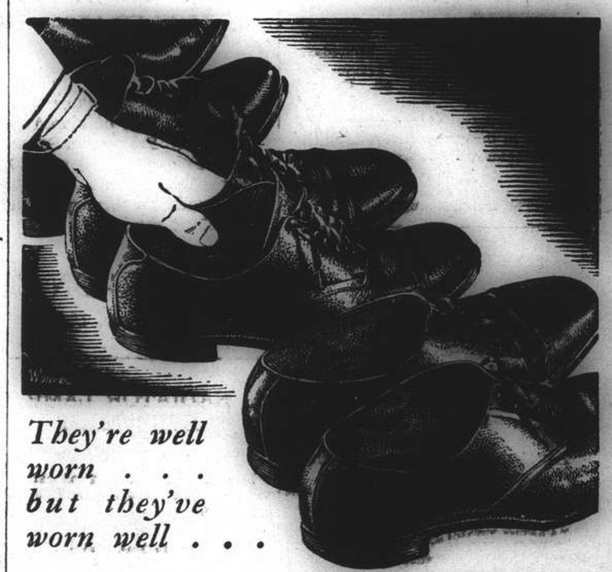
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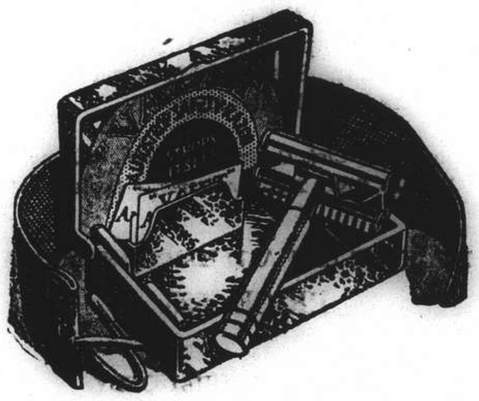
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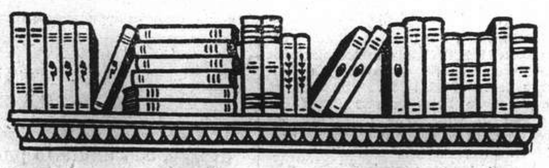


THE BOOK PAGE

Watching the Skies

ONE DAY TELLETH ANOTHER By Stephen A. Ionides, B.A. (Oxon) 1902, F.R.G.S., and Margaret L. Ionides, A.B (California) 1933. Edward Arnold. London. 10/6.

If on a starlit night you find enjoyment in looking at the planets or speculating about the Milky Way and the vast distances beyond it you will find this book by Stephen and Margaret Ionides, father and daughter, much to your taste. It might be described as a pleasantly informal history of astronomical thought and discovery.

> The universe (like all Gaul) is divided into three parts, matter, space, and time. Chemistry deals with matter, geometry calculates space; but time appears to be neglected. We are so accustomed to our watches and calendars that we take for granted all the mechanism behind them.....We forget that there was a time when "watching the skies" constituted the most important and the most practical of man's activities.

"Fixed Like Nails"

Since astronomy invites one into the whole wide universe there is plenty of information that the authors have introduced regarding the stellar system, our solar system, the sun, the moon, the planets, comets, seasons, eclipses, the constellations, the calendar, navigation, geography, cosmology. These subjects are lightened up with scientific information as well as with the lore of all ages, all countries. The book is illustrated with many photographs, drawings and diagrams: an Egyptian water-clock, sunspots and solar protuberances, seasonal positions of the earth in relation to the sun, phases of the moon, kinds of eclipses, a Babylonian ziggurat, the great nebula of Orion, to name but a few. Even more illustrative is the information brought together in the text.

> "The stars," said Anaximines, "are fixed like nails in the crystalline vault of the heavens." He was not correct, nor was he very original.....The expression "fixed stars" is almost as old as the word "stars" itself.

As for the planets:

> "Tramp stars" was the disrespectful Greek term applied to them, and we have the same word in our name "planets." The Greeks were always a little scornful of anything that go out of place.

Respectable Regularity

For the Greeks there were seven planets: Mercury, Venus, Mars, Saturn, Jupiter, the sun and the moon; hence the lucky character of the number seven. Pythagoras, having found the vibration of two similar strings inversely proportional to their lengths, began to look for regularity in the planetary motions. When the motions were shown to be fairly regular "they seemed more respectable somehow." But so necessary was it to Plato and the Greeks who followed him that the heavenly bodies should move in perfect circles that it remained for Kepler in 1609 to show that the planets moved in ellipses, "not at a uniform speed, but with their radii sweeping out equal areas in equal lengths of time."

Heavenly Timekeepers

There are interesting comments on Time and the Calendar:

> These three celestial clocks, the rotation of the earth on its axis, the revolution of the Earth around the Sun, and the revolution of the Moon around the Earth, have formed the bases of time in our practical everyday lives.

But the Precession of the Equinoxes is "the fourth of these great heavenly timekeepers." "The fifth, and the slowest, worth mentioning here, is the wheel-like rotation of the Milky Way." And of course the changes in the calendar are told, including the introduction of the Gregorian calendar in 1582 by the Church, Great Britain following suit long afterward in 1752, when the mobs cried "Give us back our eleven days." There is reproof for Shakespeare's Puck for saying he would put a girdle round the earth in 40 seconds. "He was too slow. The electric current of the telegraph, telephone and radio threw that girdle in much less than one second."

The King-Killer

It must be evident that this is no dry treatise on the subjects it includes. There is Halley's Comet, appearing just before Duke William landed at Hastings to conquer England, and in the embroidered Bayeux Tapestry (see in your Encyclopædia Britannica, 11th edition, under this title) the comet is shown, with King Harold's men looking unhappily at the portent. There is the debt of Thales to the Babylonians who predicted eclipses from the series of their recurrences; but Thales went farther and assumed that all of nature's processes could be predicted if sufficiently studied. There are the discoveries of the planets Uranus, in 1781, Neptune in 1846, discovered just where the mathematicians Adams and Leverrier had shown a planet ought to be found; and Pluto, discovered in 1930, the eighth of the planets. And we have not mentioned the asteroids, 44,000 in number. What becomes of the mystic number seven, from the seven planets? But far be it from us to discourage dice throwers who have trusted this number since the game was played by the Achaean soldiers before the walls of Troy.

As if to suggest the reason for the title of this book we shall close with a quotation from the last page:

> With day unto day uttering speech, and night unto night showing knowledge, we have made some progress towards a reasonable explanation of the universe. What we have now has come about only by generations of men passing their learning to future generations, only by criticism of the old and hypothesis for the new....There are still more things in heaven and Earth than we, twentieth-century Horatios, have dreamt in all the far realms of our philosophy.—D.B.

When you come to evidence, the worst thing that I have ever seen quoted out of any speech or writing of mine about Russia is that I did one day say, or I believe I wrote these terrible words: I recommended Englishmen to imitate Russia in her good deeds. Was not that a terrible proposition? I cannot recede from it. I think we ought to imitate Russia in her good deeds, and if the good deeds be few I am sorry for it, but I am not the less disposed on that account to imitate them when they come.—WILLIAM EWART GLADSTONE.

A Few Surprises

THE SECRET SCIENCES IN THE LIGHT OF OUR TIME By Hans Liebstoeckl. Translated by H. E. Kennedy, B.A. Rider, London. 18/-.

This book, written by a very erudite Viennese scholar, traces the history of occultism from the earliest times, in the light of the teachings of Rudolf Steiner. "I have not passed over unobserved any important or essential phenomenon in the immeasurable field of occult life," says the author, whose attitude is, throughout, not lacking in dogmatism. Such remarks as:

> The men of old time were as near to the Godhead as the men of today are to the animals. Man of today has the primitive mass instincts of the herd. Antiquity had no civilization in our sense of the word, but it had very much more culture.....

obvious disapproval of "exact science" and an almost bewildering series of statements with scarcely ever any reference to the sources from which these statements are derived—features such as these combine to make this a most provocative book.

The average reader, if he be not entirely bewildered by the technicalities, will certainly find much food for thought, but if he be of a critical nature, he will certainly look—and look in vain—for proof of what is given, not as mere theory, but as fact.

Sch lars Ignored

The first two chapters—"Genesis" and "The Ancient Cultures to the Event in Palestine"—contain some very learned theories, but throw no new light on the intriguing "mysteries" of Egypt and Greece; while no student of Roman History will accept "Rudolf Steiner's spiritual science" which "gives us precisely the year 747 B.C." as that of the founding of Rome, and no one would be more surprised than Livy himself to learn that his account of the seven kings of Rome is a "saga" which "gives a magnificent apocalyptic picture of the evolution of the Roman power."

The chapter on the "Mysterium of Golgotha" contains not a few surprises for the theological student. If the "Free Christian Community" (of Germany?) holds that "really and quite certainly and quite without the least doubt, inspiration is the chief source from which the evangelists derived their knowledge," one is forced to wonder to what extent the gospels are to be considered in the light of history. Further, ignoring what scholars have to say on the matter, the author explains that the differences in the pedigrees of Jesus are due to the fact that "there are two different Jesus-boys," one of whom later "poured the content of His being into the gleaming bowl of the other's soul." And at the baptism of Jesus,

> He made a full offering of his ego, that he might receive Christ into Himself. In the hour when the Jesus-ego died in Jordan and withdrew back into the spiritual world the Christ-entity was incorporated in the body and soul-case of Jesus.

We then reach the doctrine of "the three bodies of Jesus"—described in the account of the Temptation as the "Christ-body," "the etheric body of Christ" and "the astral body of Jesus Christ."

Freemasons' Fault

It is difficult to understand the remark "the Saviour's cry of pain was an invocation of the prophet Elias" when coupled with "the words of Christ are in the twenty-second psalm they are an ancient initiation-sentence." Christ did not invoke Elias at all, and the origin of the psalm is totally unknown. Passing on, we are told something of Gnosis, the Cabbala, the Grail and the Rosicrucians: in connection (more or less) with the last of these, we read:

> ....no shot would have been fired in the last war if the Freemasons had had the will to use their influence and money for the cause of humanity and if they had restrained their chief tool Socialism from its foolish proceedings.

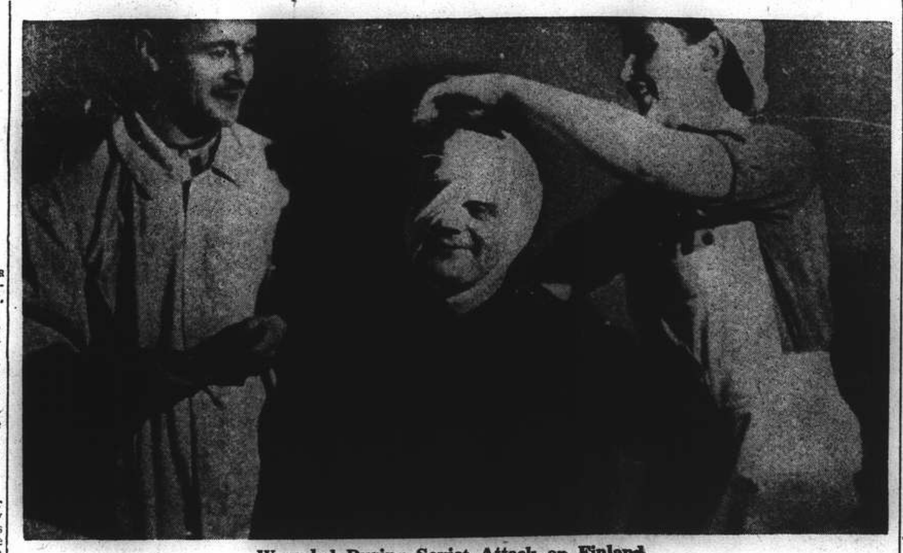
One is left to presume that this refers to German Freemasons.

Much is written about alchemy and Theosophy and the "new spiritual science" as conceived by Rudolf Steiner and his school.

To those who are interested in the recondite (both in subject-matter and in language) this book may well have an appeal, especially if one already has a very fair knowledge of the occult in general, and if one is content to accept new standpoints without demanding proof for them.—P.C.M.

New Fiction

Reading one of Mr. E. Laurie Long's books is like setting off on an adventurous voyage to the out-of-the-way ports of the world. In his latest book **"Captain Flynn"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition 3/6) Mr. Long takes his readers on a perilous trip round the Horn. This is another episode in the exciting life of young Bryan Flynn, that bold Irishman of the seas who in this story finally gets a command to himself after a series of thrilling adventures in which the captain of the ship dies and the first mate is thrown overboard. Flynn goes to sea under Captain Leslie, an old skipper he meets in a small town on the Mississippi River. Captain Leslie sets off on a salvage expedition with the help of Flynn and the German engineer, Cassen, to take a weather-beaten old tramp to the Galapagos to pull a cargo steamer off the rocks. Flynn really goes on the trip out of sympathy for the old skipper who is badly in need of the salvage money to clear the mortgage on his old river boat. It is very confusing to the reader, then, to discover in subsequent chapters Captain Leslie sticking a gun into Flynn's ribs at every available opportunity and hurling a torrent of abuse at the Irishman, thus causing Flynn to be lost in admiration at the old man's spirit. Mr. Long really knows his subject and enlivens his tale by the interjection of numerous anecdotes of the old sailing days. There is one thing that the reviewer must take exception to, and that is Mr. Long's contention that sea captains are a simple lot and stand in deadly fear of landsmen when it comes to conversation. According to the author the sea captain usually tries to cover up his lack of worldly knowledge by a few stock phrases. Anyone who has had dealings with skippers, however, will tell you that sea captains are astonishingly well informed on world affairs and can hold their own in any company.—T.A.B.



Wounded During Soviet Attack on Finland

Expert bandaging was completed by a pretty nurse on this patriot who was "mauled by the Bear" during the recent fighting on the Mannerheim Line. His injuries were not so serious but that he was able to return to the lines after ten days recuperation.

Living of Shanghai Workers Harder Pressed Than Ever

New Record High Set in January as Prices Rise In All Divisions; Food, Rent, Clothes, Fuel

THE year 1940 opens with a new record figure for the cost of living of Shanghai workers. The January general index is 325.44, surpassing the 1936 index by 225.44 per cent., that of January 1939 by 114.57 per cent., and that of last December, which was the highest on record, by 7.03 per cent. Consequently the purchasing power of the dollar has been reduced from $0.3289 of its 1936 value in last December to $0.3073 in the present month. All group indices show increases over the December figures as well.

The extent of rise is shown below:—

	Dec. 1939	Jan. 1940	% Increase
General Index	304.06	325.44	7.03
General Indices			
Food	318.08	337.97	6.25
Rent	282.41	304.83	7.94
Clothing	223.08	240.77	7.54
Fuel	351.96	374.25	6.33
Miscellaneous	226.55	255.87	13.79

The close of the month witnesses the approach of the lunar New Year, which falls on February 8. Prices as a rule soar at the close of the year owing to the heavy buying of the public. The cold weather and the snow storms during the last week of the month have had effects in pushing up further the prices of a number of commodities. To all these must be added the factor of manipulation which is responsible for the abnormal rise in commodity prices.

Secret Rice Deals

The average quotation of second grade non-glutinous rice for the month is a little below that of last month. This slight decline, however, promises no optimism. It was during the last week of the month that the prices limit began to be threatened by secret transactions. Rice sold at the limit price is not up to the standard of first-grade rice specified. High quality rice has been hoarded by manipulators, and adulteration has often been resorted to by retail stores. The rapid increase in the price of wheat flour has been an outstanding feature of the month. From below $9 per parcel during the first week of the month, its price went up to $11 toward the close of the month. Inasmuch as wheat flour is becoming an important substitute diet in view of the high rice quotations, a jump in its price has a very significant effect upon the livelihood of the masses, notwithstanding the general conviction that Shanghai people live on rice alone.

To relieve the hardship of the poor, the Shanghai Committee for Cheap Sale of Rice was formed and sales started on January 21. Broken Saigon rice was sold at $1 for 6½ chin, or $24 per shih. The maximum purchase is limited to $1 per person. Also, a hot rice campaign was launched by the Salvation Army, distributing paper bags containing one pound of hot rice to starving beggars.

Vegetable Prices Soar

Of all the commodities, vegetables showed the greatest amount of increase in price. Chin-ts'ai was raised by as much as 103.28 per cent. over its December quotations, spinach by 64 per cent., and sprouted broad beans and turnips by over 45 per cent. Meat, fish and poultry also showed significant rises, varying from about 7 per cent. in the case of fresh pork to 26 per cent. in the case of fresh fish. Soy bean oil and pork lard declined about 10 per cent., being the reaction of their spectacular rise during the last month.

At the opening of this year, the usual semi-annual investigation of rent was conducted, which reveals that rent has continued to ascend. On an average, a two-storey house with courtyard was increased by 6.91 per cent. over the last six months of 1939, a two-storey house with no courtyard by 9.64 per cent., and a one-storey house by 6.31 per cent., making an average of 7.94 per cent. rise. Over half of the cases of rent increases were found to be in the form of an additional charge for water.

The clothing group showed a rise of from 6 to 11 per cent. The high cost of dyestuffs and raw materials are the chief factors. Due to the rise in freight charges and the increased demand during the cold season, coal and coal dusts soared prominently. Toward the close of the month, therefore, coal briquettes reached as high as $5 per 100 chin, while it was retailed at $1.10 prior to hostilities. The 68.42 per cent. rise in the price of tea over December is the most conspicuous among the miscellaneous items.

Germans Denied Japanese Ships

Jewish Refugees Will Be Allowed to Use N.Y.K. Steamers

German passengers of military age are not permitted to travel in steamers belonging to the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, officials of the Japanese shipping firm told the "North-China Daily News" yesterday. A special form is now being drawn up which will be submitted for signature to all intending German passengers whereby they certify that they have no connection with the German fighting forces on land, at sea, and in the air.

Persons having passports marked with a "J" will be permitted to travel in all N.Y.K. liners without hindrance and the company, it is understood, reserves itself the right to cancel the passages of Germans who, having signed the proposed form, are suspected of having any connection with the German forces.

Officials of the Dairen Kisen Kaisha questioned yesterday said that while German passengers are not barred from travelling on the company's ships they are informed that they are doing so at their own risk. The possibility of a subsequent prohibition for German passengers of military age to travel in the company's steamers was not altogether ruled out, however, although no instructions in this connection have reached the D.K.K. Shanghai branch from their head-office as yet.

Repairs Made to Girls Japanese School

Ceremonies marking the start of work on the roof of the new Japanese Girls' Commercial School on Ouyang Road were held at 11 o'clock on Sunday morning, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday morning.

The paper said that the building was expected to be completed on March 15. The site is on the lot next to the Japanese Girls' High School.

Attending the ceremonies on Sunday were Mr. Noboru Oki, Vice-Consul of the Japanese Consular-General, and Mr. Chiyosaku Fukuda, Vice-President of the Japanese Residents' Corporation.

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Turkish Soldiers Go Into Bulgaria

Friendly Parleys End in Their Return to Army

Sofia, Feb. 4.

Two Turkish soldiers crossed into Bulgarian territory by error today and were arrested.

However, friendly negotiations between the two Governments resulted in the Turkish soldiers being returned to the Turkish authorities together with their arms.—Havas.

U.S. to Publish Papers of Ishii-Lansing Pact

Japan's "Special Interests" In China "Recognized"

Washington, Feb. 5.

Diplomatic documents relating to the negotiations which culminated in the agreement concluded between Viscount Kikujiro Ishii, head of a Japanese special mission to the United States, and Mr. Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, on November 2, 1917, will be published by the Department of State next week, it was learned here today.

The documents, diplomatic observers said, would disclose hitherto unknown chapters in the history of American-Japanese diplomacy, particularly with regard to the China question.

Also revealed will be secret behind-the-scenes activities in Washington soon after America joined the allies in the World War. The agreement included a statement recognizing Japan's "special interest" in China, similar to that of the United States in regard to her Central and South American neighbours.

Criticism of the agreement, raised both in the United States and China, led to its termination on April 14, 1923.—Domei.

Inquest on Seaforth Highlander Opened

Found Shot in Officer's Quarter in Billets

The inquest on Private David Roy, aged 22, of the First Battalion, The Seaforth Highlanders, who was found shot through the head at the Racecourse Billets on Sunday morning, was opened at the parlours of the International Funeral Directors yesterday by Mr. C. H. Haines, H.M. Coroner.

Evidence of identification was given by Sergeant James Harrison of the Seaforths, who told the Coroner that Roy, whose Army number was 2818472, was a member of "A" Company of the Battalion. The enquiry was then adjourned until Wednesday, February 14 at 10 a.m.

As reported in the "North-China Daily News" Private Roy was found shot through the head in Room 8, an officer's quarter in the Race Club main building. An Army revolver was found at the scene. The dead soldier, who was employed as an officer's servant, was taken to the British Military Hospital where life was pronounced extinct.

Funeral Tomorrow

The funeral will take place at 3 p.m. tomorrow at Hungjao Road Cemetery, the arrangements being in the hands of the International Funeral Directors, to whose parlours the body was moved on Sunday.

Private Roy's home was in Airdrie and he had been in the Regiment for several years. His brother, who was formerly stationed with him in Shanghai, left for home some months ago. Relatives of the deceased in Scotland have been notified of the tragedy.

Technical Activity of League

Committee to Arrange Non-Political Work

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 5.

The League of Nations Committee, consisting of the representatives of ten States—Australia, Argentine, Turkey, Belgium, Holland, Norway, Portugal, Switzerland and the United Kingdom—meets at The Hague on February 7.

This body arises out of the recommendation of the committee appointed in May 1939, presided over by Dr. S. M. Bruce, to consider and report on the best methods of separating the technical work of the League from political activities, owing to the general feeling that the former has been unduly subordinated to the latter.

The Committee's special subject was to facilitate the co-operation of non-member States in the League's economic, financial and sociological activities.

In the report adopted by the League Assembly in December, Dr. Bruce's committee recommended the appointment of a "central, committee" with the duty of arranging, supervising, extending and directing the non-political work of the League.

To implement the recommendation, the League Assembly decided to appoint an "organizing committee" and it is this body which meets at The Hague.

Official quarters hope the organizing committee will prove to be the nucleus out of which the central committee will grow, but it is pointed out that much spadework must be accomplished before this result can be reached and the work now to be undertaken at the League is necessarily of a preparatory nature and no final or far-reaching decisions are anticipated at this stage.—Reuter.

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A SHORT LIST OF OUR BOOKS IN ENGLISH

THE RAINS CAME, Louis Bromfield
I BELIEVE, Clifton Fadiman
MAN, THE UNKNOWN, Alexis Carrel
GONE WITH THE WIND, Margaret Mitchell
REBECCA, Daphne du Maurier
DAYS OF OUR YEARS, Pierre Van Paassen
SHANGHAI 37, Vicki Baum
THE GRAPES OF WRATH, John Steinbeck
THE CITADEL, A. J. Cronin
CHILDREN OF GOD, Vardis Fisher
THE YEARLING, Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings
COUNTRY LAWYER, Bellamy Partridge
LISTEN! THE WIND, Anne Morrow Lindbergh
AND MANY, MANY OTHERS

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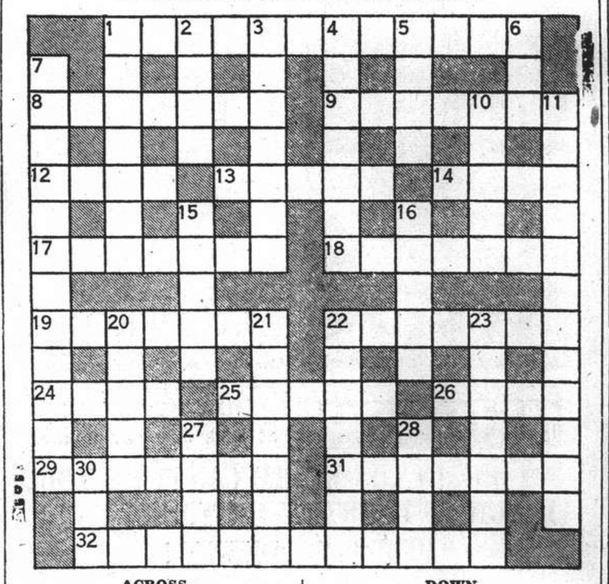
CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 107

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



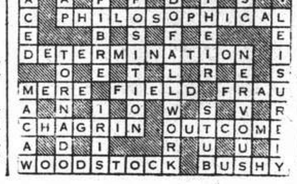
ACROSS

1 This seems to describe the choice of the greedy ones all the same
6 "Gun team" (anag.)
9 Though this isn't the best coal most of it appears to burn
12 A Scottish garment always between us and France
13 There are many of this danger to navigation
14 This piece is necessary for the making of a trap
17 Wreath
18 A still product
19 A short-pitched ball
23 Anyone should be able to get on in this one of the U.S.
24 Scottish island
25 "The undiscovered country from whose ..... no traveller returns" ("Hamlet")
26 The extent of a yoke of oxen perhaps
29 "List" as a synonym may mean nothing to mere man
31 The badge of an N.C.O. perhaps
32 No, not body-line bowling but some artillery

DOWN

1 Part of Africa
2 Inspect
3 A bit of machinery from the cart
4 Is it in this that the tramp carries all his worldly possessions?
5 Used for winter sports
6 As this is an advantage
7 Not exactly rouge and lipstick but an unwarranted flag
10 Apparently when annoyed I chide
11 This is amusing work for a host of people
15 This bet is essential to a bookmaker
16 Fit out just from pique
20 Probe some antique stores in a sale (hidden)
21 It takes more than this one to make a book of the Bible
22 Fruit
23 Clerical ornamentation this
27 4 down without its old part
28 It sounds as if this entertainment is definitely fixed
30 One of the fairy folk

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 106



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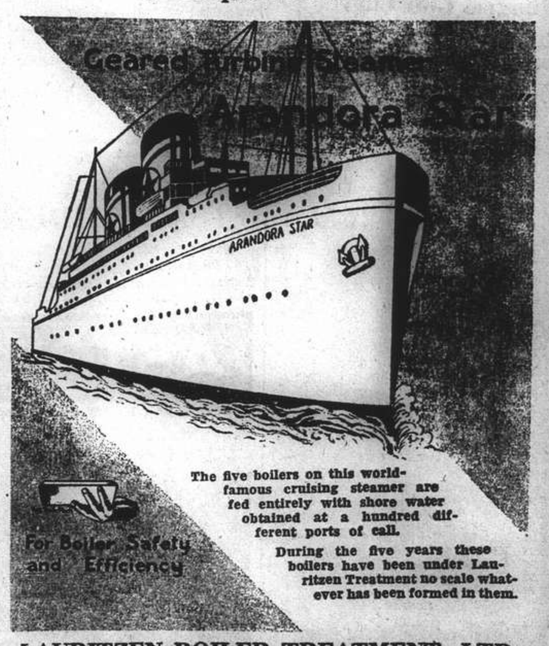

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Rugger Interport This Week

Owing to Rain Many Difficulties Regarding Venue; Colony Team To Arrive Today

WITH the rugger Interport between Shanghai and Hongkong only two days away the weather conditions appear far from settled and it is learned that the Shanghai Rugby Union Football Club are being beset with difficulties concerning the venue of the match.

Arrangements had been tentatively made for the game of the season to be played at the Canidrome at 11 a.m. on Thursday, but yesterday the pitch there was almost completely under water. It is hoped that the ensuing 48 hours will see a decided improvement but in any case it is understood that in the event of the Canidrome being totally unfit, the long awaited encounter will be played off at Kiaochow Road Park.

In any event the committee responsible for arranging the Interport will come to a definite decision some time today, the result of which will be published in these columns tomorrow.

The Hongkong side will arrive at Roosevelt Terminal, French Bund, at 10 a.m. today when a large crowd of local supporters are expected to meet the ss. E-sang bringing them from thte Colony. No arrangements have yet been made for the Hongkong side to do any intensive training here, but the next two days will probably see them indulging in a little light practice though where they will stretch their legs with all local grounds water-logged is at present a mystery.

Shanghai Side

The Shanghai XV has been chosen and it contains the same names mentioned in this journal yesterday as being the most probable Startero.

It reads as follows;

Full-back: W. N. Dickson; Threes: J. W. M. Martin, S. M. Thornley, A. P. D. Kennedy, S. J. Ward; Halves: L. F. Aucott, J. R. Dickinson; Forwards: R. A. O. Mayne, R. U. Reynolds, A. Gammie, W. D. Pearson (captain), M. O. Liddell, P. B. Tay, C. F. Pow and S. A. Wallace.

Reserves: J. D. Sayle and A. Thomas.

The Colony team is appended:—

J. Henderson; D. I. Bosanquet, H. Vanleeuwen, H. D. Bidwell, J. Huchison, J. C. Charter, J. M. Thomson, A. F. Walkden, K. S. Salter, P. F. Wanklyn, B. Hynes, C. F. Needham, G. C. Godfrey, A. J. G. Taylor, J. Redman, E. W. Stout.

Little criticism can be levelled at this choice although some circles will certainly decry the fact that Thomas and Sayle have been omitted. Still the team as a whole is about the best Shanghai can field and their chances on a heavy pitch may be considered bright. There is plenty of weight forward and provided thte correct tactics are adopted to suit the prevailing conditions there is no reason to doubt that the Saker Shield, emblematic of rugger supremacy between the Colony and Shanghai and now in possession of the northerners, will remain in the hands of the local fifteen for another twelve months.

Interport Soccer On Thursday

Additional Games to Be Played on Friday, Sunday; Scottowe Cup Fixtures

A variety of games feature the football programme for the Chinese New Year holidays. Highlight of the fixtures will undoubtedly be the three matches in the Interport Series, on Thursday, Friday and Sunday at the Canidrome.

One of the two postponed Skottowe Cup matches will be run off on Friday between Clube Lusitano and Tung Hwa at Kiaochow Park. The other encounter between A.S.F. and East Surreys will take place at some other time.

One First Division game is to be held on Saturday when the Police meet the P.T.H. on the Racecourse. In the same afternoon a good game in the semi-finals of the Tsz Ling Cup will come off at Kiaochow Park between the Italian Navy and Three Cultures. The other semi-final tussle in the Tsz Ling Cup competition will take place on Sunday afternoon at the Racecourse between Area Details and Maccabi.

Fixture List

The complete programme follows :—

THURSDAY

Interport.—Shanghai v. Hongkong, Canidrome, 2.30 p.m., A. C. Sinclair. Line: G. G. R. Reynon and L. Chang.
Reserve division.—S.M.P. v. S.R.C., R.G. 2.
2nd division.—J.A.C. v. Area Details, R.G. 1.

FRIDAY

Interport.—Shanghai Chinese v. Hongkong, Canidrome, 3 p.m., W. T. Sung. Line: A. Hurry, F. C. Hale.
Skottowe Cup 2nd Round.—Lusitano v. Tung Hwa, Kiaochow, 2.30 p.m.
Reserve division.—Seaforths v. S.F.X. R.G. 1.
2nd division.—J.R.C. v. Row. Club, R.G. 2.

SATURDAY

Tsz Ling Cup Semi-finals.—3 Cults v. Italian Navy, Kiaochow, 2.30 p.m.
1st division.—S.M.P. v. P.T.H., R.G. 2.
3rd division.—Oarsmen v. Tung Wen, R.G. 1.

SUNDAY

Interport.—Combined Foreign XI v. Hongkong, Canidrome, 10.30 a.m., S. E. Burt. Line: W. F. Field and T. H. Ho.
Tsz Ling Cup semi-finals.—Area Details v. Maccabi, R.G. 2, 2.30 p.m.
Reserve division.—Surreys v. Lusitano, R.G. 1.
2nd division.—Russ. Regt. v. Parks, Kiaochow, 3 p.m.

Hongkong Interporters Arriving Today

Both Soccer and Rugger Teams in E-Sang

The Hongkong Interport soccer and rugger teams are expected to arrive in Shanghai this morning in the Jardine ss. E-Sang. The vessel left Hongkong last Friday morning and should dock at the Roosevelt Terminal at 10 a.m.

The Colony's soccer team possesses fourteen players while on the rugger squad there are sixteen members. The names are :—

SOCCER

Moxham; S. Strange, A. Bone; A. J. Hussain, K. Forrow, Guy, E. L. Strange, R. Maxwell; A. V. Gosano, T. Castilho, D. Leonard, T. McEwan, J. Hossack, R. G. Honnibail.

The line-ups of the teams will not be made known until after their arrival. The choice depends upon playing conditions as on wet grounds heavier men are preferred. It is expected, however, every member will participate in at least one match.

Hungjao Golf Club Starting Times

The following are the starting times for Chinese New Year holidays drawn by balloting:—

THURSDAY

9.04 Andrews/Gordon
9.12 Grants
9.16 Laffond/Graham
9.24 King/Robinson
9.28 Beith/Henderson
9.32 Captain's Time
9.36 Wentwotworth/Farnsworth
10.32 Mrs. Wentworth/Miss McConnell
10.52 Bowker/Munro-Faure
9.44 Stephenson/Cheetham

FRIDAY

8.52 Hogarth/Challinor
8.56 Andrews/Robinson
9.04 Reynell
9.08 Bowker/Harper
9.12 Laffonds/Watson
9.16 Bond/Robinson
9.24 Beith/Nazer
9.28 Terrace/Ward Smith
9.32 Captain's Time
9.36 Jensen/King
9.44 Cheetham/Munro-Faure
9.48 Murray Kidd/Innes
9.52 Grants

SATURDAY

8.56 Andrews
9.04 Bowker/Hogarth
9.08 Quick/Hogarth
9.12 Laffond/Baudez
9.16 Munro/Adamson
9.24 Harrison/Henderson
9.28 King/Hopkins
9.32 Captain's Time
10.32 Graham/Watson
10.04 Gordon/Collett

SUNDAY

9.04 Andrews/Ovadia
9.08 Gordon/Reynell
9.12 Harrison/Nazer
9.16 Laffond/Partner
9.24 Beith/Kent
9.28 Cheetham/Grant
9.32 Captain's Time
9.36 King/MacEwan
10.52 Bowkers

When Members do not require the starting time allotted to them, they must inform the Secretary as soon as possible—or, on the day, the Gear Boy—so that the time may be free for other players.

Men's Second Round Of Badminton

Winners of Previous Games Repeat Their Victories

No surprises marked the opening of the second round in the Men's Doubles Division of the Badminton League last night with the winners of the first round repeating their victories once more. The scores in every case were indentical with the results of the first round matches, even though the venues were altered with the home teams having to play away and vice versa.

Playing at their Jessfield courts, the Flying Shuttles overwhelmed the Sokol team by nine matches to nil. The Union Church side visited the Country Club and inflicted a 6-3 defeat on the homesters, though they fielded a slightly changed team from that of the first meeting. The remaining clash of the evening was uncompleted as one match was unplayed, but the C.S.F. "A" are well on their way to duplicate their 9-0 win over their junior side in the first round as they took all six games last night at the French Club courts.

The Flying Shuttles absolutely dominated the court in their encounter with the Sokol players, who were lucky to scrape together a few isolated points. The best display for the losers was put up by the combination of Bocevitch and Burenin, who pushed Hou and Lee up to 11-15 in one game. With the exception of this game, the Chinese team walked away with their triumphs.

Close Competition

At the Country Club, the competition was exceedingly close and several exciting struggles were witnessed. Though winning the match, Lionel Kew and Leslie Wade had to concede the second game at 15-13 to the leading Country Club couple of Read and Botes. Even closer was the fight between the second ranking pairs of the two teams as G. D. Chelmis and G. G. Clarke up three clear points for the Union Church at the expense of Barraclough and Duff—the closeness of the match may be gauged from the scores, 15-11, 15-12, 15-14.

The sole victory for the home team was registered by Ewing and Beeching who took the measure of White and Squires by two games to one after another extended struggle.

The supremacy of the French Club seniors was unchallenged as, in the two matches played, the combinations of Meise and Berents and Jorgensen and Hansen won in straight sets easily.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Junior Athletic Club Ladies Hockey Winners

The Girls Hockey Team of the Junior Athletic Club winner of the 2nd League of the Shanghai Ladies Hockey Association 1940. Photo shows the players, reserves and coaches. Standing: Mr. A. da Silva, Miss B. Collaco, Mr. B. Pintos, Mrs. M. Collaco d'Aquino, Mr. G. B. Collaco, and Mrs. G. M. Collaco. Sitting: Miss B. Senna, Mrs. A. Aquino, Miss Barros, Miss M. Collaco, Mrs. M. Collaco, Miss A. Roliz, Miss G. Collaco and Miss M. Costa. Sitting on floor: Miss L. Collaco, Miss G. Danennberg, Miss F. Roliz, Miss Azevedo and Miss V. Maher.

Open Handball Singles Competition

Tchakalian Strengthens Chances to Win

F. Tchakalian, by decisively outpointing Ho, the Chinese hope, at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. last night in the Shanghai Open Handball Singles Competition, strengthened his chances of capturing this year's title. He lost the first game after a hard struggle, He proving victorious by 21-14. In the second leg, however, the eventual winner levelled the scores by outpointing his opponent by 21-14 and in the last proved far superior to his rival by outscoring him to the tune of 21-6 to gain a somewhat easy victory. Tchakalian was superior in all departments of the game and changing his style as his mood suited him often baffled his clever adversary.

It is probable, however, that Tchakalian and Ho will meet again in the final since this series is being conducted on a double elimination basis and Ho's defeat yesterday was his first cropper.

Surprise Elimination

Hwa, another Chinese star, caused rather a surprise by eliminating Andrews who had been favoured by many to reach the final bracket. This was Andrews' second loss and it spelt finish for him in this year's struggles. Hwa took the first leg after a close battle by 12-15, but Andrews came into his own in the second frame to win hands down by the overwhelming margin of 12-8. The third tilt, on which thte result rested, was a dingdong affair with neither player able to get far ahead until Hwa forged in front when it was needed most to win a very close game by a bare three points 21-18. On his display yesterday Hwa will offer his next opponent stern opposition and it would come as no surprise to see a Sino-foreign final fought out with F. Tchakalian as the foreign representative.

Ladies Ten Pins League Play

Columbia Club "Blues" Lose To Foreign Y.M.C.A. Team; Marine Ladies Defeated

Defeating the Columbia Country Club "Blues" by the odd game in three last night, the Women's Sports Section of the Foreign Y.M.C.A. maintained the lead in the Ladies Ten Pins League and the team stand a fair chance of winning the championship. The "Y" ladies did very well in the first two games, winning by a comfortable margin, but they weakened in the third string.

Mrs. Mortimer and Mrs. Malleck were the highest scorers, getting triples of 468 and 464, respectively. The latter chalked up the best single of 178.

The American Club trounced the Marine Ladies by a 3-0 score. The winners had a poor start but they got into form as soon as the second string commenced. Mrs. Deegan established a singles record of 220 in her second game. She did not roll so well in the first and third strings otherwise she might have created a new triple mark also.

Results follow:—

W.S.S.

Mrs. Sobel	146	140	128	414
Mrs. Mortimer	159	166	143	468
Mrs. Bojesen	170	137	110	417
Mrs. Collaco	133	135	138	406
Mrs. Malleck	139	178	147	464
	747	756	666	2,169.

C.C.C. "REDS"

Mrs. Gray III	144	168	104	416
Mrs. Bourne	120	147	156	423
Mrs. Dalton	137	125	147	409
Mrs. Cardwell	112	148	144	403
Miss McIntyre	142	143	134	419
	655	730	685	2,090

AMERICAN CLUB

Mrs. Evans	113	127	159	399
Mrs. Kwok	110	115	118	386
Mrs. Lamneck	118	128	147	393
Mrs. Deegan	138	220	127	485
Miss Hykes	113	120	130	363
	597	713	716	2,026

MARINE LADIES

Mrs. Allen	97	133	113	343
Mrs. Stokes	110	113	96	319
Mrs. Johnston	129	130	151	410
Mrs. Hommel	100	131	116	347
Mrs. Nelson	100	87	103	290
	536	594	579	1,709

Challedon Nominated For Widener Cup

Two British Horses Entered In Challenge Race

Miami, Fla., Feb. 5.

Challedon, the outstanding racer on the American turf in 1939, may have chance to eclipse Sun Bean's money-winning record, it was disclosed here when the fleet-hooved colt was nominated for the $50,000 Widener Challenge Cup to be held at Hialeah Park, Miami, on March 2.

Challedon recently won the Pimlico Special and in two years of racing has earned $252,235. Victory in the Widener event would place him within striking distance of Sun Bean's record earnings of $376,744.

Among other prominent horses nominated for the Widener cup were Kayak II, winner of the Santa Anita Handicap, and Seabiscuit.

Two English horses, Olympus and Bosley, owned by the Belair Farm, were also nominated along with the South American thoroughbreds Don Mike and Ra II.

In addition to the regular purse the winning trainer will receive a $5,000 bonus.—Reuter.

Paramount Trim U.S. Marine Reds

Chinese Team Expected to Win Basketball Honours; "Y" Cubs Defeated

Paramount cleared another hurdle in the Invitation Basketball League at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. last night by disposing of the U.S. Marine Reds with a margin of 57 to 54. The Chinese seem to have clinched the championship as they are expected to win the remaining two games against the Unions and Wu Tsing.

The Reds threatened in the early stages by jumping into a lead of 5-0. The ultimate winners had difficulty to pull themselves together and it was not until the middle of the first half that they gradually gained their feet. At the intermission Paramount led by 26 to 19.

Upon resumption both teams showed rare form in shooting. Hyui dazzled the crowd with beautiful long range shots while Meaghin and Robinson displayed equal accuracy and caused the score to rise quickly. With only three minutes to go, Paramount missed the services of Loh who went out via the foul route. This gave the service men a golden chance to catch up, but the Chinese were not to be outdone and held the lead until the final whistle.

Robinson starred for the Marines, netting seven field baskets, but the best man was Hyui who obtained eleven. Meaghin and Leadbetter each sank five baskets. S. C. Chang was the next highest scorer on the Paramount side with six field goals and as many foul shots.

Box scores follow:

PARAMOUNT

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
V. K. Hyui, f.	11	1	0	23
K. W. Wong, f.	2	1	3	5
Z. L. Zung, c.	5	1	1	11
T. U. Loh, g.	0	0	4	0
S. C. Chang, g.	6	6	1	18
Y. L. Chia, g.	0	0	2	0
	24	9	11	57

MARINE REDS

Estes, f.	4	7	2	15
Mudry, f.	0	0	3	0
Leadbetter, f.	5	3	2	13
Meaghin, c.	5	1	2	11
Dingwall, g.	0	0	1	0
Robinson, g.	7	1	2	15
	21	12	12	54

Marine Officers Win

Preceeding the Paramount-Reds encounter, the "Y" Cubs met the Marine Officers and were defeated by a decisive score of 35 to 21. The Officers were more balanced and fairly deserved to win. The difference between the two sides at half-time read 17-10.

Every man, except Blais, who played only a part of the game, shared in scoring for the winning team. Stokes netted four goals and was the highest point-getter. Honsowetz and Robertshaw each chalked up three while Wilde and Strivers netted two apiece. For the Cubs, Carson was the pick, getting three baskets.

Box scores follow:

MARINE OFFICERS

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
Stivers, f.	2	2	1	6
Robertshaw, f.	3	2	2	8
Stokes, c.	4	0	1	8
Wilde, g.	2	3	2	7
Honsowetz, g.	3	0	4	6
Blais, g.	0	0	0	0
	14	7	10	35

"Y" CUBS

Dobrenky, f.	1	0	3	2
Chanturai, f.	0	0	1	0
Vernick, f.	1½	0	2	2
Bernard, c.	2	0	2	4
Carson, g.	3	5	1	11
Krause, g.	1	0	1	2
	8	5	10	21

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HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7.30 p.m.
Events 1-8: 1. URANGA 2. ECHARRI 3. ESCORIAZA 4. ECHANIZ 5. CUBANO 6. FERNANDO
Events 9-16: 1. GUERNICA 2. SOLOZABAL 3. ALBERDI 4. GARATE 5. TABOADA 6. ACHA

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Rich STRAUSS Suite from the Music to LE BOURGEOIS GENTILHOMME
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Conductor: Maestro MARIO PACI
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Political Parties Criticized

Japanese Army Organ Sees Greater Conflict in Future With "Renovationists"

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

Strong criticism of the speech made in the Diet on February 2 by Mr. Takao Saito, in which he challenged the Konoye statement, and "old political parties" is voiced today by the "Kokumin Shimbun," the official organ of the Army.

It declares that mere disciplining of Mr. Saito will not close the incident. "Voices are rising inside and outside the Diet severely criticizing the old political parties on the grounds that many members among them hold the same mistaken views," the paper adds.

Saturday's proceedings, the "Kokumin Shimbun" continues, drew clear the line between the *"status quo"* group of Diet members and the "renovationists."

The latter are holding that the "holy war" cannot be pushed to a successful conclusion and the disposal of the China incident cannot be accomplished with such "conceptions and divisions of opinion."

"Hence, a huge axe should fall decisively upon the older parties," the paper adds. Therefore, the "Kokumin Shimbun" forecasts that the conflict between the *"status quo"* group and the "renovationists," who are following the slogan "dissolve the parties," may be expected in the future to become more undisguised.

Japanese Intrigued by Imbroglio

The press and the public continue to be intrigued by the imbroglio caused by the speech made by Mr. Takao Saito, veteran member of the Minseito Party, in which he challenged the Konoye statement, declaring that if it were rigidly carried out, Japan would get nothing out of the war in China.

Attention is centred on the meeting of the Lower House Disciplinary Committee this morning which will decide the action to be taken towards Mr. Saito and the resolution of non-confidence against Mr. Toshi Koyama, Speaker, for his failure to call Mr. Saito to order.

The resolution of non-confidence is being brought up at today's plenary session of the Diet by the Jikyoku Party, Doshikai Party, Social Mass Party and the Reformist section of the Seiyukai Party.

Non-Confidence Resolution Fails

The resolution of non-confidence which was brought against Mr. Toshi Koyama, Speaker of the Lower House, for his failure to call Mr. Takao Saito, veteran member of the Minseito Party to order, was abandoned this afternoon at a plenary session of the Diet, owing to formal opposition of the Nakajima faction of the Seiyukai Party, according to the "Asahi Shimbun."

Many "backstairs" negotiations are going on regarding Mr. Saito, the newspaper adds.

The Lower House Disciplinary Committee is reported to have met this morning, when a chairman was elected. The meeting, however, was adjourned. It is thought that some time will elapse before the Committee reaches any decision on the matter of Mr. Saito.

Admiral Yonai, the Premier, and Mr. Yanagawa, Director-General of the China Affairs Board, are said to be expounding the peace terms agreed upon with Mr. Wang Ching-wei, and the fundamental policy of Japan in that connection, before a secret session of the Diet, prior to the week-end.—Reuter.

After the Successful Raid on Heligoland

"Thumbs up" is the sign of these young British airmen, photographed at British air base after their return from a raid on Heligoland Bight when British planes brought down a dozen German Messerschmidts.

Japanese Military Budget Explained

Total of Y.4,460,000,000 Placed as Extraordinary Expenditure Next Year

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

An explanation of the 1940-41 extraordinary military budget was given at a plenary session of the Budget Committee of the House of Representatives today by Mr. Yukio Sakurauchi, Finance Minister.

The budget totals Y.4,460,000,000 of which Y.2,973,000,000 is the extraordinary army budget, Y.737,000,000 the extraordinary navy budget and Y.750,000,000 to be held in reserve.

He said Y.3,673,000,000 of the Y.4,460,000,000 would be taken from general accounts and Y.158,000,000 from special accounts and special taxes levied for the North China conflict. Other sources of revenue cover the remaining amount.

Eleven supplementary estimates were introduced, covering additional expenses for the relief of families of soldiers and sailors. Money for these appropriations could be raised by economizing in various Governmental departments.

Relief for Soldiers' Families

The supplementary budget for relief of families of soldiers and sailors totalled Y.10,975,000 bringing the total amount of military compensation for the current fiscal year ending in March to Y.87,869,000. Of the Y.10,975,000 the sum of Y.10,253,000 goes for living expenses, Y.481,000 for medical expenses, Y.9,000 for midwife expenses; Y.203,000 for productive enterprises; Y.13,000 as extraordinary grants for living expenses, and Y.16,000 for miscellaneous grants.

Explaining the extraordinary Army estimates, Gen. Shunroku Hata, War Minister, said that even on the eve of the construction of a new order in East Asia the situation in China did not permit any remarkable change in Japanese military operations or the numerical strength of the Japanese expeditionary forces in China.

Admiral Zengo Yoshida, Navy Minister, stated that the Y.737,000,000 extraordinary Navy estimate was for naval operations for the next fiscal year for China affairs.—Domei.

Manchoukuo Importing U.S. Machinery

Orders From Germany Not Being Filled

Changchun, Feb. 5.

Unable to import from Germany four dynamos needed for a hydro-electric project, because of the outbreak of the European war, the Manchoukuo Government will place orders for the machinery in the United States and in Japan, it was learned today.

The machinery will be installed at the projected Shuifengtung power plant on the Yalu River on the Korean border.

Instead of the three dynamos originally ordered in Japan, the Manchoukuo Government has placed orders for five with the Shibaura Engineering Works in Tokyo, while the purchase of two 100,000 kilowatt generators in the United States is being planned. Four of these generators were to have been purchased in Germany.

With increasing demands for electric power by Manchoukuo industrial enterprises, the completion of the Shuifengtung plant on the Yalu and the Sungari River project has become urgent. The three generators, originally ordered in Japan, will be completed in September, while the American machinery is expected to be installed by the end of 1941.

Meantime, one of three 70,000-kilowatt generators ordered by the Manchuria Electric Corporation for its Sungari project left San Francisco in the middle of January, while the remaining two are to be shipped by the end of June.

In addition to the three generators from the United States, the corporation has ordered three generators of the same capacity from Germany and two from Japan. This German machinery was expected to be delivered in spite of the war.—Domei.

S.A. Receives Large Donations

Rice Vans Tour City From Morning to Night

Notwithstanding the forthcoming Chinese New Year holidays, the Salvation Army campaigns for the rice van and the annual drive continued to be the recipients yesterday of generous donations from all sections of the population. In all, $7,331,24 were received towards the annual campaign and $1,930.52 in aid of the "hot rice campaign against starvation" yesterday alone.

Meanwhile, the padded garments distribution which was under way on Sunday, continued yesterday and the Army's Rice Vans continued to tour all sections of the city yesterday. Supplying beggars with hot rice and salted vegetables.

Officials Now Being Consulted on West

In regard to the much-discussed and vital western "outside roads" question, a spokesman for the Shanghai Municipal Council said yesterday that the Council was in the process of consulting various authorities about the matter. Thus a certain concrete stage has been reached in the negotiations, but the spokesman declined to say whether this stage could be regarded as final, as several officials had yet to be consulted.

On Sunday Mr. Fu Siao-en, the Mayor of the "Special Municipality," had stated that an "arrangement" over the extra-Settlement roads question had been reached, between the S.M.C. and Kiangwan, but he did not reveal any terms.

Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary and Commissioner General of the S.M.C., is expected to return to Shanghai from a three weeks holiday, spent in Hongkong and Singapore, towards the end of this week. Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the Council, likewise is absent from Shanghai at present.

Natural Ice Bridge Opened at Bretzsch

Berne, Feb. 4.

Official inauguration of a Nature-built bridge of ice across the River Elbe was reported today in the "Frankfurter Zeitung." The bridge, according to the German newspaper, is located at Bretzsch, is 330 yards long and is formed of ice a foot thick.—Havas.

G. M. Shares Transfered

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 5.

Mr. Charles Stewart Mott, vice-president of General Motors Corp., announced yesterday a transfer of 100,000 shares of General Motors stock, valued at more than U.S.$5,000,000. Mr. Mott, said to be the largest individual stockholder in the corporation, declined to discuss the transfer.—United Press.

Armed Gang Ransacks Ningpo Road Hong

Bogus Policemen Hold-up Chinese in Rickshaw

Six robbers who displayed three pistols obtained loot worth $450 at a Chinese cotton hong, House 5, Lane 473 Ningpo Road, between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and escaped. No shots were fired. The plunder consisted of money, jewellery and clothing.

An hour earlier a Chinese typographical foreman employed by the "North-China Daily News" had been robbed near the corner of Avenue Edward VII and Kwangse Road by several men posing as a Police search party. The victim, who was riding in a rickshaw with various pre-holiday purchases, lost his hat and $13 in bank-notes. The bandits, who apparently were unarmed, escaped by running, and there was no alarm.

Hawaii Suffers Drought

Hilo, Feb. 5.

The Island of Hawaii's longest dry spell since 1917 brought orders today from Hilo authorities that residents must strictly ration the water supply. Some plantations on the island were operating under restricted schedule because of the lack of water.—United Press.

Gen. Hata to Explain Army Policies

Nomohan, China Incidents Before Lower House

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

A full explanation of the Nomohan incident will be given before tomorrow's plenary session of the Budget Committee of the Lower House by the War Minister, Gen. Shuriruko Hata, it is understood.

Another important statement to be made sometime within the next week is expected to come from the Premier, Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai.

This pronouncement has been arranged in view of the political flurry caused by the interpellation of Mr. Takao Saito, leading member of the Minseito Party, regarding the objective and significance of the China hostilities and the Konoye statement.

The Premier, it is reported, will speak regarding the basic policy of the Government towards possible peace terms between China and Japan.—Reuter.

Asama Maru Case

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

Also at tomorrow's Diet session, Mr. Hachiro Arita, Minister of Foreign Affairs, is expected to give an explanation of the results of negotiations with Great Britain. He will make addresses in both the House of Peers and the lower chamber on the Asama Maru case.

Mr. Arita, is also expected to express the intentions of the Japanese Government of not suspending the Anglo-Japanese negotiations on the matter, but of further demanding the handing over of all the Germans seized.

Official documents on negotiations will be published in Tokyo, and London at 5 p.m. tomorrow. The reports were first scheduled to have been published this afternoon, but the date was changed.—Domei.

Past Week's Events Reviewed

German Air Attacks Show Difficulty of Passing R.A.F. Barrier

London, Feb. 5.

Events in Great Britain during the past week were characterized by the continuation of the German air attacks, the Franco-British conversations on the eventuality of granting important assistance to Finland, and in the diplomatic sphere by the contacts with capitals in South-East Europe for the conference of the Balkan Entente.

From a military point of view, the German air attacks proved how difficult it is for the enemy to cross the British defence barrier.

Several experts declare that the role to be played by the air force will be perhaps less decisive than previously expected, at least on the home fronts.

These experts add that Germany can only expect more tangible results if she brings her bases nearer, and this she will probably do when she decides to launch her large-scale offensive. Germany's intervention against Holland and Belgium, now postponed, is still a probability, according to these experts who add that it has only been postponed because the Reich hopes that the activity of belligerents will be limited geographically and that the peace initiatives of certain states such as Italy may have greater chances of success later.

Diplomatic quarters point out that Herr Hitler, in his latest speech, retained all his usual bellicose tone in referring to enemies weaker than France and Great Britain.

Allies May Take Initiative

These circles note that Mr. Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, in a recent address, indicated that Germany should not be surprised to see the Allies start an offensive. Although the intentions of the Allied General Staffs are not known, it is stressed that Mr. Churchill would not have referred to such an offensive if he had no idea as to the possible developments of military operations.

For the time being, less attention is being paid to events on the Western front than to the possibility of extending aid to Finland in a form other than mere material support.

This question has been the object of exchanges of views between France and Great Britain for the past few weeks, and it is believed that a decision will be reached within the next fortnight.

Strategic Considerations

It is added that the Soviet interpretation will be dictated less by the support given Finland than by the success of this support, namely the failure of Moscow in its enterprise in Finland. Britain and France will decide upon their conduct in the light of strategic considerations rather than for diplomatic reasons Practical possibilities will also prove a factor in determining the Allies' stand.

As for the meeting of the Balkan Entente, it is not believed in London that enough was done by the member states to strengthen their resistance against an eventual German or Soviet attempt at expansion.

Political circles point out that the final communique released following the meeting is not very explicit and that present information is not sufficient to allow for an exact estimation of the results of the conference.—Havas.

Mr. Gandhi Meets Lord Linlithgow

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

New Delhi, Feb. 5.

Mr. M. K. Gandhi this morning had his eagerly-awaited interview with the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow. The conversation lasted about 2½ hours. An official statement will be issued either this evening or tomorrow.—Reuter.

Plane Crashes Near Waikiki Beach

Honolulu, Feb. 5.

A training plane crashed yesterday in the surf 300 yards off famous Waikiki Beach in view of hundreds of swimmers and life-guards. Beach boys, using outrigger canoes and surf boards, rescued the plane's occupants, Privates Jack E. Gronewald and Charles W. Clapp. Motor failure apparently was responsible for the crash. Both occupants suffered fractured backs but were expected to recover.—United Press.

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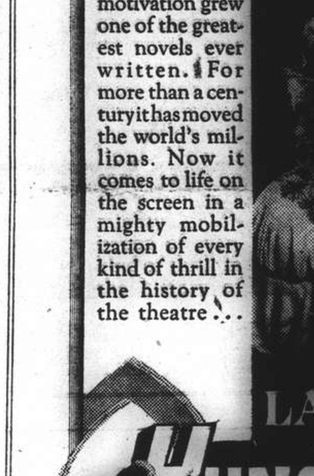

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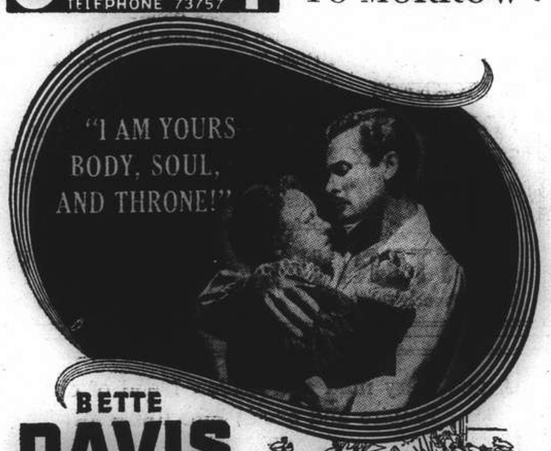

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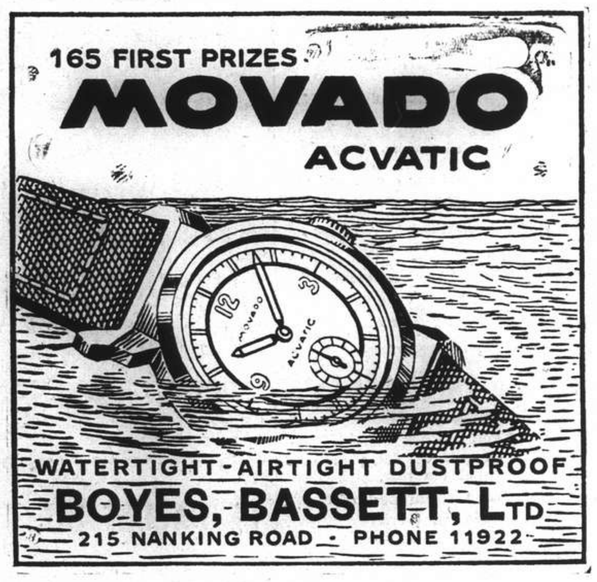

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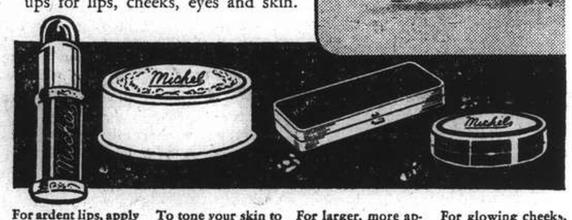

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Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTH

MADAR.—On February 5, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to ANN, wife of C. Madar, a daughter. -2132

ANNOUNCEMENT

On the occasion of the marriage of their sister, Miss GHITA NEVLER, to Mr. A. H. ROACH, Mr. and Mrs. Gershevich cordially invite all friends of both families to an informal wedding reception to be held at 1228 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 18, between the hours of five and seven p.m. on Saturday, February 10, 1940. Owing to the short notice, no formal invitations are being sent out. -2163

MARRIAGE

CHADDERTON—KELLY.—On February, 5, 1940, at the British Consulate, Shanghai, JACK, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Chadderton of Blackpool, England (formerly of Shanghai) to NORAH VERMULEN, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. U. J. Kelly, of Shanghai. 10680

DEATH

GRAHAM.—On January 3, 1940, at Tallinn, Estonia, HILDA ("Popsy"), dearly loved wife of J. S. Graham, formerly of Shanghai. Deeply mourned by all who knew her. -2162

CARD

Mrs. G. F. FORSHAW
Miss BARBARA A. FORSHAW
P.P.C. 10681

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

SUCCESS AT BELGRADE

The communiqué issued at the conclusion of the eighth session of the Balkan Entente conference in Belgrade is of considerable importance as indicating complete agreement between the four States which comprise it, namely, Greece, Rumania, Turkey and Yugoslavia, and there is every reason for supposing that stability will be maintained in that part of Europe for some time to come. The communiqué recorded the unity and common interests of the four member nations, and voiced their decision "to watch in common over the safekeeping of the right to independence and to national territory." The Conference has resulted in a diplomatic defeat for Germany, which all along had been seeking to stimulate rivalry of interests, so that out of the resulting disorder she would obtain benefits, which are at present denied her. There is now no question of increasing Entente trade exchanges with the Reich. The pressure, which Turkey brought to bear upon Bulgaria to declare that it would not press the matter of the Dobrudja until after the conclusion of the present war, had the result of considerably relieving Rumanian anxieties, while similar assurance regarding Hungary's claim on Transylvania was equally gratifying. In the absence of an immediate menace from those two countries, the tendency of Rumania to swing into the German orbit was halted, and though, doubtless, she will continue to supply Germany with goods, consonant with her status as a neutral, the probability of the Reich being able to bring pressure upon her to do more than that, has been rendered remote in the extreme, and the solidarity of the Entente has been reinforced in a manner which should secure for the Balkans stable conditions for at least another seven years. It may be within that period that Hungary and Bulgaria will be attracted towards membership in the Entente, when the question of the integrity of "national territory" shall have been settled satisfactorily all round. Such a possibility cannot but fail to please Italy which all along has desired a tranquil Balkan Peninsula.

If the Allies, and Italy are pleased over the decisions reached by the conference, Germany and Russia will certainly not be. The Entente, firmly united as they are now shown to be, will be able to present a united front against further diplomatic manœuvres by Berlin and Moscow or any other form of pressure they might seek to bring to bear collectively or individually. There is still one aspect of the matter which is not clear, and cannot be until Signor Mussolini has made a pronouncement on the subject. How far Rome would act against further German expansion of influence in the Balkans still remains to be seen. Any attempt by Russia will apparently be resisted by the Entente with the support of Italy, which might in certain circumstances become material rather than moral. But the continued existence of the sadly blown upon Rome-Berlin Axis makes it a matter of some speculation as to what the Italian attitude would be should the Reich decide to endeavour to obtain by force those larger supplies of essentials which Rumania can supply, and which she is at present refraining from placing exclusively at the disposal of Herr Hitler. The invasion and subjugation of Rumania by German forces would, in the first instance, destroy the Entente, or at the least do it considerable damage. Italian influence in the Balkans would tend to diminish just as it has in the Danubian states, and the possibility of Germany eventually finding an outlet on the Adriatic as well as the Black Sea, is not something which Il Duce can view with any great degree of equanimity. It is true that the seizure last year of Albania gives Italy complete command of the entrance to the Adriatic, for which purpose it was quite patently undertaken, but there can be no gainsaying the fact that Germany on the coasts of the Adriatic would be a very uncomfortable partner indeed. With Berlin and Moscow demonstrating such a community of interest as to make ideological differences of very small account, it is an open question whether the expansion of German influence in such a manner would be any more agreeable to Italy than it would be if the Soviet were responsible.

In view of all that has happened in the past, there cannot possibly be in Rome any real faith that Herr Hitler will honour his obligations to Italy if it does not suit him, any more than he has done to other nations with whom he has reached agreement. German and Italian interests in the Balkans are in opposition. It is unlikely, with all that he has at present on his hands, that Herr Hitler would seek now to provoke the open hostility of Italy. That, however, is no guarantee that at some future time the Reich would not seek to further its own aims, regardless of the Italian stand in the matter, and while no reasonable person believes in the possibility of a German victory in this present struggle, it is nevertheless quite clear that, should the unexpected occur, Italy would be in no position to offer effective resistance to German intentions in the Balkans. What then should be the attitude of Italy should increasing desperation as a result of the Allied blockade tempt Germany to endeavour to wrest by force from Rumania the whole of that country's output of those supplies which the Reich will stand in ever-growing need? That is a matter solely for the decision of the Italian Government, but, if the present situation is read aright, it would seem that Rome would be obliged to take action not in conformity with membership of the attenuated axis, but more suitable to its own needs and interests. Italy and Germany can have no community of interests in the Balkans. What has happened in the Danubian basin has clearly demonstrated that fact, for there, Italy has been obliged to give way before the manœuvres of the Reich to such an extent, that her influence there is but a shadow of what it formerly was. The complete understanding which has been reached at the Belgrade conference is, therefore, a success for Italian policy in the Balkans and a reverse for that of Germany. With regard to Russia, Rumania now stands in a better position to protect herself than appeared to be the case a few weeks ago, and though the possibility of the unexpected happening can never be disregarded, the satisfactory results which have now been attained should lead to a considerable strengthening of the position of all the Balkan nations.

Building For Victory

In addition to intensifying sea and air patrols and meeting attacks with the utmost vigour, Britain is preparing a very formidable answer to German onslaughts on British ships. This is taking the form of an expanded building programme which will not only make good the deficit created by mine, submarine and air bombing activity, but will vastly exceed the losses likely to be suffered no matter how intense Germany's attack on shipping becomes. It is reported that by the end of this year, the production of British shipyards will be a ship a day, and by gearing shipbuilding production to national needs, following the recent decision of the Government practically to nationalize the industry, it will not be difficult to increase this to two ships a day—a far greater ratio of increment to destruction. During the previous war, the British shipbuilding industry, which was and still is, second to none in the world, met all demands in spite of ruthless U-boat activities, and in the present conflict with Imperial resources, mobilized in the great task ahead of the country and empire, the productive capacity is far greater, although the rate of sinking is still much smaller than during the peak period of 1917 when the losses were counted in hundreds of thousands of tons as against the present rate of thousands. The renewal of German air attacks on ships in British coastal waters over the weekend, indicates that this form of offensive action is likely to be increased in intensity, although the principal sufferers in this and other attacks appear to be small trawlers and fishing boats which German propaganda claims have magnified into the importance of warships. The only belligerent attribute of some of these vessels is the mounting of a Lewis gun with the object of attempting to defend themselves against the attentions of Heinkel bombers, whose main objective for some time has been swooping down, machine gunning and bombing East Coast fishermen with indifferent results. Once upon a time, service in the air force used to be glorified by high traditions and chivalrous sentiments, but it is a sad reflection on the standard of the Hitler air force that a suitable adversary at present is a fishing trawler.

Poor Propagandists

The launching of a large scale propaganda campaign in the Near East by Germany and Russia upon the commencement of the war was in fact merely an intensification of the work which had been carried on for a considerable time past. The campaigns were launched with two objects in view, to parry the effects of the Allied blockade of Germany and to bring the natural resources of the Near East within reach of German and Soviet hands. They have met with setbacks on every front and in every country. Political and economic ties have been strengthened between the Allies and the Near Eastern nations, and open denunciation of the actions of the Reich and the Soviet have appeared in the Press. From the time when the ex-Kaiser ridiculously declared himself to be the protector of the Moslem faith, Germans for some reason or other, have always fancied themselves as occupying a special position with regard to Mussulmans. They occupied nothing of the sort, and that fact is even plainer now than it was when the ex-Kaiser made his famous trip to Palestine. The Moslem world has never allowed itself to be influenced by Germany, but rather does it support the democracies, because it is itself "democratic by nature religion and history," to quote the influential newspaper "Al Sianssa." "Mussulmans are convinced that the progress of the democracies means not only progress for the democracies or for Islam, but for all humanity." The enormous strides which have been made in the Near East, especially in education, has done much to permit the Mussulmans to form their own judgment of what is going on in the world. They realize what Germany and Russia are doing to smaller countries, and also the fact that their doctrines are not only irreligious but actually anti-religious. The story that the Soviet sought to stir up trouble in the Holy Land by distributing tracts lauding Josef Stalin and Adolf Hitler, is by no means unamusing. In a land where religion in one form or another is in the very air of the place, praise of men whose policies are quite definitely atheistic, is not likely to make much impression upon people of the Moslem faith. In some respects German propaganda has proved superior to that of the Allies, but taken as a whole, there cannot be the slightest doubt that, as the American Press claims, the Allies have been making rings round their enemies.

IN PARENTHESIS

Novice

It was an early morning raid warning, and a mother was urging her son of nine to hurry up with his dressing.

The boy, not liking the haste, looked up at his mother, and with quiet dignity said:

"Don't rush me, Mother; remember this is my first war."

* * *

The Sweep Again

"Of course," said The Sweep, "you ain't big enough to be sorry for little old Itler."

"I'm afraid I ain't," I said.

"Well," said The Sweep, "you ought to be. If ever there was a man in a tight corner it's im."

"Reelly?" I said.

"In the first place, he can't win the war," said The Sweep.

"No?" I said.

"And in the second place," said The Sweep, "he can't stop the war unless he does isself in or somebody does it for im. Ow would you like to be in a position like that?"

"I wouldn't like it a bit," I said.

"So all he can do now," said The Sweep, "is to try to make our flesh creep with these ere *blitzkriegs*."

"That's right," I said.

"And even that ain't workin no more," said The Sweep, "because we don't git no *blitzkriegs*."

"Too true," I said.

"If you say you're goin to do a thing and you don't do it," said The Sweep, "you lose your reputation as a man of your word. It's like you offerin me a pint an forgittin all about it."

"I'm sorry," I said.

"That's all right," said The Sweep, "no ard feelins."

"Thank you," I said.

"So there's little old Itler," said The Sweep, "can't win the war, can't stop it and can't frighten nobody into stoppin it. Cor crikey it makes you think, don't it?"

"It do," I said.

"The only time anybody believes little old Itler," said The Sweep, "is when he says he's goin to git nasty. But as he's always been nasty when he's ad a chance, there ain't no surprise in that."

"None at all," I said.

"So when he gives the names of ships he's goin to sink at sight," said The Sweep, "he might just as well ave kept is trap shut, because we all knew he'd do that anyway."

"We did," I said.

"And on top of all that," said The Sweep, "there's little old Stalin makin a monkey out of im and little old Goering avin a row with little old Ribbendrops, and all is generals avin a proper old dust up all round. Cor sufferin Mike, no wonder he can't sleep at night."

"No wonder," I said.

"And no wonder he as to send photographs of imself to the front line troops," said The Sweep, "otherwise they might forgit what they was fightin for."

"They might," I said.

"The front line in the winter ain't a very cheerful place at the best of times," said The Sweep, "without avin little old Itler scowlin at you."

"Too true," I said.

"They might ave appreciated it more if he'd sent a photograph of is lady contortionist friend," said The Sweep, "that's the stuff to give the troops."

"It is an all," I said.

"Cor chase my Aunt Fanny round the dugouts," said The Sweep, "cor sufferin blimey, it shows you what goes on, don't it?"

"It do," I said.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	35.0	Max.	41.0
Same date, 1939	Min.	32.5	Max.	52.5

Rainfall 1.42

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	29.3	Max.	42.4
Same date, 1939	Min.	32.7	Max.	40.6

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 4th:—Pressure rather high and steady over China: low and rising over Japan. Moderate monsoon along the Coast. Cloudy to overcast and cold weather in China.

State on the morning of the 5th:—Rainy and cold weather. East-north-easterly wind. Normal and falling pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Overcast and cold weather with snow and fresh north-easterly winds around Shantung: with rain or even snow and cyclonic circulation over our regions and the Eastern Sea, owing to the depression crossing Chekiang east-north-eastward. —Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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E. A. de Garcia	10		
Liang Chen	20	Anonymous	10
Mrs. J. N. Lewis-Bryan	10	Church of England Army Collec.	20
P. C. Feng	10	M. L. Feng	10
Miss L. Y. Feng	10	P. Chung Feng	10
E. T. Chow	100		

Rickshaw Mission *I.C. Milk*

Miss C. E. Steger	$10	Endeavourers' Sunday School	$100
Mrs. M. McLaren	10		

E'pean Ref. School

Beruth	$1,200	Cecil and Denzil Ezra	$100
Foreign Staff H'kong & S'hai Bank	385	Sympathetic gesture.	50
Anonymous	100	A. Maier	50

IN MEMORY OF MRS. R. F. JACOBS

B'nai B'rith

W. C. Cassels	$20	H. A. Meyer	$5

This Year's Cricket

It is to be hoped that some arrangement will be made whereby it will be possible to have a cricket season in England this year despite the war. It was feared when hostilities first broke out that football would have to be abandoned, but, within a comparatively short while, it was found possible to devise a scheme whereby it was possible to carry on, and save clubs which might otherwise have been ruined. The regional football scheme may not have been ideal, but it certainly served to keep the sport alive, and to provide hundreds of thousands with pleasant recreation. Cricket has not the same hold upon the British public as soccer, but, nevertheless, it has a very substantial following which would feel sadly deprived were it not possible to play this summer. A scheme has been prepared whereby thirty-four counties have been divided into four groups. A glance over the list in the report, which appeared yesterday, shows that between individual members of the various groups there would seem to be a very considerable disparity in talent, and that certain counties would appear almost bound to win in the regional tournament, but this winter's soccer up to the present, has been full of surprises, and the competition by no means as uninteresting as it was at first feared it would be. The same will probably apply to cricket. Many players of military age will have doubtlessly been called to the colours; their places will be taken by men over military age, but who, nevertheless, are able to prove that their hands have not yet lost their cunning. Comparisons of the prowess of the various teams last year will give but little idea of the prospects this summer, and while county cricket in this year of grace may not prove quite so attractive as it has in the past, it should still be good enough to give the ardent follower of the game some interesting matches, and an opportunity for the various clubs to earn some money, without which such a large proportion are in danger of passing out of existence. It is as well that this should be, for Britain can still show the world that there is yet time to win a game of cricket and the war as well.

Great Britain to Build One Ship Daily

Shipyards Concentrating on Vast Output of Merchant Vessels to Counter Losses at Sea ; Nazi Aircraft Continue Attacks on Shipping

London, Feb. 5.

BRITISH shipyards are planning to build merchant ships at the rate of one each day by the end of 1940, it was learned here last night. Further plans will provide for the increase of shipbuilding activities to 600 ships each year if the European war continues and German attacks on British shipping are intensified. Shipyards have been instructed to build as many ships as possible of the types in which they specialize.—United Press.

German Aircraft Continue to Attack Shipping

London, Feb. 5.

German aircraft continued its attacks against British coastal craft throughout the week-end with unabated fury, bombing and machine-gunning no less than six ships. The steamer Yewdale (823 tons) was attacked in the North Sea on Saturday by two German aeroplanes which opened up against her with machine-gun fire, smashing the windows of the wheel-house and killing the skipper and three members of the crew.

Braving the danger from the presence of German aircraft, local fishing craft went out and aided the Yewdale so that she was finally able to reach port safely.

The Grimsby trawler Rose of England was bombed and machine-gunned by three German aircraft in the same area. She escaped with little material damage and only one person aboard was injured. A member of the crew stated that the German aeroplanes dropped nearly thirty tons of bombs. He added that the skipper "was a real hero," sending the crew below to escape the hail of machine-gun bullets and himself remaining alone at the wheel to bring the ship safely to harbour.

Derelict Recovered

Later in the day six members of the crew of the steamer Kildale (3,877 tons) were killed during a German attack. This was revealed when fifteen survivors landed at an east coast port.

Two lifeboats which set out to search for the rest of the Kildale crew encountered the steamer Harley (400 tons) drifting without a crew. They put two men aboard, while an R.A.F. machine located the boat containing the Harley's crew of eight, one of whom was injured, and guided a fishing boat to their rescue.

Another steamer, the name of which is still unknown, was also found crewless. It was remanned from fishing boats and sailed northwards.

The London steamer Corland (3,431 tons) was attacked on Sunday. She sustained no damage beyond a broken mirror.

Dead Germans Drift Ashore

The bodies of three German airmen, one wearing the Iron Cross, were washed ashore on the coast of Northumberland yesterday. It is believed that they must be the crew of the Heinkel machine brought down off the mouth of the Tyne on Saturday.

A German rubber boat, fully inflated, was washed ashore onto the Orkneys over the weekend. It is believed that the crew of another German aeroplane that had been shot down must have drowned after taking to their raft.

German Claim "Absurd"

The German claim to have sunk 14 British ships during the weekend by aircraft action is described in authoritative British quarters as "absurd." Without revealing the actual losses suffered, authoritative circles declare that, while it is impossible to state the actual number of German bombers taking part in the raids, it is estimated that there were not more than twelve machines at the most and that it would be an impossibility for so small an attacking force to inflict the amount of damage claimed. At least three of these machines were shot down.

Regarding the German claim that 145,603 tons of Allied and neutral shipping were sunk between January 21 and 31, it is officially estimated that 73,027 tons were sunk between these dates. Sixteen ships of these, representing 46,475 tons, were neutral vessels, it is stated, while only seven of the sunken ships, totalling 18,236 tons, were British and three, representing 8,316 tons, were French. —Reuter.

Thirteen Known to Be Dead

London, Feb. 5.

Crippled British and neutral merchant ships came into port yesterday

(Continued on page 10, col, 4)

Britain Suffering Coal Shortage

German Communications Disrupted ; Food, Coal Supplies Inadequate

London, Feb. 5.

The Government took special measures at Glasgow, Birmingham and Manchester yesterday to relieve the fuel shortage resulting from the European war.

Police attempted to control crowds at Birmingham where householders besieged coal stored on the city's wharves. The coal shortage hit the city hard because of the current cold wave.

At Glasgow citizens were permitted to cut down trees in seven public parks to warm their homes after the 4,000-ton allotment for domestic use proved insufficient.

Police in cities experiencing the greatest fuel shortages reported many cases of theft from private coal cellars.—United Press.

Sufferings in Germany

Berlin, Feb. 5.

Widespread disruption of Germany's transportation systems and heavy losses of foodstuffs, particularly perishable vegetables, resulted from the cold wave in Germany during the past week, it was learned last night.

The cold wave, the worst in twelve years, intensified the drastic coal shortage in Germany because canals over which available coal supplies ordinarily are transported have been frozen.

In Berlin alone it was estimated that there were at least 1,500 apartment houses without heat yesterday, one of the coldest days in many years. Private homes are being permitted only 300 pounds of coal each during February.

Damage to potatoe stores has been heavy during the present cold wave, informed quarters disclosed.—United Press.

Sentiment Against Japan Increases

More Congress Members Favour Restrictions

Washington, Feb. 5.

Senators and Representatives demanding restrictive measures against Japan were increasing in numbers, but their leaders indicated today that there was no hurry to enact embargoes.

Senator Sherman Minton, Democrat of Indiana, told the United Press that there was "no notion to change the plan. We are studying the matter closely from all possible angles."

Senators and Congressmen from states relying on commodity interests, such as cotton, were determined to prevent hasty action, although some Southerners favoured a partial restriction on the shipment of war materials to Japan.

Senator Allen J. Ellender, Democrat of Louisiana, said that "we cannot continue to disregard the fact that China and Japan are at war. As much as I sympathize with the Chinese people, as neutrals we cannot discriminate between belligerents."

Mr. Fred L. Crawford, Republican Representative of Michigan, said that he would speak on the floor of the House on behalf of cotton interests.

Meanwhile, some responsible quarter claimed that the current suspense must be regarded as a move partly designed to encourage Chinese resistance and discourage the formation of a Wang Ching-wei regime.—United Press.

Mme Chiang Pledges $100,000

Chungking, Feb. 5.

Mme Chiang Kai-shek, after a stirring speech today at a meeting organized by the Friends of the Wounded Society, pledged personally to raise $100,000 for the Society. She is honorary chairman of the movement, while Dr. H. H. Kung, Minister of Finance, is chairman.

At least 100,000 members are expected to enlist in the movement, the aim of which is to obtain one "friend" for every wounded Chinese soldier.—Reuter.

Chungking Reviving "New Life" Move

Chungking, Feb. 5.

"If the Japanese want to know the aims and other details of the New Life Movement they had better tune in on February 19, when the President, Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, will deliver a radio address," remarked Mr. Huang Jen-lin, Secretary-General of the New Life Movement, today, when shown a Reuter report from Canton that the Japanese intended "reviving" the movement.

A week of intensive publicity and campaigning on behalf of the movement will begin on February 18, on the occasion of the sixth anniversary of the founding of the movement by Gen. Chiang Kai-shek.—Reuter.

More Neutral Ships Join British Convoys

London, Feb. 5.

An ever increasing number of neutral merchant ships are joining naval convoys escorted by British warships as suggested by Mr. Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, the "Daily Telegraph" announced this morning.—Havas.

Balkan States Renew Pledge Of Entente

Neutrality, Closer Trade Co-operation Will Be Maintained

Belgrade, Feb. 5.

The Balkan Entente Conference here last night ended with the announcement that the Balkan Pact would continue in force for another seven years. Greece, Rumania, Turkey and Yugoslavia, the four members of the Entente also reaffirmed their determination to maintain their neutrality and keep their countries out of the present European War.

The first steps to extend Balkan trade have been taken and further progress is expected at the meeting of the standing economic committee in mid-February.

It is understood the Balkan Conference decided that the moment is inopportune to raise the question of territorial revision.

M. Sukru Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, is on his way home. He will assure the Bulgarian Prime Minister that Bulgaria's peaceful attitude is warmly appreciated, and that her territorial claims should be left for discussion later.

Allies Satisfied with Results

Although the official communique contains no radical decisions, it shows for the first time that the four Balkan Powers are thinking in terms of a general Entente for south-east Europe, writes Reuters Diplomatic Correspondent. The Conference, while taking care not to offend Germany with a Balkan bloc, nevertheless, through private discussions, has been more successful for the Allied cause than had been hoped, he adds. Apart from some initial differences of opinion as to whether territorial invasion should be discussed officially, there was no dissension such as was reported abroad, he concludes.

The official communique summarising the work done by the Conference, was issued last night. It says "the four members of the Entente, in an atmosphere of cordial co-operation," agreed:

1. That the preservation of peace was in the common interests of member-States,
2. That they would continue their policy of excluding war from their part of Europe,
3. That they would maintain the closest co-operation among members of the Entente,
4. That they would continue their friendly relations with neighbouring peoples,
5. That they would promote extensive collaboration in matters of commerce and transport among member-States,
6. That they would ratify the Balkan Pact for another seven years, and
7. That the Foreign Ministers of the member-States would continue to maintain close contact.

Perfect Understanding Stressed

The communique was read out by M. Grigor Gafencu, the Rumanian Foreign Minister, as President of the Entente Council, after which the representatives of the four countries made separate statements.

M. Gafencu said the Conference had been held in an atmosphere of complete calm and perfect understanding.

"We have been able to confirm our desire loyally to serve the cause of peace and to develop friendly relations with our neighbours," he declared. He added that he wished to deny "all the sensational rumours which got abroad concerning the conference."

The statements of the other representatives all stressed the beneficial results of the conference.—Reuter.

Paris Well Pleased

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Paris, Feb. 5.

A good impression has been gained in official circles by the results of the Balkan Conference, which were stated to indicated a strengthening in the collaboration of the Entente, and with immediate neighbours, particularly Bulgaria.

The conference, it is considered, also marks a new stage in the improvement of relations between Yugoslavia and Turkey.—Reuter.

Rev. J. E. Jardine to Become American

Hollywood, Feb. 5.

The Rev. J. E. Anderson Jardine, exiled from the Church of England after he married the Duke of Windsor and Mrs. Wally Simpson, said today he has decided to become an American citizen. The mild clergyman said he would take out his first papers after a national speaking tour.—United Press.

Norwegian Vessel Feared Lost

Oslo, Feb. 5.

It is feared that the Norwegian steamer Segovia (1,387 tons) has been lost with its entire crew of 22 and one passenger while on its way to Portugal. Nothing has been heard from the ship since January 20 when it was in the Bay of Biscay.—Havas.

Opening of Pearl River Regarded With Suspicion by Shipping Companies

Conditions May Favour Japanese ; Competition May Not Be Possible ; Exports May Save Situation

Canton, (By Mail)

The recent Japanese indication of the impending reopening of the Pearl River to third Power trade has not evoked much enthusiasm or optimism among shipping circles here.

It is felt in these circles that any third Power trade that would be permitted would be strictly under Japanese control; in other words that permission would be required before goods could be imported or exported: and at any moment such movements could be stopped on the pretext of "military necessity."

Another great obstacle that foreign importers would have to overcome is competition with Japanese products; the former would most probably have to pay Customs duty, whilst the latter would enter duty free.

An additional factor that would hamper third Power trade in Canton is the low purchasing power of the present populace. The only section of the population in the city with the purchasing power for foreign goods is the Japanese community, and they would be too patriotic to purchase third power goods when the city is so well stocked with their home products of almost every description.

The only line of foreign products which might find a market here under present conditions is most probably low-priced piece-goods.

With regard to exports from Canton, despite the official closure of the River to trade, it is believed that by devious means goods are finding their way out of Canton. It is on exports that foreign firms may derive some benefit from the re-opening of the river, but here again, exporters emphasize, it remains to be seen what restrictions will be imposed on exporters.—Reuter.

Finland's "Ghost Army" Goes Into Action

"On the march" is an inappropriate phrase for this detachment of Finnish soldiers, who, with white smocks for camouflage in the snows and wearing skis, conduct guerilla activities against the invading Russians. This photograph was taken on the eastern frontier of Finland.

British Boycotted In Shantung

Japanese Navy Exerting Moderating Influence in Tsingtao Area

Tsingtao, Feb. 5.

The anti-British boycott in the interior of Shantung still continues, according to reports from Tsinan, the capital, while there are indications that it may shortly be revived in Tsingtao.

Shops in Weihsien, midway between Tsingtao and Tsinan, were entered this week and all British goods found therein confiscated and sold at public auction for the benefit of "charity," according to Chinese press reports.

In Tsingtao itself the anti-British Committee recently held a meeting to discuss what steps, if any, shall be taken to enforce the boycott of British goods in the port, but it is reported that no definite decisions were reached. This coincides with the revival of anti-British propaganda, which has been in abeyance for the past three months in the local vernacular press.

If the boycott is renewed in Tsingtao it will probably not be as violent as elsewhere, according to foreign circles, who affirm that this is due to the fact that the Japanese Navy controls Tsingtao and the Navy has always been more moderate than the Army, the instigator of the "No British Goods" movement.

The appointment of Admiral Yonai as Japanese Premier may have caused some discontent in Army circles, it is suggested, with the result that the boycott, an Army matter, may be renewed as an assertion of Army authority in North China.

Navy's Moderating Influence

On the whole the Japanese Navy has exercised much of a moderating influence in Tsingtao, it is stated.

The recent increase in shopping facilities was mainly due, according to foreign circles, to the influence of the Navy, although doubtless with the consent of Tokyo. It is suggested in these circles that the Navy is in favour of a less aggressive policy towards Third Powers, partly on account of goodwill on the part of personnel, and partly for fear of reprisals against Japanese shipping.

Japanese Naval circles, it is pointed out, must realize that Britain's wartime contraband control system provides her with a potent and coordinated means of retaliation against discrimination in the Far East, which the Japanese Navy must be anxious not to see brought into play. —Reuter.

Norwegians Pilot Nazi Arms to Russia

Germans Said Exchanging Cruisers For Submarines

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 5.

Two German vessels from the Baltic took aboard Norwegian pilots for navigation in territorial waters south of Oslo, according to a despatch received from the correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" at Stockholm.

On Friday these vessels were found to be loaded with artillery, small arms and ammunition for the Russians based at Petsamo and Murmansk. The steamers can remain in Scandinavian waters almost the whole way, and are expected to unload at Petsamo at the end of the week.

This traffic has been proceeding for at least a month, the correspondent continues, and the use of large German supplies at the northern front has caused great bitterness among the Finns.

Fifteen Russian submarines will be exchanged for a German cruiser and probably another warship, the correspondent concludes. These German vessels are expected to replace those ships sunk and damaged by Finnish coastal batteries, and during the air-raid on Kronstadt.—Reuter.

Sir Andrew Duncan Enters Parliament

London, Feb. 5.

Sir Andrew Duncan, President of the Board of Trade, was elected a member of Parliament for the City division of London in an unopposed poll. He replaces Sir Alan Anderson, who resigned in his favour.—Havas.

Dutch C.-in-C. Resigns

Amsterdam, Feb. 5.

General I. H. Reynders, Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, handed in his resignation today. Promoted to the rank of General and appointed to replace him is Lieutenant-General H. G. Winkelmann, commander of the Utrecht air defence sector. General Reynders resigned owing to divergencies of views with the Government on military and technical matters.—Havas.

Russian Strategy Emerges As Offensive Develops

Bid for Finnish Eastern Railway Seen; Bombings Attempt to Demoralize People ; Finns Hold Fast

Amsterdam, Feb. 5.

THE Red Army was making a new threat to reach the Bothnian Gulf last night after repeated failures to cut Finland in half by this manœuvre. What at first appeared a chaotic new Soviet operation last night was beginning to look like a Russian bid to capture the whole of the Finnish eastern railway and reach the gulf by driving north-westward.

The strategic railroad starts at Leningrad, skirts the western side of Ladoga Lake and then runs across Finland through Joenfuu, Nurmes and Tooulu to the gulf. The new Russian attack on the Karelian Isthmus has tended to follow the railway while attacks north of Lake Ladoga have nearly reached the railway at Kitela. Farther north the Finns are engaging the Russians moving towards the railway. Now the Russian forces operating westward from Kuhmo could also threaten Kontionaki, another station on the railway.

If, as the Scandinavian states fear, the Russians are planning to invade Norway and northern Sweden, they would be unable to organize such an invasion without possession of a major railway which would simplify the supply problem during further operations.

The terrific attacks on Finnish civilians by Russian bombers throughout the past week is considered here as Moscow's reply to the appearance of British and Italian planes in the Finnish air force.

Recent Helsinki communiques, it was pointed out, have frequently mentioned Finnish bombing attacks on Russian positions and distant reconnaissance flights over Russia. One laconic sentence in a recent communique said Finnish planes had bombed Kronstadt, the Russian naval base where the Russian fleet is now immobilized by ice and presents a stationary target.

When the Russians saw more and more Finnish planes, it is believed, they responded with wholesale raids on the Finnish civilian population. The strategy behind this, it is believed, is that terrorization of civilians, especially along routes of evacuation to Sweden, will bring such distress that the Finnish people will demand that the Finnish High Command take its new planes from the front to screen the suffering Finnish towns and villages behind the lines.—United Press.

Red Victory by February 23?

Paris, Feb. 5.

Soviet Russia is hoping to achieve a military victory in Finland before February 23, the anniversary of the Red Army's creation. Meetings in Moscow and in all the principal Soviet towns are developing this theme.

The Russian offensive in Finland has been launched more methodically on the front and more savagely behind it, through daily air bombings of the civilian population. The immense loss of prestige suffered by the Soviet Government makes Russia's position more difficult in her negotiations with Japan and weakens her stand towards the Reich.

The Soviet Government has therefore decided to bring operations to an end as soon as possible, and if the new push fails, well-informed quarters expect Moscow to release another trial balloon next month for German mediation. The puppet Kuusinen Government in Finland would then be disbanded,

Helsinki's attitude is extremely cautious and leaves the door open for any peace initiatives. Although she is fully engaged in military operations, Finland continues to maintain a neutral stand in the political sphere to allow for an honourable peace if the U.S.S.R decides to lay down arms and negotiate.—Havas.

Finns Kill 5,000 Russians

Helsinki, Feb. 5.

Five thousand Russian troops have so far been killed in the new Soviet offensive attempting to break through the Mannerheim Line, the Finnish High Command announced last night. Four thousand Russians were killed in the Summa sector and another thousand near Lake Muola. The Russian attack on Kuhmo was repulsed with heavy Russian losses.

The Finnish High Command said that since the beginning of the new Russian offensive, eleven Soviet planes were shot down by Finnish pursuit planes or anti-aircraft batteries.

In fifteen Russian raids on Finnish towns on Saturday, the Finnish communique reported, forty civilians were killed and fifty wounded. One hundred civilians were killed in all Russian raids on Saturday and Sunday, the communique said. The two-day toll of wounded civilians was set at 200 of whom fifty were in a serious condition.

Russian planes dropped more than 580 bombs in the Helsinki area alone on Saturday, the communique added. Two air raid shelters were hit at

(Continued on page 8, col., 5)

Red, Nazi Drive in Near East Fails

Propaganda Campaign By Berlin and Moscow; Extremists Bribed

Cairo, Feb. 4.

Propaganda on a scale to which the Near East was unaccustomed, was launched by the Berlin and Moscow publicity bureaux upon the outbreak of the present war. On every front in each country, it has met with severe setbacks.

The propaganda campaigns were launched with two objects in view: to parry the effects of the Allied blockade and to bring the natural resources of the Near East within reach of German and Soviet hands.

In Berlin, a shortwave radio station daily has broadcast tendentious propaganda on behalf of two Arab traitors. Simultaneously, German agents have tried to reorganize terrorism in Palestine by distributing funds to certain extremists who sought refuge in Irak.

Soviet Russia also tried to foment troubles in the Holy Land by distributing tracts lauding Josef Stalin and Adolf Hitler. Moscow also spread its propagandistic efforts into Irak to rouse discontent among extremists.

In Iran, the Kremlin took a more open course of action and tried to obtain a concession to build a new railway prolonging the Khois and Dilman Railways toward the solitary trunk line that links the northern Irak frontier to the Mossul oilfields.

Propaganda was not spared in Afghanistan either, and the Afghan authorities only recently quashed an embryonic plot at Kabul, the capital.

Cause of Failure Obvious

The failure of German-Soviet propaganda, observers stated, was obvious, for political and economic ties have been strengthened between the Allies and the Near Eastern nations.

Relations between France and Iran particularly have been much improved. Proof was given recently in the appointment of French Professor Oberlan as Dean of the Teheran Faculty of Medicine.

Open denunciation of German and Soviet propaganda was forthcoming in a commentary by the influential newspaper "All Sianssa," which wrote: "The Moslem world has not allowed itself to be influenced by Germany. On the contrary, it supports the democracies because it is democratic by nature, religion and history. Mussulmans are convinced that the progress of the democracies means not only progress for the democracies or for Islam, but for all humanity."—Havas.

Italy Denounces Russia for Exceeding Terms of Accord with Germany

Finnish War Contravenes German Interests ; Balkan Penetration Will Be Opposed by Italian Action

Rome, Feb. 5.

The officially inspired Italian press yesterday charged Russia with exceeding the terms of her agreement with Germany by invading the Baltic states and indicated that Italy was determined to prevent Russian aggression in the Balkans.

"There is no doubt," said the "Corriere Padano," "that Stalin's action in the Baltics, especially his aggression against Finland, is far beyond any previous accord reached with Chancellor Hitler.

"The Soviets already are unscrupulously trampling on all German interests in the Baltic area."

The "Corriere Padano" is the mouthpiece of Air Marshal Italo Balbo, Governor of Libya.

Meanwhile, Signor Benito Mussolini's organ, the "Voce d'Italia," said: "Italy's tenacious efforts to neutralize foreign influences in the Balkan game have finally prevailed." The editorial, written by Signor Virginio Gayda, was interpreted as an indication of Italy's satisfaction with the outcome of the Balkan Entente Conference last week at Belgrade which resulted in new solidarity among the Balkan states.

The Milan "Sole" commented that "Italy will force her own destiny despite London and Paris and, if need be, against London and Paris." —United Press.

Yunnan Railway Bombing Puts U.S., France in Angry Mood

Representations Made in Tokyo ; Vital Line For Communications Being Interrupted ; Japan Firm

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

MR. Eugene H. Dooman, Counsellor for the United States, handed the Foreign Office a memorandum on February 1 containing "very many legalistic points," it was revealed by Mr. Y. Suma, Foreign Office spokesman at a press conference here. The note is said to concern the interruption of American commerce along the Yunnan railway by Japanese bombing.

The United States deems the railway a main line of communication with Chungking, where are at present many American residents, the communication is reported to have added. Mr. Suma stated that the memorandum needed careful study before a reply could be made.

Japanese forces have no intention of bombing non-combatants, he declared. "We believe our military forces are carrying out their actions with the greatest of care. The Japanese Government fully endorses the action which was taken against the railway."

A recent despatch from the Japanese Ambassador to France, after an interview with M. Edouard Daladier, the French Prime Minister, showed that France was prepared to give no response to Japanese desire regarding traffic on the Yunnan railway, the spokesman added.—Reuter.

Japan Desires Settlement

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

The Japanese Government was ready to settle the question of the Japanese bombing of the French-owned Yunnan railway amicably after a careful investigation, Mr. Masayuki Tani, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, told M. Charles Arsène-Henry, French Ambassador in Tokyo, who renewed the French protest against the recent Japanese actions, Japanese quarters said tonight.

M. Arsène-Henry visited Mr. Tani this afternoon and protested against the recent bombings, which resulted in the death of five French subjects and damage to both railway tracks and rolling stock.

Mr. Tani, Japanese quarters, said described the bombings as "inevitable" for purposes of strategy. He also claimed that he did not have a full report on the details of damage done by the Japanese bombings, the same sources claimed.

Mr. Tani, however, informed the French Ambassador of Japan's desire to settle the issue amicably.

Japan's Reply Ready for U.S.

Japan may reply in the near future to the American *aide memoire* presented here last Thursday in connection with Japan's bombing of the French-owned Yunnan Railway, the Foreign Office spokesman said today.

The *aide mémoire*, presented at the Japanese Foreign Office by the American Chargé d'Affaires in Tokyo, Mr. Eugene Dooman, called Japan's attention to the fact that bombing of the Yunnan Railway was causing damage to American goods and cutting off the communications of Chungking Americans with the outside world, the Foreign Office spokesman said.

The American note, he said, was immediately communicated to the Japanese War Office. The note at present is being studied by the Foreign Office he said.

Possibly indicating the nature of the forthcoming Japanese reply, the spokesman said that the bombings of the railway were being carried out for reasons of "military necessity" and that the injury of non-combatants in such raids was "quite unfortunate."

The spokesman added that bombings of the railway would not cease unless the "military necessity ceases to exist."

The spokesman indicated that Franco-Japanese negotiations regarding bombings of the Yunnan Railway were deadlocked. He said France had advanced no new views in the interview last week between the French Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, and the Japanese Ambassador to France.

"The French views are far from meeting Japan's ideas," the spokesman said.—United Press.

U.S. Protest Has Two Points

Tokyo, Feb. 5.

Representations by the United States to the Japanese Government protesting against the bombing of the Yunnan Railway, supply route from French Indo-China to the Chungking Government, were filed on Thursday, a spokesman for the Japanese Foreign Office declared today.

He declared that the American representations were being studied by the Japanese Government. The protest, he added, was two-pointed. The first, he said, concerns American goods being transported over the railroad. The second referred to the serious inconvenience that many American nationals still remaining in Chungking were undergoing because the railway was the only means of communication between Chungking and the outside world.

The spokesman asserted that the bombing of the Yunnan Railway had been and was being carried out because of military necessity. Therefore, he added, the Japanese attacks would not cease until the military necessity ceased to exist.

He endorsed the Japanese military action, declaring that such activities were being carried out by Japanese military authorities on the spot on their own initiative for strategical necessity.

Care for Non-combatants

The military authorities, he stated, were taking the utmost care to prevent the civilian population and non-combatants from being injured.

(Continued on page 8, col. 6)

Inflation Danger To Japan

Kobe Traders Publish Warning ; Control Laws Evaders Denounced

Kobe, Feb. 5.

An "Appeal to the Japanese Nation" advising the people to become more conscious of the realities of the existing situation and warning against the dangers of "vicious inflation" is published by the Kobe Traders Association.

Declaring that a rapid rise in domestic prices has been observed, the appeal states that it is feared that "vicious inflation" will follow and that its result will be a great handicap to the nation and to individuals.

"The trend of rising prices in Japan," it declares, "has become more vicious of late. Secret transactions as a result of hoarding by traders and their hesitation to sell in the open market are growing more frequent every day. If this situation is not altered, inflation of a very severe nature will be unavoidable.

"A very deplorable situation prevails in that those who have money are buying up stocks of commodities as they please and attempting to make big profits, violating control regulations and causing prices to soar. This is a reflection on national sentiment and the pride of the Japanese people.

Exports Falling

"At the same time, Japan's export trade, which may be called a war expedition of merchandise, is gradually falling. This is a matter of life and death to Japanese traders and also having a great effect on the ability of the nation to secure enough foreign currency.

"It is not the illegal activity of traders alone which is the background of the present trend toward higher prices. Unconscious hoarding by the people, although not in large amounts by individuals, is in large measure responsible for this. Cumulative hoarding results in lack of freely moving stocks and in turn induces higher prices.

"We appeal to the entire Japanese nation. Japan does not lack materials, but their distribution is uneven. We must do away with hoarding immediately and avoid reckless consumption to enable us to ensure a supply of articles of daily necessity.

"It is earnestly hoped that all Japanese will co-operate, heart and soul, in the interest of the State, thereby permitting the Government to achieve the holy task of developing East Asia," the appeal concludes. —Reuter.

Foodstuffs Allowed in Tientsin Concession

First Truckloads Enter Under New Agreement

Tientsin, Feb. 5.

Three truckloads of foodstuffs entered the British Concession this morning. Two more are expected this afternoon. It is understood that no difficulties were experienced at the barriers.

Five truckloads of foodstuffs are now expected to enter the British Concession daily, now that the scheme, agreed upon between the British authorities and the Japanese authorities, has started to operate.

The food situation here became extremely acute following the re-electrification of the wires around the foregn areas and the tightening-up of barrier restrictions. Exhorbitant prices were demanded for the little foodstuffs available.

The British Consul-General, Mr. Oswald White, took up the matter with the Japanese authorities and succeeded in persuading them to allow five truckloads of foodstuffs to enter the British Concession daily.—Reuter.

Train Hits Landslide In England

London, Feb. 5.

One woman was killed and several other passengers injured when an express train from Northampton to London ran into a landslide near Watford yesterday. Five landslides were reported on different railway lines in Britain over the week-end. —Reuter.

German Ambassador to Russia on Way Home

Berlin, Feb. 4.

The German Ambassador to Soviet Russia, Count von der Schulenberg, has arrived at Riga on his way back to Berlin from Moscow, says a Riga telegram published here today.—Reuter.

French Communique On West Front

Paris, Feb. 5.

Last night's French communique states: "In the early morning a sharp encounter with an enemy reconnoitring party turned to our advantage."—Reuter.

Mr. Saito's Disturbing Speech In Diet Reported in Full

Japanese Politician Asks Government to Explain "New Order" and Say If Japan Must Pay for War

Tokyo, Feb. 3.

THE following is a translation of the full speech delivered before the Diet yesterday by Mr. Takao Saito, member of the Minseito Party, which resulted in the demand that he be expelled. This translation was taken from the verbatim account as in the stenographic records of the debate:

"Two and a half years have gone by since the outbreak of the China Incident. Japan is now facing a number of serious problems both at home and abroad. The Yonai Cabinet came into being as a recent political change. At the time, Admiral Yonai spoke of several points of policy, but his statement was a very abstract one. The contents of the address he delivered before this house when it resumed its session was also very abstract. It is impossible to know, from that declaration, the Cabinet's views regarding national policy.

'Although I will dwell on three points—disposal of the China affair, international issues, and domestic problems—I wish to concentrate my questions on the first one. On that question, I will express my views and am anxious to hear the candid opinions of the Premier.

"The disposal of the China affair, needless to say, is a serious question and undoubtedly the most important of all political issues confronting the nation at present. Therefore, what I wish to hear now is also what the nation wants to know.

"I want to know what the future of the China Incident will be, how much longer is it going to last, and what are the Government's plans for its solution.

Entire Nation Waiting

"To these questions, the entire nation is waiting for this session of the Diet to reply.

"The Konoye Cabinet withdrew without seeing the affair to the end. As for the Hiranuma Cabinet, you know all about it. The Abe Cabinet, despite its statement that it would make every effort to dispose of the China Incident, resigned en bloc without even showing the nation anything in that direction. Now, with the present Cabinet, an opportunity arises to outline the problem to the people.

"Therefore, at this juncture, I frankly ask the Premier to what extent the so-called disposal of the Incident will go, and what it will include. These are questions which must be replied.

"To make my views clear regarding the present affair, I state that doubtless some miscalculations were made on the Japanese side to say nothing of the Chinese. On our side, we decided on a policy of non-expansion and of a local settlement of the incident; that policy was betrayed by the challenge of the Chinese. Thereafter, the incident spread day after day and month after month, finally to reach its present proportions. There is no need to mention the miscalculations of the Chinese.

How China Incident Began

"I have here a document which is worthy of your consideration. It is the weekly bulletin published by the Cabinet Information Bureau on December 13, 1939. In this document there is an article signed by the Chief of the Intelligence Section of the General Staff of the Japanese Expedit onary Forces in China. It points out that the war started through China's lack of recognition of Japan, especially Chiang Kai Shek's, and also through a lack of study and recognition of China on Japan's part.

"In other words, the present incident is due to these two factors: lack of understanding of China by Japan, and vice versa.

"However, even if there had been the necessary reflection on these matters, a large-scale incident would still have been inevitable between the two countries. There was a hidden rock which, sooner or later, was to cause an affair, and the Lukuchiao incident broke out. The explosion took place, and it could not have been prevented, for it was the destiny of the two countries against which nothing could be done.

Both Should Strive for Peace

"Since there is no doubt as to who will win the war, the incident should be disposed of as speedily as possible. It is the responsibility not only of the Japanese statesmen but of the Chinese statesmen as well, to wipe out all the evils which lie between our two nations, and to lay a foundation for peace. How these evils can be removed and a stable future guaranteed, that is the only question. We must consider both the Japanese and Chinese points of view.

"One point cannot be neglected in the disposal of the China Incident: it is the enormous sacrifices which have been made by the Japanese people and nation during the long period of 2½ years. All the sacrifices undertaken by the people, including their lives, property, and freedom, can by no means be repaid so easily. Although this is called an "affair, it is really an extensive war, such as this Empire has never undertaken before.

What Army Has Conquered

"According to the report by the War Minister yesterday made before this house, a territory as large as the whole of Japan is under Japanese occupation in China. This was made possible only by the gallant action of our soldiers. Already some 100,000 soldiers have been killed on various fronts, while hundreds of thousands of officers and men have been wounded. No one is qualified to speak of the disposal of the China affair without taking this into consideration.

"As you know, we fought with China forty years ago, and with Russia thirty years ago. In these wars we placed our nation's very existence at stake. However, the scope of our sacrifices cannot be compared to the present one.

"In what conditions can peace be restored? This must be made clear. In view of the past history of this country and also of its future, the entire nation, to say nothing of the officers and men at the front, cannot agree to a settlement of the China affair which would not repay them for their sacrifices, as past wars have done (loud cheers from all benches).

Is the Government prepared to do this? That is what I want to know.

Konoye Statement Examined

As for the disposal of the incident, Premier Yonai declared that an immutable policy has been established. What is that policy? It must be the Konoye statement. Needless to say, that statement, published on December 22, 1938, is the immutable policy for the settlement of the China incident. As for myself, I am slightly sceptical regarding the said statement.

"I wish you to understand me. I am not opposed to the statement of Prince Konoye, nor do I disagree with it. Whether I agree or disagree, I shall decide after hearing the explanations of the Government." (Cheers by all members).

Today is a day of interpellation. This means that our doubts must be explained. So I am asking you to follow me in this spriit.

The Konoye statement has five points:

1. Respect for the soverignty of China;
2. No territorial claims and no indemnity;
3. No economic monopoly by Japan in China,
4. Respect for the rights and integrity of third powers in China.;
5. Withdrawal of Japanese troops from all points except the so-called anti-Komintern area, i.e. the districts near Inner Mongolia.

Since this statement was enunciated not only to China and Japan but to the whole world, it can by no means be altered. If we should try to alter it, Japan will, needless to say, lose face from the international viewpoint.

Mr. Wang's Peace Efforts

Mr. Wang Ching-wei has been making efforts for the establishment of a new central government in China in accordance with the spirit of the Konoye statement, and as he has announced repeatedly, he interprets this statement as in no way detrimental to the welfare of the Chinese people. According to his interpretation of the statement, Japan has given up her imperialism, both from the military and economic points of view, and he suggested that peace negotiations must be conducted on a basis of equality between China and Japan.

"Accordingly, an attitude of victor versus vanquished should have to be entirely discarded, and thus peace terms should in no case be detrimental to the freedom and independence of China. In this way, no one could possibly object to the realization of peace.

"This is the deduction which should be made from the text of Wang Ching-wei's statement. Since the publication of that statement, more than a year has elapsed. During all that time, Wang has made efforts to bring about a peace movement. At great personal sacrifice, he goes on amid indescribable hardships and attacks from the Chinese people and the Chiang Kai-shek faction.

No Benefit to Japan

"Therefore, when we view things from his standpoint, he cannot betray his own statement and if ever he should go back on it, the peace movement as well as the establishment of the new regime would collapse.

"At this point, I want to put this question to the Government: what will be the framework and the practical contents of the proposed settlement of the China affairs? I shall repeat the reply: full respect of China's sovereignty, which means non-interference into the future domestic and foreign policies of China.

"If ever we should try anything like interference, the sovereignty of China would be immediately infringed upon. We are not to take territory, not to ask for indemnity.

"I don't know how much Japan has spent on the China affair, but regarding the military expenditures which we approved in this house, they amount to approximately Y.12,000,000,000. I cannot say what the grand total will be: perhaps twenty milliards, perhaps thirty or more. Nevertheless, for this military expenditure we have not been able to extract even the tenth of a sen from China, and every sen will have to be borne by the people of Japan It will be the burden of future generations of this nation.

Japan Has No Trade Monopoly

"There has been much talk of economic developemnt of China by Japan, but it appears that Japan cannot claim a monopoly in that field. We cannot ask the new China to restrict the rights and interests of third powers. So why did our politicians shout to the people that 'the present affair aims at the elimination of European and American influences from China, the emancipation of China from the exploitation of European and American powers and her colonial status under them, and the restoration of China to the Chinese'?

"The promises made by our politicians are quite contradictory with the Konoye statement, and are absolutely baseless.

"Let us turn now to the question of the withdrawal of Japanese troops from the occupied territories. What will remain for us after that? That's what I cannot understand. Especially since Wang Ching-wei said, regarding such a withdrawal, that it is the most important point in Prince Konoye's statement, and should be accomplished speedily and simultaneously on all fronts, with the added clause that under the anti-Komintern agreement to be concluded between Japan and China, Japanese troops can be maintained only in limited areas of Inner Mongolia and that region.

"When the statement of Wang Ching-wei is compared with that of Prince Konoye, a perfect similarity appears. According to these Japan, as her first step towards peace with the new regime in China, would evacuate, with the exception of a small piece of territory in North China and near Inner Mongolia, everything for which the Japanese troops have been fighting, marching, and suffering during the past 2½ years of this struggle.

"Is this what the Konoye statement means? Does the Government intend to put this into practice as it stands? That is what I want to hear not only from the Premier but also from the Ministers of the fighting forces.

"As for the disposal of the China affair, the construction of a New Order in East Asia has frequently been referred to. I cannot say how many times this term was mentioned during yesterday's speeches in the Diet. Now, this term was unknown at the outbreak of the China Incident.

"It first appeared in a statement of the Konoye Cabinet on November 3, the year before last, in other words a year and a half after the outbreak of the incident.

"New Order" Means Aggression

According to the speech delivered by the Foreign Minister yesterday in the Diet, the term: construction of a New Order, has been used not only in the Far East but also in Europe for several years. In Europe, construction of a New Order meant that the "have-nots" demanded territory from the "haves," a sort of international communism. In practice, it meant that the large nations would suppress and absorb the smaller states in a sort of struggle for existence. Thus, it means in reality: outrageous destruction.

"However, we don't care about Europe. We don't need to refer to this construction of a New Order in Europe. Then, what will be the nature of the construction of a New Order in the Far East?

"According to the concurring statements made by Prince Konoye and Wang Chin-wei, the construction of a New Order in East Asia certainly includes three points: good neighbourly relations, joint defence against Communism, and economic co-operation. Such are the basic principles of the construction of a New Order in East Asia, as they appear in public documents.

"Does the Government subscribe to this definition? Are these the only three principles which form the basis of the construction of a New Order in East Asia? Or is there anything else included in it? If not, that is as it should be. If there are other aims, I should like to hear about them from the Government. If the Government should not be in a position to reveal them, then I shall not insist.

"Objective of This Lofty War"

At any rate, I should like to learn the Government's view as to the significance of the construction of a New Order in East Asia, which is the objective of this lofty war and the price of the sacrifices which it implies.

"In this connection I should like to receive an explanation: I have with me a text entitled 'A Draft Reply (to the Government) Regarding The New Order in East Asia' published on December 11, 1939. This is a reply by the Koa In (China Board) to the Government, reporting the results of studies made by a specially established Commission in the China Board to this effect.

"In this, very difficult terms are used, not easily understandable by us. (At this point there follows a discussion of difficult official phraseology in Japanese, mostly untranslatable). Some expressions are used in this draft, which we people engaged in actual politics, are unable to understand (Applause). Putting such things aside, I don't understand why the fundamental principles of the construction of a New Order in East Asia, or its spiritual background, should be studied in a specially established commission.

"The construction of a New Order is the objective for this large-scale war and its many sacrifices, and I don't understand why it appears only 1½ years after the outbreak of the Incident, and furthermore, why its principles and spiritual background should be studied by a specially established commission (Applause).

"In this connection, I should like to know why the China Board started such a task by forming a special commission. I don't mind if this is explained either by the Premier or by the President of the China Board."

***At this point, the official stenograpric record of tht speech ends, and the version of the end of the address was given by the "Japan Times" on February 3.

Mr. Saito then reviewed world history and said there were only 250 years of real peace in the world during the past 35 centuries, adding that the nations have struggled for their existence. He further said that peace talks without power behind them are something like guns without shells.

He asked if the ideal expressed in the Konoye statement was feasible when the struggle of nations for their existence which has been shown in the world's history is taken into consideration. At this point, the "Japan Times" reports a storm of indignation was aroused from seats of the Social Mass Party, the Jikyoku Doshikai and others, and some members branded Mr. Saito's speech as deroatory to the Japanese Army's activities in China. Some of them strongly demanded Mr. Saito to give an apology.

The Assembly hall was for a moment plunged into pandemonium, but without paying the least attention to the boos of the members, the interpolator pushed his points further and said:

"It is a matter for congratulation that a regime is coming into existence in China very soon. What we must consider at this jouncture is whether the new Government will have the power necessary for its existence. I understand that the now Government does not have any armed forces. Strong administrative powers will not be wielded when it has no armed forces behind. Will the new Government have armed forces?

How Will Japan Act

"When the proposed Government is established the question will naturally arise for Japan to extend recognition to it. What is the Government's opinion on the matter?

"What will be the relations between the new Government and the Government in Chungking? I often hear reports that certain connections are being effected between the new Government and the National Gomernment recently. I firmly believe that there should be no connections between the new Government and the Chungking regime since the latter pursues its anti-Japanese and pro-Communist policies. How does the Government regard this question?

"I understand that the Japanese forces have occupied Chinese territory 2½ times as large as the whole of Japanese territory. Will the new central Government of China be able to place under its actual administration such a vast area as this? The Government should clarify this point. I believe it is advisable for the new Government not to deal with the Chungking Government in accordance with the policy of the Japanese Government.

Speaker Osks for Facts

"Concrete facts regarding how the Government is going to settle the China Affair are what the Japanese people in general want to learn from the Government. If the objectives of the war are not made clear before the people, the settlement of the China Affair would mean nothing. Since the outbreak of the China affair, the Govties be overcome in these circumstances. The people are acting according to the dictates of the Government because they believe that Government will bring the China Affair to a satisfactory conclusion. If the Government betrays this confidence on the part of the nation, the results would be disastrous. The Government should closely examine the attitudes taken by the preceding Cabinet since the outbreak of the China Affair toward the people and reply to my interpellation in a clear-cut manner."—Havas.

New U.S. Secretary of Navy Sworn in

Mr. Charles Edison, son of the great inventor, Thomas A. Edison, shown at Washington, D.C., being sworn in as Secretary of the Navy by Admiral Walter B. Woodson, right, Judge Advocate-General of the U.S. Navy.

Gt. Britain to Build One Ship Daily

(Continued from page 7)

as shipwrecked seamen were landed on the north-east coast of England, victims of Germany's air raids on shipping off the Yorkshire and Northumbrian coasts on Saturday. At least ten ships were attacked and thirteen persons are known to have lost their lives.

Three German planes shot down on Saturday have been located and British officials hinted last night that two more German bombers may have been shot down. The bodies of three German airmen were washed ashore. The trawler Harlech Castle came into port with three Nazi airmen and the body of a fourth killed when another German plane was shot down at sea.

The British steamer Harley was also bombed off the Yorkshire coast on Saturday. Her crew of eight, including one wounded seaman, abandoned the ship but was rescued.

The Swedish steamer Mertainen arrived at an east coast port yesterday after having been attacked twice by German planes. The ship was damaged but the crew of 36 escaped injury.

The Belgian steamer Charlotte was sunk and six members of her crew drowned in another German air attack on Saturday. Two of the crew of another ship which picked up the survivors from the Charlotte were drowned in rescue operations.

One seaman was wounded in the Greek steamer Zografa. Four others drowned when the Norwegian steamer Tempo was sunk.—United Press.

Russian Strategy Emerges As Offensive Develops

(Continued from page 7)

Kuopio where two hospitals were bombed, the High Command said. Nautsiivalo in the Petsamo area was among the towns heavily bombed.—United Press.

Moscow Says Finns Weaken

Moscow, Feb. 5.

News of the Finnish war, which for some time has been confined to a few lines in the Soviet newspapers, is now being prominently featured in the press.

Particular play is being made of extracts from Scandinavian newspapers and speeches by prominent Finns suggesting that Finland's resistance is nearing an end.—Reuter.

Thousand Russian Airmen Killed

Stockholm, Feb. 5.

Russia is experiencing a shortage of trained war pilots because she has lost 1,000 aviators since the outbreak of the Finnish war, unconfirmed Swedish newspaper reports said here today.—United Press.

Finns Call Up All Males

Helsinki, Feb. 5.

Fierce fighting continues on the Karelian isthmus, where the Soviet Army has made repeated attempts to break through the Mannerheim Line. Such intensive action had not been expected by observers here until the spring.

All male residents of Helsinki, except those in essential services, were called for national service by February 8.

Since the war began additional lines of defence have been built behind the main Mannerheim Line and defences are now twenty and thirty miles deep.

Last night's communique states that Karelian front activity intensified, particularly in the air. Viborg was bombed several times.

Russian shock troops attacked four times on the Summa front, all being repulsed. The Russians left one thousand dead on the field, it is claimed. North-east of Lake Ladoga successful artillery activity against enemy lines of communication is claimed.—Reuter.

Yunnan Railway Bombing: U.S., France in Angry Mood

(Continued from page 7)

Efforts were also being made to safeguard the rights and interests of third party Powers, he said.

Asked about the French-Japanese negotiations regarding the Japanese bombing of the Yunnan Railway, the spokesman stated that the Japanese contention had been made clear time and time again. Therefore, he said, he was reluctant to reiterate it now.

He recalled, however, that the Japanese Ambassador in Paris saw M. Edouard Daladier, French Premier, a few days ago when the latter reiterated the idea that had been so often expressed by the French Ambassador to Tokyo to the Japanese Government. The French views, the spokesman asserted, were far from reaching the ideas of the Japanese.—Domei.

Paris Surprised

Paris, Feb. 4.

French authoritative quarters today expressed "extreme surprise" that the semi-official Japanese news agency should think it advisable to publish a report, previously denied by French authorities, about an alleged agreement between Paris and Chungking for the supply of arms and munitions to China via the Indo China-Yunnan Railway.

The report has already been published locally.

The report, it was pointed out, was published by a Tokyo newspaper and immediately denied by the French authorities. Reaffirming that the allegations in the despatch constituted an "untruthful statement," the authoritative quarters declared its republication by the news agency led them to wonder whether it was not a belated attempt to try and justify the February 2 bombing of the Yunnan railway line.

The bombing, it was stated, at present is the object of official representations by the French Government to the Japanese Government.

Authoritative quarters emphasized, moreover, that just before the bombing on Friday, the United States Government had called the Gaimusho's attention to the damage accruing to American rights and interests from any attack on the Yunnan line, which is an international roadway into China.

Provocation Alleged

Bombing of the Yunnan Railway by Japanese airmen on Friday, appears to many as an act "calculated by certain military elements to counter-act the conciliatory policy of the new Japanese Cabinet," the "Paris Soir" commented this evening.

"France has given Japan formal assurances regarding traffic in war material along this railway line and Tokyo knows they are strictly observed," the newspaper stated.

"Nothing can justify the attacks carried out by Japanese aviators.

"The French Ambassador to Tokyo, M. Arsene Henry, had protested against attack on the Yunnan Railway and negotiations with the Japanese Foreign Office were following a normal course.

"After renewal of the blockade of the Tientsin Concessions, the railway bombing appears to many to have been calculated by certain military elements to counter-act the conciliatory policy of the new Cabinet.

"France has always enjoyed amicable relations with Japan. She desires to maintain them. But France also expects Tokyo to impose on its military respect of innocent travellers, of international treaties and of the integrity of her possessions and her works of civilization which are admired by the whole world," the "Paris Soir" concluded.—Havas.

Latest Figures on Attack

Chungking, Feb. 5.

Latest reports from Kunming on the bombing of the Yunnan railway last Thursday reveal that casualties, including the dead and injured, probably number between 200 and 300. So far, it is stated, the number of persons known to have been killed exceeds 110.

Particularly tragic was the news of the death of a French railway employee, his son and mother. The name of these persons has been withheld so far. Eye-witnesses of the catastrophe declare that apart from those killed or injured by bombs, many other casualties were caused by steam, fire, boiling water and landslides.

As trains on this line generally place first and second class coaches nearest the engine, those killed or injured were either foreigners or better-class Chinese.

Reports from Chinese sources state that several aerial engagements between Chinese and Japanese aircraft took place that day above Kaiyuan, in which one Japanese bomber was shot down. This report, however, has not yet been officially confirmed.—Reuter.

Another Earthquake In Turkey

Ankara, Feb. 5.

The population is in a state of terror following another earthquake yesterday in Erzindjan in northern Anatolia. So far it is known that 45 were killed and scores badly injured in the earthquake which completely destroyed two villages near Erzindjan city. Tremors have been felt daily since December 27 throughout northern Anatolia, but more frequently and stronger yesterday.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

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(China New Year)

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 8, 9 and 10, 1940, on account of the above. 10665

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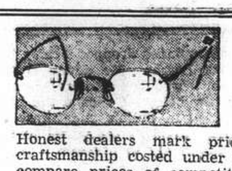

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SPECIAL ISSUE DRAWING

Held at the Canidrome on February 5, 1940, commencing 2 p.m. in the presence of the Drawing Committee, Messrs:

J. de PERCEVAL (Controller appointed by the French Consul General) Y. S. FONG T. F. MULLAHEY C. W. RAYDEN YUAN LI TUNG

and the following members of the Board of Directors, Messrs. H. BERENTS, Vice-President, J. DONNE, A. S. JASPAR and L. R. SCHINAZI.

1st PRIZE, Ticket No. 12124 $67,500.00
Approximation Prize, Ticket No. 12123 $675.00
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2nd PRIZE, Ticket No. 29422 .. .. 13,500.00
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All Tickets ending with the following 3 No. 824
All Tickets ending with the following 3 No. 945

PAYMENT OF PRIZES

The 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, and the 2 Primary, Secondary and Third and the four Fourth Approximation Prizes will be paid at the Offices of Caisse des Oeuvres d'Interet Public de la Concession Francaise, 9 Quai de France, 3rd Floor, on and after Tuesday, 6th February 1940, between 3 p.m. to 4 p.m. except Saturdays and holidays.

The 8th, 9th and 10th Prizes will be paid:
(a) at the Canidrome, 439 Avenue du Roi Albert on and after Tuesday, 6th February, 1940, during the hours from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. and also during the Dog Races.
(b) at the Offices of Messrs. Vong Shing & Co., Ltd., 213 Yu Ya Ching Road, on and after Tuesday, 6th February, 1940, during the hours from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

All prizes uncollected after six months from the date of the drawing will be forfeited and the amounts of all such uncollected prizes will go to the benefit of the Refugees.

NO RESPONSIBILITY IS ACCEPTED FOR ANY ERROR IN NUMBERS APPEARING IN THIS ADVERTISEMENT.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

L. DUCIMETIERE, *Manager.*

TICKETS FOR THE 17th DRAWING ARE NOW ON SALE

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and Mrs. P. W. Holl who arrived here from Batavia recently, are leaving for Japan this morning on a holiday trip.

ROTARIANS are reminded that this week's meeting will be held on February 7, at the usual time, 12.15 p.m., at the Metropole Hotel. The speaker will be the Rev. H. B. Rattenbury of the English Methodist Mission, his subject being "China Travels."

DAYLIGHT saving time may be adopted in Japan this summer is the proposal by Mr. Sotaro Ishiwata, Chief Cabinet Secretary, to move the hands of the clock up an hour this summer, starting May 1, and which received favourable comment at a conference of Vice-Ministers.

STUDENTS of Aurora University, numbering between 30 and 40, will give a dinner this evening in the Russian Club, Avenue Foch, in honour of the Dean and faculty of the University. Among those who have been invited to the affair are Dr. A. V. Tarle, Dr. A. A. Lamport, and Mr. L. V. Arnoldov.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending February 3, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were:—Foreigners 1 and Chinese 218. Deaths from notifiable diseases were:—Foreigners, Pneumonia 1 and Chinese, Tuberculosis 29; Pneumonia 6; Dysentery 6; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 5; Beri-beri 2 and Septicæmia 1.

IN commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the opening of the Diet, histories of constitution administration in Japan and of the House of Peers will be published, it was announced yesterday. Compilation of the histories was now under way by a commission appointed in May, 1937. The histories will be published in time for the anniversary date, November 25. Compilation is under the direction of the Diet Office.

AMERICAN sympathy lies with China's national resistance and American official circles are in favour of taking measures by which to check the aggressor. Thus declared Mr. Ward, associated with the West China Presbyterian Church, in a speech delivered before the Foreign Women's Association in Chungking, states a Chungking Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Yeh Pao." Mr. Ward has just returned to China following a visit to the United States.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, February 3, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were:—Foreigners 16 and Chinese 671. Deaths from notifiable diseases were:—Foreigners, Tuberculosis 3 and Beri-beri 1. Chinese, Tuberculosis 48; Typhoid Fever 16; Dysentery 7; Beri-beri 5; Diphtheria 4; Cerebrospinal Fever 2 and Influenza, Measles, Relapsing Fever 1 each.

IN civil life, Driver W. A. Wood, now serving in France with the R.A.S.C., drove a van for a Chippenham laundry. When war broke out, he was mobilized as a member of the Supplementary Reserve. Soon he was driving camouflaged lorries from a disembarkation port in France to the Army in the field. In a letter home to his sister, he said there "seemed to be something very familiar" about one of the lorries. There was—for when he examined it, he found it was one he had driven before. The Army had commandeered it from the laundry.

THE death has been announced in Paris of Professor Charles Vaillant, the French radiologist, who by his devotion to the study of X-rays, lost his fingers, wrists and then his lower arms through exposure to the rays. A few days ago he underwent an operation, the fourteenth which his scientific researches had cost him. In a letter of sympathy to the professor's daughter, the President of the Paris Municipal Council said: "Paris will not forget his long and painful martyrdom." Professor Vaillant, who was born in 1872, continued his research up to the end.

THE days of chivalry are not dead. There was a touching case of it this week. Wilfred Page, 26 years old Darlington engineer, was driving a girl friend home when he ran out of petrol. He took a tin and went to a nearby garage but when filling it there was an explosion and he was severely burned—in fact all his clothes were burned off. Although in agony his first thought was for the girl and he stopped a motorist who drove him back to her. He then ordered a taxi for her, made arrangements for his car to be garaged and asked to be driven to hospital. He died 24 hours later.

AFTER a very long life—it came into being in 1320—the Clarendon Hotel at Oxford closed on December 29. It was to be sold to Messrs. Woolworths. The Inn has naturally seen some famous scenes and famous people. Until recent times the inn bore the sign of the Star and in coaching days it shared with the Mitre, which is older by a century, the honours of chief starting place for the London coaches. The pillory stood opposite the main door. There are various royal rooms while in the beer cellar the old vaults continue unspoilt, and the beams of the old taproom are also preserved. It seems a pity that a place like Oxford cannot find some way of preserving this historic inn.

THE Chinese Y.M.C.A. Dramatic Club, sponsored by the Chinese Y.M.C.A., has been established since October 14, 1939. It is an amateur organization of enthusiastic Chinese young students and professionals. Their first performance of dedication was Victor Hugo's "Angelo," it was a great success. And now on February 13 to 16, at 7.30 p.m. they will present "The Barretts of Wimpole Street," a Chinese translation of the original copy written by Rudolf Besier, at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Boulevard de Montigny. Every cent of the admission charge, will be given to the Y.M.C.A. Night School for the Poor. Tickets are obtainable at the Y.M.C.A. or Y.W.C.A.

Fresh Milk for Breakfast in Finland

This late picture from Helsinki shows a Finnish soldier in a rest camp behind the lines getting a helmet full of milk from a very (apparently) patient cow. The bovine seems to have been drafted into army service.

Cost Allocation for Rate Construction Analysed

Mr. R. L. Evans Addresses Engineering Society Of China on Interesting Topic

MR. R. L. Evans, A.M.I.E.E., in reading a paper sponsored by the Central China Centre of the Institution of Electrical Engineers before the eighth general meeting of the Engineering Society of China held at the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research yesterday afternoon, said that each individual public utility had its own particular problems. In his paper, entitled "Notes on Cost Allocation for Rate Construction in the Electric Supply Industry," Mr. Evans stated, it was not presumed that the method of cost analysis applicable to electricity supply to which he referred, would do equally well for other public utilities.

"Originally", Mr. Evans went on to say, "electric and gas generating and producing stations supplied only lighting; traction service was run on schedule more to supply business needs, and water was considered as a household commodity, while the telephone was used also chiefly to fill the business needs. When these services were put to other uses, these were met by different charges for various classes of service in the case of telephone, water, gas and electricity companies; and freight, excursion, slow and express rates in the cases of traction."

"The main difference between electricity supply and the other two classes of supply companies is that with both gas and water it is possible to store the finished product, while this cannot done directly with electricity today. This fact has a large bearing on the overall costs of production."

"When electricity supply companies were in their infancy, it was safe to say that the cost per unit to electricity was based on the cost of the lighting supply only, but when the electric motor was developed, the advantage to the power station of being able to sell its products during the period when lighting was not required, was quickly realized, and to start with, power and other classes of service were supplied on more or less an incremental cost basis."

"The development of the electric motor changed conditions in the industry, and from being a by-product, the supply of power assumed the major portion of the station's output. This necessitated more correct costing, and very early the engineers associated with the electrical industry propounded the two-charge theory of rates."

Division of Cost

These two divisions are:—

One: the demand or capital charge covering those costs which are fixed and are dependent upon the capacity of the plant installed as distinct from two: the running charge which varies with the usage of that plant.

"It was soon recognized, however, that the two-division allocation did not fully meet the requirements as there were some costs which could not be classed as either demand or running. These were the consumer or customer charges which had previously been lumped into the demand portion of the two-charge system."

"The main headings in the three-charge method are:

The capital portion, that is, all charges in connection with interest and depreciation;

the operating charges, which is dependent upon the size of the load required as distinct from the kilowatt hours used;

the running portion, those costs which are dependent upon the kilowatt hour output of the station as distinct from those which are due to having supply available;

the customer or consumer charge, the portion of the costs of supply in obtaining and servicing customers."

The apportionment of the percentages of the various costs between these three headings is one which would vary considerably with various companies depending on the nature of the generation, transmission and distribution, as well as on actual usage of electricity. It is for this reason that regulatory commissions had been unable to lay down any fixed rules and with the exception of the formulae adopted by the British grid system for base generating stations these are hard to find."

"In the general cost allocations the various percentages used are the result of general discussions by the officers of the company concerned, and as each company has different problems, each section of accounts is discussed giving the reasons which would affect the percentages used."

Average Cost Calculation

"This breakdown would give an average cost of production which would be correct if the supply company undertook general supply only, but if large identifiable blocks of load were supplied, then it would be necessary first to allocate the costs of these before applying the general cost allocation."

Coming to the cost allocation, the same breakdown of accounts was used, and an apportionment of these for a typical coal-fired station running at a high load factor was given.

A short survey was made by the speaker of the details of costs in regard to superintendence and operation, labour, power station; fuel; miscellaneous operating expenses; boiler and other maintenance; transmission operation and maintenance; distribution operation and maintenance; testing customers' installations, customer billing and new business expenses; general expenses; and rates, and royalties.

The figures of percentages given in the sample allocation, Mrs. Evans said, would apply to a general allocation but when separate allocations were used for block and general supply, the figures would require a slight alteration.

These figures dealt with the breakdown of the production expenses, but to complete the costing, the speaker added, it was necessary to analyse the capital invested to apportion the interest and depreciation charges between the block and general supply.

This breakdown was not usually as complicated as that of the production costs because Mr. Evans added, generation and transmission, land, building and plant capital might be divided in direct ratio to the demands of the two classes of supply. The head offices, showrooms and general equipment capital were usually placed against the general supply customer, he continued.

On the distribution side, however, more care had to be taken as the capital invested in this section of a company's equipment might be as high as 40 per cent. of the total.

Having obtained these two sets of figures and added appropriate sums for stores, etc., interest was charged on each amount and depreciation as applicable to the equipment concerned. This then gave the total annual interest and depreciation cost which was divided by the station firm capacity to give an annual cost per kilowatt, Mr. Evans added.

The application of this to the construction or alteration of rates was a different subject, but after obtaining the figures it was necessary to apportion the peak load responsibilities of each class of supply, and apply the costs to the kilowatt demand, kilowatt hour consumption and number of customers in each class.

In closing the speaker stressed that the method described had necessarily to be kept flexible to meet varying conditions of supply.

S.M.C. Revenue Shroff Robbed of Takings

Jessfield Road Scene of $80 Looting Near Midday

Almost under the very nose of the heavily-armed "Special Municipality" policemen posted outside 13 Jessfield Road, a lone Chinese gunman robbed an S.M.C. Revenue Department shroff yesterday morning as the man was walking in Jessfield Road, near Avenue Road.

The robbery took place at 11 a.m., in the rain. The shroff, a Chinese, was approached by the robber who pointed a pistol at him. In a trice the gunman had gained possession of the shroff's account book, containing $80 in notes, and it did not take him long to disappear. No shots were fired.

The robbery was reported to detectives at the Bubbling Well Station.

Shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday morning the chauffeur of a Silver Taxi garage hire-car was held up by three Chinese one of whom carried a pistol. This robbery took place as the victim was driving along Ferry Road, near the intersection of Pootoo Road. The gang escaped with $7. No shots were fired.

Newspaper Manager Reported Missing

Mr. T. T. Chu, manager of the "Hwa Mei Wan Pao," a Chinese newspaper under American registration, was reported missing yesterday. Mr. Chu, who resides in Route Ferguson, vanished after leaving a friend's house in Lane 850 Peking Road at 2 o'clock yesterday morning and his bodyguard reported his disappearance. He had not returned to his house yesterday evening. While both the Settlement and the French Police are investigating, it is not believed that Mr. Chu has been the victim of foul play.

Mr. Chu, who said that he had been kidnapped, was released about 9.30 p.m. yesterday.

Friends of Finland Fund

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M. L. R.	10	J. A. Tibble	10
Lloyd Davidson	25	T. Watanabe	10
W. D. Ward-Smith	10	B. Berg	3
"From various friends"	55	J. G. Borgeest	3
T. D. in Mem. of J. E. Mattssor	100	A. C. Cooper	5
Capt. Blaiser	50	J. M. Ellery	3
J. H. Liddell	100	H. V. Engberg	5
Mems. of Staff of Cath. Cold Stor. Co. Ltd.	50	J. Fowles	3
G. Fermigier	50	F. D. Harris	5
T. Ogilivie	5	J. W. Lawler	3
K. Rothe	66	Y. Nagai	3
"Vie Stalin"	10	J. W. Robb	3
K. V. K.	50	A. School	3
G. D. Grant	30	P. J. Schluper	3
M. R.	10	R. W. Slight	5
A. T. Grey	10	W. G. Stone	3
E. A. R. Gerard	5	W. Haavin	5
G. Kliene	10	T. Tollefsen	50
From a Dane on his 50th birthday anniversary	500	M. Watanabe	3
		H. Korniloff	5
		M. E. Pans	5
		B. H. Johansen	5
		H. J. Karanjia	25

Total amount received to date
£36-10-0 U.S.$110 Ch$17,363.47

Foreigner's Pocket Picked in Bus

While travelling on a No. 2 bus from Szechuen Road Bridge to the corner of Szechuen Road and Avenue Edward VII, at about 4.30 p.m. yesterday, Mr. A. Mackenzie, publisher of the "Catholic Review" had his pocket-book stolen by a pick-pocket.

Apart from a number of personal papers, an endorsed draft for U.S.$25 in favour of Jean Armstrong also fell into the thief's hands. The matter has been reported to the police and investigations are now being made.

French Authorities Hit Weight Racket

Stringent Consular Ordinance Published In Bulletin

Confirming the contents of a letter which appeared in the columns of the "North-China Daily News" on January 29, a French Consular ordinance has appeared in the latest issue of the Concession's Bulletin Municipal, providing for fines up to $2,000 for short-weighing and short-measuring.

In accordance with the new ordinance, a notice telling the public of the offence must be posted at the entrance of shops found guilty of such unscrupulous business ethics, while hiding or mutilation of the notice in question will be punished with fines up to $100.

Merchants who should attempt to deceive prospective customers with false statements regarding their merchandise such, as for instance, erroneous statements in connection with the quality or identity of the goods, will be liable to fines up to $1,000.

The possession of false weights or measures will be punished with fines up to $50, while suspected goods may be analysed by the French Concession authorities. In the event of their being found in conformity with existing regulations, the owners shall be idemnified in accordance with a fixed rate, and they will be entitled to seek redress in the French Consular Court in the event that the indemnity received from the Concession authorities should be unacceptable to them.

In addition to the fines payable by offenders to these newly promulgated regulations, they will also have to pay for advertisements appearing in approved newspapers detailing the offence.

Tenants Refuse Increase In Rentals

Negotiations between the Sassoon-controlled Cathay Land Company and an executive committee representing 120 tenants of the Changchun Road, Dixwell Road, and Shanghai Co-operative Society Apartments, have reached a deadlock with the landlords refusing to compromise in a rental increase, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday.

The landlords raised rentals 35 per cent. recently, arousing the tenants, who banded themselves into a union which held a meeting at the Japanese Christian Church, Darroch Road. The tenants announced that they were willing to agree to a 10 per cent. increase in rentals.

Municipal Orchestra

Sunday's Concert at Lyceum Theatre

Another of the programmes sponsored by the Alliance Francaise was played on Sunday by the Municipal Orchestra, with Mr. Robert Kohner featuring as solo pianist. Viewed as a whole, it must be regretfully recorded that the concert was a disappointment. This statement excludes the group of piano solos. It is a mean affair to pick holes in a gift, and a reviewer is placed in the awkward and unsatisfactory position of feeling that he should withhold the more heretical sections of his opinions.

And yet, Aubert's Habanera and d'Indy's Symphony for Piano and Orchestra, the two main props of the programme, have so very little to say for themselves. Nothing tangible is carried away, save the obvious fact that the composers, masters in the limited and scholarly sense, have written two works which, at the outside, command respect.

The "Habanera" commences with possibilities, but in developing it gets chromatically blue in the face, and consequently suffers from incoherence; d'Indy's Symphony is a garrulous work in plain and easy speech. It is a pleasant piece, although you detect even at first hearing that d'Indy is an adept in endless sequential treatment of the same theme, suitably disguised in the accepted Franckian modulatory method.

Competent Technically

The most enjoyable music of the evening occurred in the piano playing of Mr. Robert Kohner. Here is a pianist who has admirable qualities. He can be competent technically, when he likes; he has developed an insight; and he has a refreshing forthright manner of approach.

If criticism must be directed at his playing, he should be persuaded to maintain a securer grip on the shaping and phrasing of the quieter and pianissimo sections, particularly when there is no change in the speed. In these parts, Mr. Kohner on many occasions showed an aptitude (which may have dangers of developing into a habit) to forget about the essential tempo of the music. Many sections of Debussy and Ravel were allowed to wander away on their own, and thus became rather meaningless.

A noteworthy instance, by way of example, occurred in "Reflets Dans l'Eau." Bars 36 to 48 slipped off limply and unnoticed, and the right hand, beginning with the "En animant" section, did not articulate the scurry of the important triplets which are all part of the long working-up passage which follows. His playing of the grave "Pavane" by Ravel was good: well-fashioned, though possible a trifle protracted, and he struggled successfully with "Alborada Del Gracioso," which is not at all a gracious thing to play. (How much more atmospherically Spanish this is in the orchestral version).

OBITUARY

Mr. Hilda Graham

It is with very real sorrow that the many friends of Mrs. Hilda ("Popsy") Graham will learn of her death which took place on January 3 at Tallinn, Estonia, after a long illness bravely and patiently borne. Estonian by birth, Mrs. Graham first came to China in 1917 and was married the following year to Mr. J. S. Graham, of the Public Health Department, Shanghai Municipal Council, since which time she resided in Shanghai until her husband's retirement in February, 1937.

Mrs. Graham's health commenced to fail shortly before she left Shanghai and became so much worse during a visit to her family in Estonia in September, 1937, that her husband joined her there, and, although she appeared to make a good recovery for a time, they did not again return to England but stayed with her family in Estonia until her death. She became seriously ill in November, 1939, and only her great will to live kept her alive at that time, but she fought a losing battle and, after much suffering bravely endured, she passed peacefully away in her sleep.

It can truly be said of "Popsy" that "she had no evil in her" and was beloved by all who had the good fortune to come into close contact with her. Sympathetic to a fault, she was always ready to help in other people's troubles and her unusually large circle of real friends bore striking witness to her many sterling qualities as well as to her personal charm. Few women are more respected or deservedly popular than she was and her memory will live long in the hearts of those who loved her as a loyal friend, a loving and faithful wife, and a true Christian.

Residences Reopened In Chapei Area

Japanese Plan to Hold Ceremonies

Ceremonies in celebration of the rehabilitation of 300 Chinese residents of Hongkew in nine large buildings in Hongkew will be held at 3 o'clock the afternoon of February 11, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterdal. The ceremonies will be held on Matsui-dori, former Gee Mei Road.

The Chinese recently returned to Hongkew and the homes for them were built with donations totalling more than Y.35,000.

In addition to living quarters, the buildings are large enough for storerooms, a chapel, and a free clinic.

It is planned to rehabilitate 1,000 Chinese here in the future, the Mainichi said.

The Christian League, together with other religious groups, and the Shanghai Municipality and the Japanese Army Special Service Section, obtained an acre of land at the foot of the Naval Bridge on Matsuidori as the site for the homes, the paper said.

Downtown Book Hong Scene of Fire

The second floor of the building housing the New Asia Book Co., a Chinese publishing firm at 159 Honan Road, was heavily damaged by fire at daybreak yesterday. An alarm was made at 5.27 o'clock and firemen from Central Station found that a portion of the second floor used as a kitchen was aflame. This room suffered considerably but no-one was injured. The Fire Brigade spent more than an hour at the scene. The flames were under control in twenty minutes.

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. . . entertainment . . . A GOOD TIME!
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Two Repeat Performances
'TSAR-MAIDEN'
The ballet you've dreamed of seeing. . . back at the Lyceum

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NIGHT CLUB RESTAURANT
Try our delicious Hungarian cuisine
HARTMAN'S HUNGARIAN GYPSY MUSIC
272 Yu Yuen Road Just Behind Paramount

IN TECHNICOLOUR
"GULLIVER'S TRAVELS"
WATCH FOR IT!

Our Defence — Their Recompense!

PLAYER'S
CLIPPER
CIGARETTES
PLAIN AND CORK-TIPPED
EFA-57

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @	4 7/16d.		$ 54.08
U.S. $100 @	7 3/8		$1,355.93
Francs	326		$100
Yen	31		100
Guilders	13 5/8		100
Rupees	24 5/8		100
Pesos	14 3/4		100
Hongkong	$29 5/8		100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 in Stg. notes @	5 1/16d.		$ 47.40
@1 @	4 9/16d.		$ 52.60
U.S. $100 @	7 5/16		$1,322.31
London—demand, $1=			4 9/16d.
4 months' sight credits			4 5/8d.
4 months' sight docts			4 11/16d.
6 months' sight credits			4 11/16d.
6 months' sight docts			4 13/16d.
New York—demand, $100=			U.S.$7 7/16
4 months' sight credits			U.S.$7 1/16
4 months' sight docts			U.S.$7 1/16

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling	4 13/16d.	U.S.	$7 7/16
Hongkong/London			1/2 3/8

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,029.00 ..... C.N.$1,000.0

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders	Buying	14 3/8
Java Guilders	"	14 1/4
Netherlands Guilders	Selling	15 1/16
Java Guilders	"	13 3/4

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,322.314	£1=$52.96
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,355.932	£1=$54.084

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.43 3/4=$1 Belgas 23.40=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.46=$1 Swiss Frs. .33=$1
Tourist Lire 1.76 ..... $1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling	Selling Rate @	6d	per	H.H.$ 1
"	Buying " @	6 3/32	"	H.H.$ 1
U.S.$	Selling " @	9 1/2	"	H.H.$100
"	Buying " @	10 1/8	"	H.H.$100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate	@ 132	per	H.H.$100
Buying "	@ 137	"	H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	4 2/32	Lowest	4 1/32
U.S. G.$		7 7/16		7 7/16
Yen		—		—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
	Cash		February
£ T.T.	4 1/32	4 m/s. l.c.	4 1/32
G.$ T.T.	7 7/16	4 m/s. l.c.	7 7/16
Fcs. T.T.	328	4 m/s.	341
Rs. T.T.	24 1/2	15 d/s.	25

ODD LOTS

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	57.03	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CROSS RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash	3.93 3/8
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash	3.98
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash	3.98 1/2

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4 7/16 sterling and 7 3/8 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with very nominal sellers for cash at 4 1/2 sterling and 7 1/2 U.S.$ but was easy from the outset. During the course of the day there was an almost uninterruped decline to the closing rates. There were sellers at the close at:—

4 3/32	sterling	7 5/16	U.S.$	Cash
4 2/32	"	7 3/16	"	Feb.
4 1/32	"	7 1/32	"	Mar.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Changshu rice per shih (176 lb.)	$40.00
Sungkiang rice "	40.00
Saigon rice "	42.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, Ex. B 13/15	$5,600
" " 13/15 83%	—
" " 20/22	5,000
" " 20/22 78%	5,100
	nom.

Defence Orders

Many engineering plants in Australia are being worked to capacity, largely on defence orders which will keep them fully engaged until the end of the year. Skilled journeymen and engineers are being sought after by the new aircraft and munition works. The problem of replacing first-class men, who are attracted from private to Government work, may prove difficult of solution. General lines of machinery and factory equipment have been selling more freely. Reference has been made to a wide market for machinery, tools and metalware in the Malay States and the Netherlands East Indies, which might be held by Australia, and to increased shipments of machinery to South Africa. Manufacturers are receiving many enquiries for machinery, builders' hardware, leather and metal goods, as well as canned foodstuffs from South Africa and the East Indies, but are unwilling to enter into contracts, which may lead to shortages in the Australian market. This reluctance is strongest among manufacturers who rely largely upon imported materials or who fear a shortage of skilled workers.

January Rubber Outputs

	lb.
Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plant., Ltd.	136,635
Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	327,60
Java Consldtd. R. & C. Es., Ltd.	83,554
Kroewoek (Java) Plant., Ltd.	107,805
Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd.	133,599

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, Feb. 5.

Kogo 5% Y.105.75
—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Feb. 5.

Silver prices declined today, the quotations being:—

	Feb. 3	Feb. 5
London spot	21 1/16d.	21 3/4d.
" forward	21 3/4d.	21 5/8d.
" gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

London/New York	U.S.$4.0250	4.0350d.
New York/London	3.98 5/8	60.24d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market again opened exceedingly firm and in spite of heavy profit taking maintained its firm tone throughout the day, though prices in some instances did not reach the high points made at the opening. It seemed as if all sections of the market were equally strong, Rubbers being particularly firm on the easier exchange. Closing business rates are given below:—

Trusts	20.00	Explorations	12.50
Loans	20.50	Ewo	37.25
Yangtszes	17.10	Anglo-Java	49.75
China Realty	10.10	Chemor	4.45
Lands	18.40	Kroewoek	3.97 1/2
New Engines	29.25	Langkats	32.00
Wheelock	85.00	Rubber Trust	13.20
Trams	42.00	Tanah Merah	5.60
Metals	24.00	Ziangbe	36.50
Lumber	56.50		

Official Averages

1940 High	1940 Low		Today's Averages	Change
279.68	105.32	General	269.35	+ 7.78
413.36	65.55	Rubbers	413.64	+14.07

Total 956,645 shares.

Business Done

I. I. Trust		1000	19.90	500	20.00
500	*20.25	7000	*20.50	1000	20.50
1000	*20.25	2500	20.50	500	20.25
1000	*20.00	1000	20.00	1000	20.50
500	20.00	4000	19.70	1500	20.00
2500	19.90	500	19.80	500	19.90
2000	19.60	1000	19.70	500	19.60
1500	19.70	1000	*19.80	4000	19.80
4500	19.90	1000	19.80		
†4500	19.90	1000	19.80	2000	19.90
5000	20.00	1000	20.25	500	20.00
1500	19.90	1500	20.00		
S'hai Loan		1000	19.40	500	*19.50
500	19.90	500	19.80	500	19.90
1000	20.00	1000	*20.00	500	*19.90
500	20.00	2000	19.90	500	19.80
1000	20.00	1000	*20.25	1000	20.25
†1000	20.25	500	*20.25	1500	20.50
1000	20.75	500	20.50	1500	20.75
1500	20.50	500	*20.50		
Yangtsze Finance		500	16.20	500	16.50
500	16.60	500	16.50	1000	16.20
1000	16.40	500	16.20	3000	16.30
2500	16.20	500	16.30	1000	*16.30
500	*16.20	500	16.20	1000	16.30
500	16.40	1000	16.30	1000	16.40
500	*16.40	500	16.30	3500	16.40
1000	16.50	500	*16.40	1000	16.50
†500	16.80	500	16.70	1500	16.90
1000	*16.80	500	16.90	1000	*16.80
500	16.90	500	*16.90	500	16.80
1000	16.90	2500	17.00	1500	*17.00
500	17.10				
Int. Assurance		1000	14.40	1000	14.70
3000	14.70	3500	14.80	1000	*14.80
500	14.90	4000	15.00		
†1500	15.00	500	15.20	500	15.30
500	15.40	1000	15.30	1000	*15.30
China Realty		1500	10.00	500	9.90
500	9.95	2500	*10.00	500	9.90
1000	10.00	2000	9.90	500	9.95
2500	*10.00	500	10.00	1500	9.95
3500	9.90	500	*10.00	500	9.9
1500	10.00	2500	9.95	19500	10.00
4500	*10.00	3000	10.10	500	*10.00
3500	10.10	1000	10.00	1000	10.10
500	10.00	500	*10.10	14500	10.00
500	*10.00				
†1500	10.00	1000	10.10	500	10.00
500	10.10	500	*10.00	500	10.10
1500	10.00	5500	10.10	1000	*10.10
500	10.10				
S'hai Land		500	18.90	500	18.80
5000	19.00	500	18.80	500	*18.80
1000	*19.00	1000	19.00	3000	18.00
500	18.70	2500	18.80	500	*18.70
1000	18.60	1000	18.70	500	*18.70
1500	18.60	1000	18.50	500	*18.60
1000	18.60	1500	18.50	500	*18.60
500	18.50				
†500	18.30	1000	18.40	3500	18.50
3500	18.40	2000	18.30	1000	*18.40
2500	18.30	2000	18.40		
New Eng. (Ord)		1000	29.25	600	29.50
1500	*29.50	1100	29.75	1900	30.00
700	*29.75	900	*29.75	3500	29.50
300	*29.50	300	29.25	800	29.50
200	29.25	200	29.50	400	29.25
1300	29.50	200	*29.50	2600	29.25
300	29.00				
†1100	29.25	200	*29.50	1700	29.50
6500	29.25	500	*29.25		
Wheelock		800	84.50	100	*84.50
2100	85.00	100	*84.50	100	85.00
300	84.50	1800	85.00		
†600	85.00	200	*86.00	200	85.50
C. G. Omnibus		1000	26.25	1100	26.75
200	26.50	4700	26.25	100	*26.50
500	26.50	100	26.75	500	26.50
100	*26.75				
†300	26.75	900	27.00	200	*27.25
100	27.00	100	27.00	500	27.25
300	27.00	300	27.25		
S'hai Gas		200	17.70	200	17.90
†700	18.00	100	18.20		
Telephone		2000	26.25	1600	*26.25
300	26.00	2200	26.25	100	*26.25
100	26.75	200	26.50	200	26.75
100	27.00	100	*27.00		
†500	27.00	400	27.25	200	27.50
300	*27.50	300	27.25	600	27.50
500	*28.00				
Tram (Bearer)	£1			200	47.50
†100	*47.75	100	48.00	100	*47.75
960	48.00				
Metal		1700	24.00	400	*24.00
800	23.50	100	*24.00	400	*23.75
500	23.75	400	*24.00	100	24.00
†400	*24.00	1600	24.00	100	23.75
100	*23.75	600	24.00	100	*24.00
100	*23.75	2100	24.00		
Kaiping		200	54.00	100	55.00
†100	55.00	300	55.50		
Lumber		2200	55.50	500	*55.50
300	*56.00	500	55.50	400	56.00
100	55.50	1000	*55.50	200	56.00
300	56.00	100	55.50	300	56.00
100	55.50	2200	56.00	300	56.50
1300	56.00	500	56.50	1000	56.00
†100	*56.50	100	56.50	100	56.00
2600	56.50				
Exploration		2000	12.00	500	*12.10
3500	12.10	500	*12.00	500	12.10
500	*12.00	3000	12.10	1000	12.00
500	*12.00	1500	12.10	1000	*12.10
500	*12.20	500	12.10	500	12.20
1000	12.10	2500	12.20	1000	12.30
1000	12.40	1500	12.30		
†1000	12.30	1000	12.40	2500	12.50
2000	12.60				
Power (Pref)				80	129.50
†130	*129.50	50	129.50		
Ewo Mills (Ord)		1000	37.00	100	37.25
500	37.25	900	37.50	900	37.25
2800	37.00	600	37.25	100	*37.25
1000	37.00	200	37.25	100	37.00
100	*37.00	800	37.25	100	*37.25
200	*37.50	1300	37.25	700	37.00
700	37.25	200	*37.00	300	*37.25
300	37.25	200	37.00	700	37.25
800	*37.25				
†1400	37.25	100	37.50	500	*37.25
2800	37.25	400	37.50	100	*37.50
China Finance		5000	2.30	1000	*2.30
1000	2.32 1/2	1000	2.30	2000	2.28
1000	2.25				
†1000	2.20	1000	2.10	1000	*2.20
Anglo Dutch		300	25.25	700	25.50
Anglo Java		1200	49.50	1100	49.75
200	50.00	800	*50.00	100	49.75
500	50.00	300	*50.00	200	*49.75
600	49.75				
†1700	49.75	300	50.00	1900	49.75
Batu Anam		1000	2.65	1000	2.62 1/2
1000	*2.65	1000	2.62 1/2	1000	2.67 1/2
1000	2.70	3000	2.67 1/2	2000	2.70
†3000	2.70				
Bute				500	12.50
Chemor		1000	4.25	8000	4.35
2000	4.30	3000	4.35	1000	4.45
4000	4.40				
†2000	4.35	1000	*4.40	3000	4.50
1000	*4.50	3000	4.45		
Cheng		5000	1.56	3000	1.54
2000	1.52	12000	1.54	1000	*1.55
3000	1.52	2000	1.54	1000	*1.55
1000	*1.52				
†3000	*1.54	1000	1.54	1000	1.52
1000	1.54	2000	1.52	2000	*1.54
3000	1.54				
Consolidated		8000	12.00	1000	12.20
†1000	*12.30	1500	12.30	500	12.40
1000	12.30				
Dominion		1000	15.80	500	16.00
500	16.20	500	16.30	1000	16.40
†2000	16.30	1000	16.40	500	16.50
500	16.60				
Java Consolidated				14000	6.75
†4000	6.80	2000	6.90		
Kota		6000	7.85	2000	*7.85
†3000	7.85	1000	7.80	2000	*7.80
1000	7.85	2000	7.90	1000	*7.90
Kroewoek		2000	3.95 1/2	2000	3.95
5000	3.92 1/2	3000	3.90	1000	3.92 1/2
1000	3.90	2000	3.95	1000	*3.95
1600	3.92 1/2	1000	3.95	1000	3.92 1/2
1000	3.95	1000	3.95	8000	3.92 1/2
1000	3.95	3000	3.92 1/2	5000	3.90
†4000	3.92 1/2	8000	3.95	2000	*3.95
1000	3.97 1/2	2000	3.95	1000	3.97 1/2
1000	*3.97 1/2	1000	*4.00	1000	3.97 1/2
Langkat		300	31.50	300	31.75
400	*31.75	300	31.50	200	*31.50
200	31.25	200	*31.50	500	31.25
2400	31.50	100	*31.75	900	31.50
200	31.00	500	31.25		
†4000	31.00	200	31.25	2200	31.50
100	31.25	200	31.75	300	32.00
100	*32.00	100	31.75	400	32.00
300	*32.00	500	32.00		
Padang		1600	4.25	6000	4.40
2000	*4.40	1000	*4.45		
†2000	4.45				
Repah		4000	2.25	5000	2.30
2000	2.32 1/2	3000	2.30	2000	2.32 1/2
9000	2.30	1000	*2.30	1000	2.32 1/2
2000	2.30				
†1000	*2.32 1/2	10000	2.32 1/2		
Rubber Trust		500	*12.60	500	12.70
1000	12.60	1000	13.00	500	12.80
600	*12.80	1000	13.00	1000	12.90
500	13.00	3000	12.90		
†500	*12.90	3500	13.00	1000	13.20
1000	13.10	1000	18.20		
Samagaga		16000	3.00	1000	2.97 1/2
†1000	2.95				
Semambu		3000	2.60	2000	2.62 1/2
2000	2.60				
†1000	2.60	2000	2.62 1/2	5000	2.60
Senawang		1000	3.15	2000	3.20
7000	3.15	4000	3.17 1/2	1000	*3.17 1/2
3000	3.20	1000	3.17 1/2		
†1000	3.20	2000	3.17 1/2	12000	3.20
				1000	15.50
Kedah					
†1000	15.70				
Kelantan		7000	1.64	6000	*1.64
6000	1.62	1000	1.64		
†4000	1.64	1000	*1.64	1000	*1.62
5000	1.62	2000	1.60	2000	1.62
Pahang		7000	8.25	1000	8.30
†2000	8.35				
Sumatra		200	35.50	200	36.00
1000	*36.00				
†100	36.50	200	36.00	100	36.50
				3000	4.00
Sua Manggis					
†2000	4.00				
Sungala		500	11.50	1000	11.70
500	11.60	1000	11.70	500	*11.70
†1000	12.00	2000	12.10		
Sungei Duri				100	77.00
†400	78.00				
Tanah Merah		1000	5.50	9000	5.40
2000	5.45	2000	5.50	2000	*5.50
†1000	5.50	1000	5.60		
Tebong		1000	2.50	10000	2.52 1/2
1000	*2.55	1000	2.52 1/2	4000	*2.52 1/2
11000	2.55	1000	2.57 1/2	1000	2.55
1000	2.52 1/2	2000	2.55	4000	2.52 1/2
16000	2.55	2000	*2.55		
†8000	2.55	5000	2.57 1/2	1000	*2.57 1/2
1000	2.55	2000	2.57 1/2	1000	2.55
2000	2.57 1/2				
Ziangbe		200	36.50	300	36.75
800	35.50	100	*36.50		
†700	36.50	300	36.75	700	36.50
Caldback Macgregor				500	20.00
S. W. W. "C"				700	36.50
Cathay Land				†3000	5.10
S'hai Dock				†100	320.00
S. & H. Wharf				†25	335.00
Alma				†100	52.00
Permata				†2000	2.35
Seremban	†1000	4.45		1000	4.35
Anglo Dutch	†200	25.75		200	26.00
100	25.75				

ODD LOTS

Padang		500	4.35	500	4.35
Consilidated		100	11.90	150	12.00
Exploration		250	12.00	234	12.00
100	12.00	100	12.00		
S'hai Land		100	18.50	250	18.00
†200	18.30				
Repah				500	2.25
Int. Assurance		200	14.60	200	14.60
100	14.90	100	14.90	100	18.60
200	18.50	100	18.50		
Bute				100	*12.50
China Realty		319	*9.90	200	9.90
279	9.90	88	9.90		
†766	9.90	53	10.00	436	10.00
77	10.00	4	10.20	437	10.00
Yangtsze Finance				100	16.30
Kota				500	7.75
†36	7.80				
Sungala				52	11.20
Dominion				100	16.00
Pahang				200	8.30
Tebong		500	2.50	500	2.50
New Eng. (Ord)				43	29.00
Anglo Dutch				25	24.75
Bakerite				50	22.50
Tram (Bearer)	£1			50	47.25
†10	47.50	50	47.50		
China Finance				500	2.27 1/2
†500	2.07 1/2				
Power (Pref)				†4	130.25
Alma				†15	15.50
Anglo Java				†50	50.25
S'hai Loan				†500	20.50

*—Direct Business.
†—Afternoon Business.

Commodities Ease On British Market

All Free Prices Drop More As Heavy Offerings of Tin Are Reported

London, Dec. 30.

European commodities ended the year in quiet fashion. All free British prices reacted further this week, especially tin, which was offered heavily by a group of pro-restrictionists, says Henry Heyman in the "New York Times."

The Eastern tin market now is better supplied and gives the United States an opportunity to increase its reserves. Producers of tin still meet difficulties in making use of their high quotas, so that a rally in the metal is expected early in the new year, when consumption usually shows a seasonal increase.

Prices Narrow

The belief is growing that the extra United States commodities boom of the early war period now has exhausted itself and that price movements will be narrower. Supplies generally are adequate and consumers' stocks have been raised, and although consumption is high and transport difficulties are substantial, a new and stable boom will require new stimuli. These can come from further deteriorations in shipping or extension of war operations. None of these moves is at present discernible.

The British Government has announced its intention to introduce sugar and meat rationing shortly. This step will affect the international sugar market. The sugar ration, which will be twelve ounces a week, or half the normal consumption, is not owing to a shortage, but a desire to restrict imports from non-Empire countries.

U. K. Sugar

The current United Kingdom crop is 475,000 tons and 1,125,000 tons more have been bought by the British Government from the British Empire. As British re-export trade virtually has stopped, annual British requirements will not much exceed 1,750,000 tons, Cuba, Santo Domingo, Java and Peru will be the chief sufferers. They supplied together more than 1,100,000 tons to the United Kingdom last year.

In the last war the high British requirements caused a unique expansion in cane production, which completely upset the structure of the world sugar market. This time no similar changes are likely.

Piecegoods

The new year probably will see a slow but steady revival in British cotton goods exports, which suffered heavily in the first months of the war. The British Government shortly will fix maximum prices for certain coarser cotton yarns. Moreover, a small levy on raw cotton is expected, from which market research, foreign publicity, etc., are to be financed. The government will contribute toward the cost of these services. Rising exports will raise Britain's cotton requirements and further steady imports from the United States, although the flow of outside growths to the United Kingdom is improving.

The British silver price slumped last week, owing to difficulties of Bombay speculators. A slight rally is expected in London, as Indian up-country sales are satisfactory. According to London views, however, Indian purchases in the United States will be negligible.

This week concludes a period of outstanding importance for the extra United States commodity trade. On the production side enormous progress had been achieved owing to technical improvements and the development of rich producing areas.

Neutrals' "Enemy Cargoes"

Under Allied Two-way Blockade; Practices of Last War Revived to Meet New Menace

ON December 5, the embargo which Britain laid on carriage by neutral ships of goods of German origin came into force. Mr. Churchill said of it, on December 6, "This measure was taken in the late war.....No serious inconvenience need be caused to neutrals. They have only to avoid carrying tainted goods in their ships." Some of the effects of a "two-way blockade" are described below, says E. B. Powley, late R.N., in the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

In many quarters one hears the comment, "What with magnetic mines, England's retaliation and the protests of neutrals, the naval war is taking on a new aspect." New, perhaps, but not wholly novel.

In 1914 Germany sowed mine fields in the high seas immediately the Great War broke out. England, in October, replied; but, unlike Germany, she gave the neutrals instructions how to avoid the danger areas. In the same way the French dealt with the Adriatic.

By November it was established that the enemy, using vessels under neutral flags, had: "scattered mines indiscriminately on the open sea on the main trade route from America to Liverpool via the North of Ireland."

1907 Rulings Accepted

Simultaneously, England so extended her North Sea fields that she deemed it best to declare (a device not original but copied from Japanese practice in 1904) the North Sea a "military area" in which merchant shipping of all kinds, traders of all countries, fishing craft and all other vessels would be exposed to the gravest danger.

Extreme solicitude was shown for the safeguarding of neutral mariners against the misfortune of fouling British mines; lanes of movement through the obstructions were always willingly indicated.

In 1907, by the 8th Hague Convention, the chief Naval Powers had attempted to deal with the vexed question of employing submarine mines. Those who framed the agreement had pictured mines as of one automatic contact type and either unanchored or anchored. They had declared that none of the unanchored kind might be sown, unless devised to become harmless an hour after casting adrift, and none of the anchored variety which would not become innocuous to all shipping immediately on accidentally breaking loose. The legislators had decided also that a belligerent would always be bound, upon laying a mine field, to inform neutrals.

Praise for Fishermen

It cannot be maintained that England disregarded or Germany respected the spirit of the agreement. Technically, the Convention held good, in the first instance, for only seven years from the date of signing; and it might, on a quibble, have been considered lapsed. Unasked, however, Germany, on the first day of the war, both announced her intention of observing the Convention and issued, as her own Admiralty documents prove, secret orders to the opposite effect.

Anyone who had read the concluding speech which Baron von Bieberstein, the German plenipotentiary, made at the Hague conference might have prophesied that Germany would, when next engaged in war, scatter, "in those higher interests of the State" to which the baron referred, "long-life," unanchored, contact mines in the world's fairways. Kipling, in verse, Corbett, in the workaday prose of the "Admiralty History of the War" (II, 48) have praised the fishermen who swept clear the deeps and shallows:

We have been taught to be proud of how, in days gone by, the sea spirit of the nation answered the call in the hour of danger; but never in all our long story had there been such an answering as this.

In a footnote Corbett reminds us of the retired high flag officers who were proud to volunteer for dangerous duty again, with the trawlers, taking whatever lesser rank in the R.N.R. the Admiralty cared to grant them.

Before the war ended German mines had sunk over 1,000,000 tons of Allied and neutral shipping; there is no single known case of injury to any neutral ship from a British mine.

Not Quite a Blockade

Though neutrals jibbed at mine-laying and military areas, it was not till Germany, in February, 1911, declared the North Sea a war zone in which it would sink at sight by submarine any Allied ship, and gave no promise to spare others south of the Shetlands or out of the east side of the "German Ocean," that a real reprisal from England seriously fluttered the neutral world.

The Grand Fleet was maintaining command of the sea by strategic blockade which pinned the enemy High Seas Fleet to Kiel, and was exercising that command for both military and trade purposes.

It was eliminating German merchantmen and protecting our own; it was searching for contraband in every suspect ship that nosed into the chops of the Channel or stormy Scottish waters; but it emphatically was not claiming to maintain a trade blockade against Germany—no port or ports of Germany had been advertised as closed by an investing sea squadron.

Such a declaration, supported by adequate force, alone could have made de jure an orthodox trade blockade and rendered liable to total condemnation any ship attempting to go into or emerge from one of the blockaded harbours.

The Navy might, and did, apply trade blockade to German East Africa, the Cameroons, Asia Minor, and, later, Bulgaria; but, in any hitherto accepted sense, Germany was not then being subjected to it.

After the 1917 Threat

The famous "First Order in Council" of March 11, 1915, recited German abuses and, definitely retaliatory in principle, pronounced, in effect, that all goods of enemy origin would, for the period of the war, be liable to sequestration, though not to confiscation, as would have been the case in a true blockade. The Order did not mention the term blockade; nor did its counterpart, the French decree. Yet to the American Ambassador, Sir Edward Grey ventured to assert that: "The British Fleet has established a blockade, effectively controlling by cruiser-cordon all passage to and from Germany by sea."

America was most vigorous of the protesting neutrals. But German frightfulness increased, till, at last, on Feb. 1, 1917, the world was startled with a decision for unrestricted sea warfare, the sinking of all ships using our shores.

Publication of the Third Order in Council, on Feb. 16 (the Second Order in Council of January, 1917, had further defined the term "enemy"), can have caused little surprise. Thereafter it was decreed that

"A vessel.....on her way to or from a port in any neutral country affording access to the enemy territory, without calling at a British or Allied port, shall, until the contrary be established, be deemed to be carrying goods with an enemy destination or enemy origin and shall be brought in for examination and, if necessary, adjudication before a Prize Court."

Since, under the wide definition which contraband had assumed, practically nothing was thenceforth allowed into Germany, either by direct or devious neutral voyage, and, equally, nothing was allowed out under the new Orders in Council, and since, moreover, both contraband and outgoing goods were being similarly treated (i.e., condemned) the analogy to blockade was much closer than when Grey so loosely used the expression.

It was that newer form of blockade, answering to German threats, that brought Germany to her knees. America herself came to the Allied side, proclaimed her "military areas" in the New World, helped to lay the mine barrage from the Orkneys to Norway, and was not less assiduous in applying the two-way grip on German trade.

Duties of a Neutral

When the case of the Stigstad, a Norwegian vessel intercepted in 1915 for conveying iron briquettes to Rotterdam for reshipment in Rhine barges to Germany, went on appeal to the Privy Council, Lord Summer reminded the court of the words of the famous Lord Stowell:

"Neutrals whose principles or policy lead them to refrain from punitory or repressive actions of their own may well be called on to bear a passive part in the necessary suppresion of course which are fatal to the freedom of all who use the seas" (Pitt Cobbett's Leading Cases.....II., 643).

In the case of the Leonora, a Dutch ship chartered in 1917 by a Swedish agency to fetch Belgian coal produced under German orders and sold for cash to a Swedish company to transfer elsewhere, Sir Samuel Evans, President of the British Prize Court, wisely said:

"Neutrals are apt to assert their so-called 'rights' in times of war and to forget their corresponding 'obligations.' They proclaim vociferously their losses, but they do not speak loudly of their gains. Over and over again evidence has been given before me in this court of large, may huge, profits made by merchants of Holland and Scandinav

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HIE MARU ..... Feb. 24

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via Los Angeles and Panama
AZUMA MARU ..... Mar. 13

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via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
SUWA MARU ..... Feb. 23
ATUTA MARU ..... Mar. 18

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ASAMA MARU ..... Feb. 11

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GENOA MARU ..... Feb. 23

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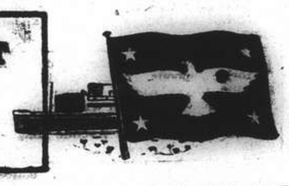

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PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 12	PRES. COOLIDGE	May 7

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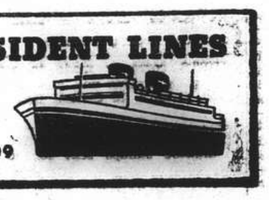

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On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedute the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GENOA

C. B'camano	26/1	22/2
Marin Sanudo	29/12	15/3

From TRIESTE

Himalaya	21/12	10/2
Monte Piana	20/1	9/3

From SINGAPORE

Himalaya	23/1	10/2

From SOERABAYA

Tjisadane	2/2	19/2

From MANILA

P. Taft	—	10/2
P. Cleveland	5/2	11/2

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

Mokihana	—	14/2
Sophocles	24/12	14/2
Ivaran	—	17/2
Sorholt	30/12	21/2
Laura Maersk	10/1	22/2
N. Maersk	24/1	11/3
S. Navigator	—	12/3

From PANAMA

N. Maersk	4/2	11/2

From LOS ANGELES

Asama M.	1/1	10/2
Sophocles	16/1	14/2
Sorholt	18/1	21/2
L. Maersk	31/1	22/2
Tatuta M.	15/1	24/2
P. Coolidge	5/2	27/2

From SEATTLE

Collingsworth	13/1	8/2
Satartia	—	22/2

From PORTLAND

Agra	—	7/2
Canton	27/1	4/3

From HONOLULU

Tatuta M.	23/1	24/2

From YOKOHAMA

Asama M.	6/2	10/2

From KOBE

Taiyo M.	6/2	8/2

From NAGASAKI

Shanghai M.	6/2	9/2

From KEELUNG

Hukuken Maru	8/2	10/2

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN

Ruys	17/1	24/2

From MOMBASA

Ruys	4/2	24/2

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Tsingtao M.	5/2	7/2

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VESSELS SAILING

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For LIVERPOOL
Hakozaki Maru 7/2
Husimi Maru 1/3

For OSLO
Tai Ping Yang 14/2

For GENOA
C. B'camano 24/2
Marin Sanudo 18/3

For TRIESTE
Himalaya 13/2
Monte Piana 12/3

For BOMBAY
Tango Maru 7/2
Lima Maru 24/2

For CAPETOWN
Ruys 26/2

For JAVA
Tjitjalengka 8/2

For SINGAPORE
Genoa Maru 23/2

For HONGKONG
Asama Maru 11/2
Tatuta Maru 25/2

For MANILA
Sophocles 15/2
P. Garfield 19/2
Laura Maersk 26/2
P. Coolidge 28/2
N. Maersk 13/3
Sophocles 15/2

For NEW YORK
Kansai Maru 7/2
Lexa Maersk 18/2
Ivaran 19/2
Torrens 21/2
A. Maersk 2/3
Sophocles 12/3
Azuma Maru 13/3

For SAN FRANCISCO
Agra 11/2
P. Taft 11/2
P. Cleveland 15/2
Asama Maru 17/2
P. Pierce 27/2
Tatuta Maru 2/3
Canton 8/3
P. Coolidge 12/3

For SEATTLE
Collingworth 10/2
Satartia 24/2

For YOKOHAMA
Haruna Maru 24/2

For KOBE
Taiyo Maru 11/2
Kasima Maru 17/2
Taiyo Maru 21/2

For NAGASAKI
Shanghai Maru 6/2
Shanghai Maru 10/2

For DAIREN
Hoten Maru 6/2
Tsingtao Maru 9/2
Dairen Maru 12/2
Hoten Maru 15/2
Tsingtao Maru 16/2
Dairen Maru 20/2

VESSELS DISCHARGING

CINGALESE PRINCE. The m.v. Cingalese Prince, from New York and Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War), at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf, Hongkew. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their cargo, (Consignees of "Bulk Cargo, will further be required to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed). All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fourteen days from date of vessel's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risk of Fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of cargo. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Old Ningpo Wharf on February 13, at 9 a.m., when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents. 9/2

IXION. From Vancouver arrived on Feb. 5, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on February 14, 1940. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Monday, February 12, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 9-2

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Tuesday, February 6, 1940 (29th day of 12th moon)

	SICCAWEI Feb. 4 10.00–21.10		Feb. 5 4.00– 9.00	
Barometer inches	30.34	30.37	30.26	30.21
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.06	—0.07	—0.18	—0.23
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.10	—0.07	—0.08	—0.16
Wind (direction)	NE	ENE	ENE	ENE
„ (miles per hour)	8.1	11.8	9.9	15.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	36.9	35.2	37.76	39.2
Humidity %	77	96	100	98
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	0.04	0.26	0.36

Siccawei Abridged Report February 4	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.40	—0.03	30.30
Temp. Min. 29.3 Max. 39.2	22.7	—5.9	37.9
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	3.17	0.18	2.29

Time and Tide	6/2	7/2	8/2	9/2	10/2
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.44	6.43	6.42	6.42	6.41
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.32	17.33	17.34	17.35	17.36
Moon rises at Shanghai	4.55	5.37	6.16	6.52	7.26
Moon sets at Shanghai	15.52	16.45	17.39	18.32	19.24
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	9.38	10.20	11.00	11.32	11.48
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	14.25	15.10	15.50	16.28	16.45
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	11.30	12.10	12.37	13.09	13.51
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	—	7.50	7.79	8.30	8.90

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

		Reg.	*Ord.*
TUESDAY, February 6.			
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen		*20.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia		*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton		*20.00	8.00
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	x	9.30	10.00
Chefoo and Tientsin		10.00	10.30
Keelung Aust N.Z. Indo-China S.S. India Suez and Europe via Suez	A	14.00	16.00
Hongkong		15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, February 7.			
Hongkong		*20.00	8.00
Chefoo and Tientsin		11.30	12.00
Hongkong		11.30	12.00
Nantung	x	14.30	15.00
Indo-China (Z) via Haiphong	B	—	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, February 8.			
Hongkong		*20.00	8.30
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin		8.30	9.00
Foochow via Santuao	x	9.30	10.00
Hongkong		9.30	10.00
Amoy and Hongkong		9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila Java Ports	C	10.00	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton		10.30	11.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for France and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 6th.
B Parcel mail for Inda-China, closes at 16.00 on 7th.
C Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 7th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on February 8, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due London on February 21.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on February 10, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on February 20.

Air France per steamer on February 10, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00, at Yunnan Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungahan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chengtsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe via Siberia are despatched on every Tuesday and Friday per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Suez, Feb. 6, due L'don Mar. 13.
Per steamer via Pacific, Feb. 10, due L'don Mar. 15.
Per steamer via Suez, Feb. 14, due L'don Mar. 17.

Going Home?

Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*, Including postage $18 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11055 (Circulation).

P. & O. B. I. E. & A.

WE HAVE A PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SAILING MID-FEBRUARY FOR CALCUTTA

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AND A PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SAILING FOR JAPAN PORTS SHORTLY.

For particulars apply to the agents:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

27 The Bund Telephone 11428

East Asiatic Co. Ltd.
of Copenhagen

Next arrival from Scandinavia and Continental ports

Due Shanghai middle of February, 1940

Further particulars of arrivals and departures on application

Agency of

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
Anwoo	Tsenkong	Dah Hsing
Tainan M.	Dairen	T.K.K.
Taiko M. 8	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Kondor	Sungmen	Reuter B.
Tjitjalengka	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Durham M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Avemaria	T'lungkong	Chu Foong
Milazzo	Wenchow	Shang Mi
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Chinghing M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Gran	Port Redon	Wallem
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Ondo M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Chekjang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Hwaping	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Hungyun M.	T'lungkong	Chu Foong
Elbhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Hanina	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Sandro Sandri	T'lungkong	Chu Foong
Lipari	T'lungkong	Don Shing

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Jun M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Taiko M. 18	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nantung M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Konsan M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Livatho	Gre.	Hunt.S.S.
Tyvsa M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Mejnan	Am.	S.V.O.C.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berthed*
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Pran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	It.	Gbt.	J.N.B.
Lepanto	It.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	*Departure*
ss. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 4	Feb. 6 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Feb. 7	Feb. 9 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 10	Feb. 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 13	Feb. 15 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Feb. 15	Feb. 20 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 18	Feb. 20 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)

ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Feb. 10

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA

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Modern, fast vessels with up-to-date passenger accommodation, spacious promenade and sports decks, swimming pool, etc.
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ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	February 26, 1940
	From Hongkong	March, 7, 1940
ms. BOISSEVAIN	From Shanghai	Mar. 25, 1940
	From Hongkong	April 4, 1940

SPACE FOR REFRIGERATOR CARGO AND VEGETABLE OIL IN BULK AVAILABLE

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Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai, N.V.

133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

Southern Kwangsi Counter-Attacks

Chinese Action Endeavour To Turn Flank; Japanese Claim Pincer Movement

Chungking, Feb. 5.

Chinese forces in southern Kwangsi are launching counter-attacks in an effort to turn back the Japanese drive from manning, according to a despatch received from Chinese sources here. In an endeavour to turn the Japanese right flank, Chinese forces southeast of Pingyang are stated to be exerting pressure on a Japanese column which crossed the Yu River and was pushing northward from Yungshun.

Chinese field despatches have claimed that Yungshun, on the south bank of the Yu River east of Nanning, has been recaptured. Kangtang, southeast of Pingyang is also said to have been recaptured.

The Japanese column which reached Pingyang, is now said to have been driven back by the Chinese to a point in the vicinity of Lungyu, south of Pingyang. Fighting is reported to be in progress along the highway between Nanning and Yamchow, where the Chinese forces claim that the town of Lapeh on the highway has been recaptured.—Reuter.

Seek to Encircle 240,000 Chinese

Canton, Feb. 5.

Japanese detachments today were engaged in a widespread enveloping operation in an effort to trap 35 Chinese divisions comprising more than 240,000 troops of Central and provincial armies northeast of Nanning. Japanese forces extended their field of operations following successful engagements against eight divisions numbering about 60,000 men massed in the areas southwest of Pingyang in southern Kwangsi. Kunlunkwan, northeast of Nanning, was taken by the Japanese on Saturday. A large Chinese army made desperate attempts to defend Kunlunkwan because of its strategic importance.

Kunlunkwan was captured by the Japanese after strategic maneuver designed to draw the attention of Chinese Commanders to a certain sector and cause them to leave others lightly defended, while several Japanese detachments surrounded the city.

Deploying in a manner which deceived the Chinese into thing that a major battle was impending in one sector, a Japanese unit waited until the other detachments were in position, then opened fire. Attacked from all sides, the Chinese commanders, although they had a large number of men in the line, found themselves outmaneuvered and were forced to give ground.—Domei.

Japanese Claim Big Victory

Japanese troops achieved a smashing victory in southeastern Kwangsi with ten Chinese divisions "definitely known" to be trapped within a fast narrowing Japanese cordon southeast of Pingyang a Japanese Army Spokesman asserted yesterday.

Displaying a map showing directions of the Japanese advance, the spokesman revealed that a double Japanese line had been thrown between Pingyang and Wingshun for blocking the Chinese retreat eastward.

Substantial portions of ten other Chinese divisions possibly will be within the encirclement, the spokesman stated.

Sustaining a heavy material and spiritual blow by Nanning's loss, the spokesman recalled, Gen. Chiang Kai-shek massed over 20 divisions with tanks and aircraft in southeast Kwangsi in mid-December for the purpose of recapturing the lost city.

Chinese Fighter Shot Down

A Japanese Naval Air Base, Feb. 5.

One Chinese combat plane was shot down by Japanese naval bombers as several Chinese fighters challenged an attack formation headed for the Yunnan railway on Saturday, a communiqué issued by the Japanese South China Fleet announced today.

The Japanese bombers, the announcement said, successfully attacked a bridge and adjacent sections of the railway tracks. The raid was carried out in spite of strong headwinds and dense clouds which made flying difficult, the communique stated. All Japanese machines returned to their base, it was added.—Domei.

West Suiyuan Front

Chungking, Feb. 5.

Heavy fighting is taking place in West Suiyuan, province, following the Japanese advance westward, according to Chinese information which reached here today.

Japanese forces are also said to be advancing southward towards Wuyuan, in western Suiyuan, and the towns of Hochu, Paoteh, Shenmu and Fuku in northwest Shansi, on the west bank of the Yellow River.

Chinese forces are stated to be evacuating populace and supplies before the Japanese advance, while at the same time striking at the rear flanks of the Japanese Army.—Reuter.

Japanese Units Enter Linho

Paotow, Feb. 5.

A Japanese vanguard entered the walled town of Linho, 100 km. southwest of Wuyuan, in western Suiyuan, at 5 p.m. yesterday, according to dispatches received here today.

Other Japanese units were reported to be following in the vanguard's tracks and were chasing Chinese remnants northwest-ward. Japanese units Saturday captured Wuyuan, a major Chinese base in western Suiyuan, and continued the drive southwestward.—Domei.

OBITUARY

Lieut.-Col. E. D. Brown

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 5.

Lieut.-Col. Edward Douglas Brown, D.S.O., died to day at the age of 64 years.

Entering the Army in 1898 he served for many years in the Army Veterinary Corps. He saw service in South Africa and won the Queen's medal, three clasps, and the King's medal, two clasps. He also served through the European War, gaining the D.S.O., and being mentioned twice in despatches.—Reuter.

A MOTION picture based on a popular song that is sweeping the country, "Pet Horse March," will be produced by the Ministry of War, it was announced yesterday. A party of commicameramen will leave for China soon to film scenes on the mainland. A number of military units, including horses, will appear in the picture. The film will be titled, "Pray at Dawn," the Ministry of War has decided

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

REQUIRED by foreign firm a Chinese clerical assistant. Essential quick in figures and knowledge of bookkeeping and English. State age, salary and previous position. Address Box 1074, NCDN. "2183

WANTED by foreign firm experienced Chinese correspondent and translator with perfect knowledge of English. State age, previous position and salary. Address Box 1075, NCDN. "2183

NURSE-companion. Wanted reliable and cheerful person to supervise two English school-girls and assist in household duties. No refugees desired. Address stating age and nationality Box 1070, NCDN. "2176

WANTED, Eurasian or Chinese nurse for two girls, 12 and 10 years. Recent references essential. Box 1071, NCDN. "2176

WANTED a Chinese compradore having influential relations with makers of cotton, silk, hardware, sundries, paints and dyestuffs, knowledge of English essential. Permanent and responsible job for the right person. Apply with testimonials to Messrs. Abdoolally Ebrahim & Co., 671 North Szechuen Road. "2168

CAN any one recommend experienced foreign nurse, capable of taking charge of children? Particulars to Box 1056, NCDN. 10676

WANTED foreign nurse, must be capable of taking complete charge of children. State particulars of experience and salary required to Box 1057, NCDN. 10678

WANTED by night-club: absolutely first-class musicians and entertainers, singers. Address Box 1034, NCDN. 10652

VACANCIES exist in The Shanghai Business College for students to be trained in Pitman's shorthand, touch typewriting, commercial correspondence, conversation, bookkeeping and accountancy. Successes without parallel. Many qualified have been placed in suitable progressive positions. Call or write for particulars. 320 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17733. 10478

A nine months correspondence course in bookkeeping is more effective than several years of class tuition. Elementary and advanced courses. Easy payments in Shanghai dollars. Text books free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, telephone 14967. Principal J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). "1978

Business Opportunities

CAPITALIST prepared finance serious business propositions. Reply Box 1078, NCDN. "2185

FIRST-CLASS night-club for quick sale. $7,000 cash. Inside Settlement. Owner leaving Shanghai. Box 1080, NCDN. "2167

MANUFACTURERS exporters requiring representation sales British Malaya, Java, Siam, can interview principal here. Write Box 1051, NCDN. "2136

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure, Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 10391

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, perfect knowledge English, typing, shipping, import, export. Now in employment, seeks position with better prospects. Address Box 955, NCDN. "1962

POLISH girl, capable milliner, speaking well Russian and fairly good French and English, seeks occupation. Any terms. Telephone 76117, room 7. "1948

TRUSTWORTHY and capable European merchant seeks suitable position. Well experienced in every branch of business (specialised in stationery). Salary no object, providing prospects good. Box 953, NCDN. "1957

Educational

TEACHER wanted by gentleman studying violin. State terms, method, qualifications. Box 1066, NCDN. "2165

ENGLISH teacher wanted, pure British or American, experienced in conducting conversation class, Monday to Friday at 7-9 p.m. Applicants interview with M. K. Wang, Room 524 Continental Building, Nanking Road, from 3-7 p.m. to-day. "2170

POLISH girl, talented pianist, gives piano lessons to children or young ladies, at pupil's home. Moderate terms. Telephone 76117, room 7. "1946

GERMAN and French private lessons, conversation and grammar given by highly experienced gentleman-teacher. Easy method. Exceptional references. Twice weekly. $15 per month. Apply from 8-9 a.m. or by letter, 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. "131

Personal

LADY, brunette, 34, wishes to meet elderly English gentleman, for companionship. Address Box 1073, NCDN. "2178

FOREIGN gentleman, 28, sound financial conditions, wishes acquaintance lady, view matrimony. Replies Box 1079, NCDN. "2186

LING Albert. Sorry, letter delayed. Will write you fully. Kindly give address or telephone number. "2140

WHICH noble-minded person would help my brother, 36 years old, stateless, (compelled to leave Germany immediately), to come to Shanghai by granting him an employment contract? Box 1064, NCDN. "2157

LADY, 40, independent, alone, of neat appearance, fond of home life, good music, lonely, wishes to meet middle-aged independent, distinguished, culturd European gentleman. Though I am Russian am not a gold-digger, neither care for gigolos. Address Box 992, NCDN. "2060

Miscellaneous

WANTED use of piano in exchange for safe-keeping or would pay small rental. Telephone 70233 between 9 and 12 mornings. 10654

ALL kinds of upholstery made and repaired. Best European workmanship. At Home, 261 Yu Yuen Road, near St. George's, behind the gasolene station. Telephone 44014. "1924

CUT this out! Subscribe to our Magazine Library. We deliver anywhere American and British Magazines 14 per month, latest issue or 2nd circulation at moderate fees. Telephone 14640 First Shanghai Reading Circle, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. "1334

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ON sale empty wooden casks ex wine, capacity 300 litres. Please address Box 1060, NCDN. "2181

STAMPS, very old and extremely rare collection of postage stamps, single or in sets, mint and used, of China, Siam, British Colonies, foreign P. O. in China, German Colonies and U.S.A., etc. Telephone 30238 for appointments. No dealers. "2179

YOU will find the best in crystalware, porcelain and other gifts. 726 East Seward Road, Emigrants Sales. "2180

FOR SALE, cheap, one Edison dictaphone, complete, in perfect condition. Secondhand. Address Box 1076, NCDN. 10676

FELT cloth, European made, first-class quality, assorted colours, suitable for artificial flowers. Post Office Box 216. "2129

TABLE linen with/without napkins, excellent European pure linen, bedding, European quality quilts, for sale. Box 1067, NCDN. "2166

SPLENDID tea-set, flower design, 18 persons; beautiful small cups, Baccarat crystalware (liqueur, wine, cocktail, ice-cream sets). 181 Avenue Dubail, Apartment 2. "2147

TWO large-size crocodile skins, beautiful specimens, US$60 each. For appointment, please telephone 21220. "2124

FILMO 8 mm. practically new, complete with telolens, two filters and leather case. Cost US$220. What offer? Address Box 1050, NCDN. "2135

COLLECTION of famous antique miniatures, 24 crystal cups with saucers (punch), old Meissen porcelain. Dr. Weiss, 150 Tifeng Road, house 15, flat 2, telephone 23786. "2139

FIRST-class vacuum cleaner, 220 volt, $90. Weihmann, 2 Nanking Road, Sassoon House, room 248. "2150

PYJAMAS made to measure. Flannel $9.50. Smart English material from $16.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10579

STOCKINGS: selected new stock in beautiful shades, exceptionally strong. Hats, dresses ready made, at wholesale prices. Orders taken. Room 41C, 3rd floor, Central Arcade. "1912

BARGAIN, real silver cutlery, crystalware, porcelain, bronzes, Blaupunkt radio, oil-paintings, Protos, vacuum-cleaner etc. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, room 6. Telephone 61114. "1349

"FOR YOU" the quality goods store. 1017 Avenue Joffre. Beautiful sweaters and costumes, belts, collars and flowers to match. Suede and leather gloves, imported ladies Jersey underwear. Warm Pyjamas, night gowns. Novelties of the latest designs. Orders taken. "1976

PERSIAN carpet, new, 9 x 10 ft., camera, old porcelain, big and small; oil paintings for sale at lowest prices. Alfred Wahringer, 599 Route Frelupt. "2100

UNDERWOOD portable typewriter for sale, privately. First-class condition, $350. No dealers. Address Box 1029, NCDN. "2084

FOR SALE, complete suites; drawing-room, dining-room, bedroom and nursery. Address Box 1043, NCDN. 10649

TWO "Savage" rifles in first-class condition, one with telescopic sight. Also 2,000 rounds M.300 S.P. 180 G.R. ammunition for above. For price and full particulars, address Box 512, NCDN. 10644

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE: Canadian silver-fox, absolutely new. Apply 129/7 Avenue Haig. "2090

BARGAIN in silver plated knives and forks, spoons, rugs; writing set, genuine onyx; Kodak Retina; cinema with projector, vacuum cleaner, heating pad, 220 volt, new. Also other bargains. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. "2097

DINNER-SETS $48 upwards, coffee-sets, $35 upwards. Nice and useful crystalware, dishes, plates, glasses, vases, etc. Attractive porcelain figures, fruit-sets, etc., at lowest prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. "2097

MEN'S fancy handkerchiefs, $1.25. mahjongg cloths, $1.85; silk slips, $2.75; children's aprons, $1.10. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10605

OLD French porcelain figure, 180 years old, miniatures, pretty cups, silver cutlery, etc. Antique and modern oil paintings, really fit to enhance the artistic atmosphere of your home. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501, Telephone 87801. "1915

KOREAN apples arriving weekly from Chinnampo, first-grade $11.50 and second-grade $9 per case of 33 lb. net. Sample-box containing 18 apples $3. Obtainable at Peninsula Trading Company, authorized dealer in China, 705 Liza Building, telephone 13350 and/or 1007 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 31649. "1812

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. We pay best price for furniture, carpets, pianos, refrigerators and household effects. Telephone 73937. 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. "808

SHIRTS correctly made to measure. English poplins and pure silk from $14.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10580

STAMPS for sale, latest price-list of Chinese stamps sent for 10 cents. Inspection welcome. Chen Kee Stamp Service. 397 Szechuen Road. "1801

SHIRTS made to measure. Superior "double-thread" broadcloth $15.50, "Tootal" $24. "Clydella" Wool $35. Razon's, Central Road. 10581

For Sale—Miscellaneous

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360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Sœurs, Massage, from 2 to 8. "2130

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. "2066

MASSAGE, manicure, pedicure, 9 Central Arcade, upstairs, Corner Szechuen Road, entrance from Ezra Road. Telephone 11984. "2044

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 10620

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9, 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. "400

Radios

RADIO repairs, every kind, promptly and pleasantly executed. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart, American Radio Equipment Co. Oldest, best-equipped in Shanghai. 10576

PHILLIPS 9 valve all-wave 1939 with band spread. Used about one month, price $1,200 local currency. For short wave there is no better. No dealers. Box 1024, NCDN. "2067

UNIVERSAL Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, Telephone 19225. Repairs all make radios. For sale Philco a.c./d.c., $550, Philco $225; Universal $225; Victor-Combination, $960. 10577

ALL-WAVE radios, repairing or rebuilding. Europe, USA. 100 per cent. Consult Nichols (A. L.) radio specialist, telephone 79213. "1961

AMERICAN and European radios repaired by qualified foreign engineers. Antennas installed. For service telephone 78644, Radio and Electrical Ind., 145 Route Sayzoong. "543

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EXPORTER requires independent office or part in Settlement central locality, prepared take furniture, telephone. Address Box 933, NCDN.

$10,000 maximum for reasonable rent and key-money for unfurnished or furnished house, Concession, completed or under construction. Box 609, NCDN. "1788

TO LET, Ste. Anne Building, 25 Rue du Consulat, office room. Apply 34, third floor. "1780

Motor Cars and Cycles

HILLMAN Wizard 1934 model. Good running order $3,500. Telephone 17482 office hours. "2181

LIFTS in motor-car, two or three times daily for one or three persons. Astrid Apartments/Museum Road. Replies to Box 1049, NCDN. "2131

STUDEBAKER coupe 1935 model, excellent condition throughout. Engine, tyres, duco as new. Free-wheeling, economical to run. Sacrifice US$375. Box 1081, NCDN. "2189

FOR SALE, 1937 Ford, 85 h.p. four-door saloon, excellent condition. Mileage 18,000, US$675. Telephone 70486 before 8.30 a.m. between 1-2 p.m. or after six, or write Box 1062, NCDN. "2191

PLYMOUTH 1937 sedan, 16,000 miles, first-class condition. Address Box 1062, NCDN. "2188

FIAT 1938, Model 508/C, 12,500 km., as new, US$700 or nearest offer. Address Box 1061, NCDN. "2152

WANTED, small or medium-size car, must be reasonable in gasoline. Box 1038, NCDN. "2106

FOR SALE, Buick four-door sedan, two spare wheels, excellent condition, American owner driven. Leaving unexpectedly February 12. Value $3,700. Offers welcome. Box 894, NCDN. "2047

FIAT 1500 Major four-door sedan, six cylinders, 1938 model, only 7,000 kilometers, like new. Low petrol consumption. US$975 or near offer. Telephone 77495 from 9-12 noon. No brokers. "2116

CASH for used cars and trucks. Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. "1884

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 10575

WE buy and sell used cars and trucks, for best prices consult us. Auto Trading Co., 673 Szechuen Road, Telephone 17289-19351. "648

Beauty Culture, etc.

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Rooms with Board

ROOM for bachelor with or without board. 35 Verdun Terrace, telephone 72228. "2148

FLAT 3½ rooms, bathroom, verandah, suitable foreign family. With full board. $800 monthly. February 16. 715 Petain. "2134

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Available large double room, enclosed verandah, garden, garage, good food. Telephone Manageress 75433. "2133

355 Avenue Haig, corner Tifeng Road. Clean, comfortable, large rooms. Special attention to food. Bus stops. Telephone, Mrs. Hedden 71163. "1937

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, excellent food. Telephone 35534, Mrs. Lupton. "1916

COMFORTABLE furnished two rooms, private bath, in apartment. Bubbling Well. All conveniences. Full board. Box 974, NCDN. "2001

LARGE double room, newly painted, facing south. 470/12 Seymour Road. Telephone 30376. "2088

COSGROVE House, 1220/50 Avenue Road. Well-furnished double and single room, private bath, excellent food, large garden. Telephone 31018. "2009

Lost

LOST, Indo-Chine Bank cheque No. 1,-39012 signed in blank by Dr. A. Mandel. Hereby declared null and void. "2154

TO LET, the residence 1192 Avenue Joffre, 13 rooms, three bathrooms, two garages, 2½ mow of garden, immediate occupation. Please apply to Land Office Du Pac de Marsoulies, 25 Rue Chu Pao San. Telephone 82070. 10618

Office Cars

LIFT wanted daily, 7 a.m. Seymour Road-Foch to Yangtszepoo district. Box 1059, NCDN. "2149

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy, secondhand Rollecord and Cine Kodak cameras. Telephone, Abbas, 11829. "2168

WANTED to buy high-power prismatic binocular magnification 8, in perfect condition. Please address Merigeault Post Office Box 1202. "2159

OBOE, wanted to buy secondhand, even broken, for special purpose. Box 1064, NCDN. "2145

WANTED to purchase knitting-machines, plain. Jaquard and Left. Also Bobbin-and-fly-frame, for cash. Box 1020, NCDN. "2061

WANTED to buy, 16 mm. Cine camera, Kodak Special 16 mm. camera or Movietone of German make, in good condition. Please address to Mr. Young, Post Office, Post Office Box 1921. 10636

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, Mr. Corts. "1404

Wanted to Rent

WANTED two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for 6 months or more. No key-money. Telephone 73351, from 9-11 a.m. "2175

WANTED two-roomed steamheated unfurnished flat, French Concession, $1,000 reward (no agencies). Box 1048, NCDN. "2129

WANTED, first-class furnished room without board, Settlement or French Concession. Write to Box 1069, NCDN. "2172

WANTED bed-sitting room with annexed studio, private bathroom, centrally located. Eventually flat. Box 1053, NCDN. "2142

WANTED immediately two/three-roomed apartment, steamheated, hot-water, Concession or Settlement. Write to Box 1063, NCDN. "2156

WANTED to buy or rent one/two-roomed apartment, furnished/unfurnished. Telephone 76916, 9-10 a.m., 1-3 p.m. "2107

WANTED house or apartment by responsible foreigner. Willing take over furniture and pay key-money. Telephone 73679. "2038

WANTED furnished apartment, not later than March, by responsible party. Willing to take furniture over. Telephone 79023. "1940

Chinese Servants

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, housekeepers, telephone operators. "1900

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service, 1272 Avenue Joffre. "1374

Animals

LOST: grey Alsatian answering to "Harras," F.M.C. licence No. 643. Please communicate H. Boysen, office telephone 18344, residence 59 Route Delastre. Reward $50. "2092

PONY insurance is obtainable on moderate terms from Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance), Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 16595. 10678

Houses and Land

WANTED to buy, one to two mow land French Concession, foreign title deed preferred. Reply Box 1072, NCDN. "2177

ARCHITECT owns small lot (Avenue Joffre frontage), has plans for small apartment house and building permit ready. Wants financier/partner to erect building. Box 965, NCDN. 10627

FOR SALE: two 5/6-roomed houses under construction, new compound, Route Culty, Ferguson end. Prices $30,000 and $31,000 with land. Built-in furniture and complete fittings. De Becker Law & Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House, telephone 15633. 10602

Furnished Houses

FOR SALE, five-roomed house, two verandahs, garden; all well-furnished, arcola heating; quiet district French Concession. Rent $300 a month. Price US$750. Box 1068, NCDN. "2167

TO LET, 43 Rue Amiral Courbet, palatial residence, (with another house, 2 storied pavillion, garages, watchmen's quarters in the same compound) central heating, modern sanitation, big, well-laid-out garden. Apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd. 391 Kiangse Road. Telephone 11169. 10568

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398 Route Ferguson; newly built, modern house available immediately. Rental $280 per month. Key-money $2,500. Two years' lease. Box 1063, NCDN. 10622

TO LET, the residence 1192 Avenue Joffre, 13 rooms, three bathrooms, two garages, 2½ mow of garden, immediate occupation. Please apply to Land Office Du Pac de Marsoulies, 25 Rue Chu Pao San. Telephone 82070. 10618

Furnished Apartments

FIRST-CLASS, fully-furnished, two-roomed flat, best situation Avenue Joffre, $300 monthly; servants, light, steamheating, refrigerator, telephone, water, gas, garage included. Preference bachelor. Telephone 74807. "2126

FOUR-ROOMED apartment, best residential district French Concession, furniture to be taken over. Box 1065, NCDN. "2093

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THREE-ROOMED flat with kitchen and bath in detached new house, rent $225. No, key-money. 10-5 p.m., 220 Route Dupleix. "2144

WANTED one two-roomed apartment in the Embankment Building, in exchange for one three-roomed apartment in same building, 6th floor. Address Box 986, NCDN. "2036

NO key-money. Two and three-roomed flats, French Concession, reasonable rent, available March. 2 Peking Road, room 111. "2010

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. "1958

Rooms Without Board

FOR single. Steamheated, modern, furnished room, all conveniences, centre French Concession. Telephone tiffin, dinner time 74065. "2182

ROOM TO LET in Apartment, modern conveniences. Central French Town. Telephone 77419, 6.30 to 8.30 p.m.

TO LET, one single, furnished room, in detached house, steam-heated, for single persons only. 1376 Avenue Joffre, corner Route Sayzoong, telephone 75681. "2164

AVAILABLE for foreign bachelor, well-furnished room in steamheated apartment, central part French Concession. Telephone 81747. "2164

LARGE, well-furnished room, modern apartment, steamheat, southern exposure, from February 15. Call after 10 a.m. 832B Cathay Flats. "2127

FURNISHED room, use of kitchen, at very moderate rent. Route Dupleix. Passage 53, house 14, apartment 2. "2173

FOR quiet, responsible gentleman: beautiful big room, nicely furnished. Centre Concession. All modern conveniences. Telephone 17779 or 83992. "2169

TWO middle-sized rooms, separately. Board optional. 37/101 Brenan Road, beside Jessfield Park, telephone 22767. "2161

STEAMHEATED large well-furnished room in modern apartment. 113 Avenue Apartments (314 Hardoon Road). Telephone 36761. "2158

ROOM with private bath to let. Arcola-heated. Use of kitchen. No refugees. Telephone 72542. "2101

LARGE, well-furnished rooms, in private residence, facing south, arcola heating. 325 Route Frelupt. "2063

TO LET, one large room facing south, telephone 84989. "1889

IN modern apartment, one elegantly furnished room. All conveniences. Board optional. 1821A Avenue Joffre. Apartment 2. "1814

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